

# Ethnologue: Languages of Australia

## Twenty-sixth edition data

David M. Eberhard, Gary F. Simons, and Charles D. Fennig, Editors

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## List of Abbreviations

A	Agent in constituent word order
AIATSIS	Australian Institute of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Studies
<i>alt.</i>	alternate name for
<i>alt. dial.</i>	alternate dialect name for
AOV	Agent-Object-Verb
AUSTLANG	Australian Indigenous Language Database
C	Consonant in canonical syllable patterns
CDE	Convention against Discrimination in Education (1960)
<i>Class</i>	Language classification
CPPDCE	Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions (2005)
<i>dial.</i>	primary dialect name for
ELDP	Endangered Languages Documentation Programme
ICCPR	International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (1966)
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
km	kilometer(s)
L1 / L2	first language / second (or other additional) language
<i>Lg Dev</i>	Language development
<i>Lg Use</i>	Language use
m	meter(s)
OSV	Object-Subject-Verb
OVS	Object-Verb-Subject
P	Patient in constituent word order
PARADISEC	Pacific And Regional Archive for Digital Sources In Endangered Cultures
<i>pej.</i>	pejorative
pl.	plural
S	Subject in constituent word order
sg.	singular
SIL	SIL International
SOV	Subject-Object-Verb
SVO	Subject-Verb-Object
<i>Type</i>	Typological information
UNCRPD	United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (2006)
UNDRIP	United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (2007)
V	Vowel in canonical syllable patterns
VOS	Verb-Object-Subject

## How to Use This Digest

This *Ethnologue* country digest provides an extract of the information about the language situation in Australia that is published in the 26th edition of *Ethnologue: Languages of the World* (see <http://www.ethnologue.com>), including some ways of presenting the information that are not available in the online version. The digest begins with a “Country Overview” (page 6) and “Statistical Summaries” (page 9) of languages and number of speakers by language size, by language status, and by language family.

The “Alphabetical Listing of Languages” (page 12) provides detailed information on the 508 languages listed in the *Ethnologue* for the country of Australia. This includes languages that are indigenous to the country, languages that have developed well-established multigenerational speaker communities after immigrating in the past, and languages that have a significant presence in the country but are not established (that is, not being transmitted to the next generation within the country). A complete language entry has the following form and content:

**Primary language name** [ISO 639-3 code] (Alternate names). Autonym. *Users*: Country user population. Population stability comment. Population remarks. Monolingual population. Ethnic population. *Location*: Location. *Status*: EGIDS level. Special cases. Language function in country. *Class*: Linguistic classification. Macrolanguage membership. *Dialects*: Dialect names. Intelligibility and dialect relations. Lexical similarity. *Type*: Linguistic typology information. *Lg Use*: Remarks on use of the language. Domains of use. User age range. Language attitudes. Bilingualism remarks. Use as second language. *Lg Dev*: Literacy rates. Literacy remarks. Use in education. Publications and use in media. Revitalization efforts. Language development agencies. *DLS*: Digital support. *Writing*: Scripts used. *Other*: Non-indigenous. General remarks. Religion. *Map*: Map page. *Worldwide*: Total population in all countries. Other countries where used.

See <http://www.ethnologue.com/methodology/#languagePages> for a full description of these information elements. If the autonym contains the “?” character, this indicates a complex non-Roman character that the PDF-creating software we are using is not able to render. We regret the inconvenience.

The “Language Maps” (page 100) show the locations of the listed languages. If the location of a language is given on a map, the *Map* element of the language entry indicates the page number of the map. If the language is identified on a map by name, but that name differs from the primary name in the language entry, the name on the map is given in parentheses. If the language is represented on the map by an index number, rather than by its name, the index number is given following the page number (with a colon as separator).

Many ways of finding languages are provided. “Languages by Population” (page 102) lists the languages in order of their first-language speaker populations. “Languages by Status” (page 130) lists the languages by their level of development or endangerment as measured on EGIDS, the Expanded Graded Intergenerational Disruption Scale (Lewis and Simons 2010). “Languages by

State” (page 165) lists the top-level administrative subdivisions of Australia and the languages located within each. “Languages by Family” (page 171) lists the languages by their linguistic classifications. “Language Code Index” (page 185) gives an alphabetical listing of all the three-letter codes from ISO 639-3 that are used in this digest to uniquely identify languages. “Language Name Index” (page 192) lists every name that appears in the language listings as a primary or alternate name of a language or dialect. A total of 3,436 unique names are associated with the 508 languages described in this digest.

Finally, a listing of all the published sources cited within this digest is found in “Bibliography” (page 247). The published sources are cited using standard in-text citations enclosed in parentheses, consisting of the author’s or editor’s surname followed by the year of publication. Unpublished sources including personal communications and unpublished reports are also acknowledged when specific statements or facts are attributed to them. They are identified using in-text citations enclosed in parentheses in which the year of the communication is given first, followed by the source’s first initial and surname. In such a case, there is no corresponding entry in the bibliography.

This digest is designed for use in both digital and print formats. The cross-references are thus rendered as page numbers that are hyperlinks. When using the document in printed form, simply turn to the referenced page by number. When using it in digital form, click on the blue text to jump to the cross-referenced location.

If you believe any of the information about a language in this digest is in error or if you are able to supply missing information, please send your proposed change to the editor using one of the means given below. Provide as much information as possible about the source of your information. Full bibliographic details of published sources are especially helpful.

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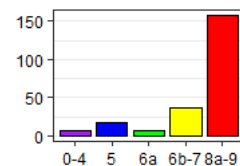
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## Country Overview

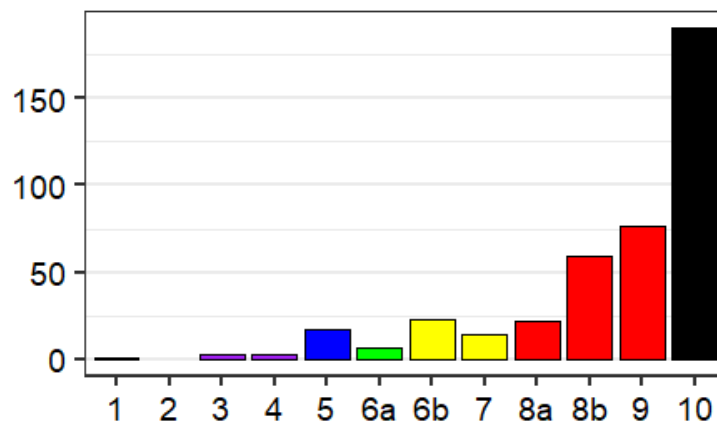
Name of country	Australia
Other names	Commonwealth of Australia
Population	25,693,000 (2020 World Bank)
Comments	<p>Australian Capital Territory includes Jervis Bay Territory; New South Wales State includes Lord Howe Island and Ball's Pyramid; Northern Territory includes Ashmore and Cartier Islands; Queensland State includes, to north, Saibai, Boigu, Talbot islands and Bramble Cay—to the east, the Great Barrier Reef; Tasmania State includes the Hogan group islands in Bass Strait south of parallel 39° 12" S; Victoria State includes the remaining group islands north of the above parallel; Western Australia State includes assorted reefs up to 400 km from the mainland (except for Ashmore and Cartier islands). Other remote Australian territories: Coral Seas Islands Territory administered from Kingston, Norfolk Island including assorted islands east of the Great Barrier Reef and west of meridian 157° W. Geopolitical entities assigned ISO-3166 codes, but administered by Australia: Christmas Island (CX), Cocos (Keeling) Islands (CC), Norfolk Island (NF) and Heard and McDonald Islands (HM). Source: 2015 Statoids.</p>
Principal language	English
Literacy rate	99% (Roser and Ortiz-Ospina 2018)
Deaf population	16,000
International conventions	CDE (1966), CPPDCE (2009), ICCPR (1980), UNCRPD (2008), UNDRIP (2009)
General references	Black 1983, Hudson 1987, McConvell and Thieberger 2001, McGregor 1988, Oates and Oates 1970, Schmidt, A. 1990, Wurm 1972, Wurm 2007, Wurm and Hattori 1981
Language counts	<p>The number of established languages listed for Australia is 415. Of these, 225 are living and 190 are extinct. Of the living languages, 214 are indigenous and 11 are non-indigenous. Furthermore, 7 are institutional, 17 are developing, 7 are vigorous, 37 are in trouble, and 157 are dying. Also listed are 93 unestablished languages.</p>



See the next page for an explanation of the summary categories for language vitality used in the above counts and graph.

## Language Status Profile

The following histogram gives a graphic profile of the established languages in Australia with respect to their status of language development versus language endangerment. This includes all of the languages appearing in the “Alphabetical Listing of Languages” (page 12) that report an EGIDS level after *Status*; macrolanguages and unestablished languages are not included in the profile. The horizontal axis plots the estimated level of development or endangerment as measured on the EGIDS scale (Lewis and Simons 2010). The height of each bar indicates the number of languages that are estimated to be at the given level. Consult “Languages by Status” (page 130) in order to see the specific languages for each level.



The color coding of the bars in the histogram above matches the color scheme used in the summary profile graph on the preceding page. In this scheme, the EGIDS levels are grouped as follows:

- Purple = Institutional (EGIDS 0–4) — The language has been developed to the point that it is used and sustained by institutions beyond the home and community.
- Blue = Developing (EGIDS 5) — The language is in vigorous use, with literature in a standardized form being used by some though this is not yet widespread or sustainable.
- Green = Vigorous (EGIDS 6a) — The language is in vigorous use among all generations and remains unstandardized.
- Yellow = In trouble (EGIDS 6b–7) — Intergenerational transmission is in the process of being broken, but the child-bearing generation can still use the language so it is possible that revitalization efforts could restore transmission of the language in the home.
- Red = Dying (EGIDS 8a–9) — The only fluent users (if any) are older than child-bearing age, so it is too late to restore natural intergenerational transmission through the home; a mechanism outside the home would need to be developed.
- Black = Extinct (EGIDS 10) — The language is no longer used and no one retains a sense of ethnic identity associated with the language.

## Statistical Summaries

The “Alphabetical Listing of Languages” (page 12) provides a detailed listing of all the languages of Australia. This section steps back from the detail to offer a summary view of the language situation in the country. Specifically, it offers three numerical tabulations of the living established languages of Australia and their users: by language size, by language status, and by language family.

### Summary by language size

Table 1 summarizes the distribution of living established languages in Australia by number of L1 speakers. The *Population range* column categorizes the sizes of the languages by order of magnitude (in terms of the number of digits in the population of first-language speakers). Consult “Languages by Population” (page 102) for a listing of the specific languages in each range category.

The *Count* column gives the number of living established languages within the specified population range. The *Percent* column gives the share of the count for that population range as a percentage of the total number of languages given at the bottom of the Count column. The *Cumulative* column gives the cumulative sum of the percentage of languages going from top to bottom in the column.

The *Total* column gives the total L1 population of all the languages in the given range category. The second *Percent* column gives the percentage of the total country population as estimated at the bottom of the Total column. Note that if the table has a row for Unknown, representing languages for which the *Ethnologue* does not have a population estimate, the calculation of population percentage is not able to take those languages into account. The final *Cumulative* column gives the cumulative sums of the population percentages going from top to bottom in the column.

**Table 1:** Distribution of languages by number of first-language speakers

Population range	Living languages			Number of speakers		
	Count	Percent	Cumulative	Total	Percent	Cumulative
10,000,000 to 99,999,999	1	0.4	0.4%	18,300,000	91.74277	91.74277%
100,000 to 999,999	4	1.8	2.2%	1,438,000	7.20908	98.95184%
10,000 to 99,999	3	1.3	3.6%	145,200	0.72793	99.67977%
1,000 to 9,999	17	7.6	11.1%	45,750	0.22936	99.90912%
100 to 999	42	18.7	29.8%	15,880	0.07961	99.98874%
10 to 99	55	24.4	54.2%	2,129	0.01067	99.99941%
1 to 9	24	10.7	64.9%	118	0.00059	100.00000%

Population range	Living languages			Number of speakers		
	Count	Percent	Cumulative	Total	Percent	Cumulative
0	76	33.8	98.7%		0.00000	100.00000%
Unknown	3	1.3	100.0%			
<i>Totals</i>	225	100.0		19,947,077	100.00000	

## Summary by language status

Table 2 summarizes the distribution of living established languages in Australia by their status in terms of language development or language endangerment. The *EGIDS* column categorizes the languages by their level on the EGIDS scale. Consult “Languages by Status” (page 130) for a listing of the specific languages that have been assigned to each level. Note that the EGIDS level reported here is for the status of the language in Australia. Languages that are also used in other countries may be assigned to a different EGIDS level in those countries.

The next six columns are as in Table 1. In addition, the *Mean* column gives the average L1 population of all the languages with the given EGIDS level and the *Median* column gives the median L1 population for the languages at that level, that is, half of the languages at that level have a higher population and half have a lower population. If there are any languages with an unknown population, these are ignored in the calculation of the mean and the median.

**Table 2:** Distribution of languages by vitality status

EGIDS	Living languages			Number of speakers			<i>Mean</i>	<i>Median</i>
	Count	Percent	Cumulative	Total	Percent	Cumulative		
1	1	0.4	0.4%	18,300,000	91.7428	91.7428%	18,300,000	18,300,000
3	3	1.3	1.8%	19,140	0.0960	91.8387%	6,380	7,490
4	3	1.3	3.1%	6,490	0.0325	91.8713%	2,163	1,930
5	17	7.6	10.7%	1,370,640	6.8714	98.7426%	80,626	2,080
6a	7	3.1	13.8%	5,750	0.0288	98.7715%	821	380
6b	23	10.2	24.0%	6,563	0.0329	98.8044%	285	220
7	14	6.2	30.2%	2,620	0.0131	98.8175%	187	68
8a	22	9.8	40.0%	232,348	1.1648	99.9823%	10,561	55
8b	59	26.2	66.2%	3,526	0.0177	100.0000%	60	12
9	76	33.8	100.0%		0.0000	100.0000%		
<i>Totals</i>	225	100.0		19,947,077	100.0000			

## Summary by language family

The genealogical classifications given in the language entries of the “Alphabetical Listing of Languages” (page 12) name 11 different top-level groups. Table 3 summarizes the distribution of living established languages and their L1 populations within these families. The columns are as for table 2, with the exception that *Cumulative* is excluded since there is no inherent ordering of the families.

**Table 3:** Distribution of languages by language family

Language family	Living languages		Number of speakers			
	<i>Count</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Mean</i>	<i>Median</i>
Australian	203	90.2	44,147	0.2	217	12
Creole	4	1.8	16,280	0.1	4,070	4,200
Eastern Trans-Fly	1	0.4	260	0.0	260	260
Indo-European	4	1.8	18,828,200	94.4	4,707,050	229,000
Japonic	1	0.4	58,800	0.3	58,800	58,800
Mixed language	1	0.4	1,000	0.0	1,000	1,000
Pidgin	1	0.4		0.0		
Sign language	6	2.7	16,310	0.1	2,718	50
Sino-Tibetan	2	0.9	980,000	4.9	490,000	490,000
Unclassified	1	0.4		0.0		
Uralic	1	0.4	2,080	0.0	2,080	2,080
<i>Totals</i>	225	100.0	19,947,077	100.0		

## Alphabetical Listing of Languages

**Adithinngithigh** [dth] (Adetingiti). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died in the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northern Pama. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Adnyamathanha** [adt] (Ad'n'amadana, Adynyamathanha, Anjimatana, Anjiwatana, Archualda, Atynyamatana, Benbakanjamata, Binbarnja, Gadjnjamada, Jandali, Kanjimata, Keydnjmarda, Mardala, Nimalda, Nuralda, Umbertana, Unyamootha, Wailbi, Wailpi, Waljbi, Wipie). *Users*: 260 (2021 census). *Location*: South Australia state: Nepabunna in Flinders ranges area. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Yura. *Dialects*: None known. Related to Guyani [gvy], Barngarla [bjb], Nugunu [nv], and Narungga [nr]. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev*: Videos. Dictionary. Texts. The Department of Education and Children's Services developed a teaching framework and language learning material for Adnyamathanha between 2004 and 2005. By 2009, over 1,000 students were studying Adnyamathanha in 9 primary schools. Online educational resources available for students online (2018). *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Afrikaans** [afr]. Autonym: Afrikaans. *Users*: 49,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Germanic, West, Low Saxon-Low Franconian, Low Franconian. *Type*: SVO (SOV in subordinate clauses); prepositions; noun head final; definite and indefinite articles; passives; tense; 20 consonants, 16 vowels, 9 diphthongs; non-tonal; free stress. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1933–2000. *Writing*: Braille script, used since 1953. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 17,674,200 (as L1: 7,359,600; as L2: 10,314,600). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Botswana, South Africa. Also established in: Eswatini, Malawi, Namibia, Zambia. Unestablished in: Canada, Netherlands, New Zealand, United Kingdom, United States, Zimbabwe.

**Aghu-Tharnggala** [gtu] (Aghu Tharnggala, Aghu Tharnggalai, Aghu Tharnggalu). *Users*: No known L1 speakers (Jolly 1989). Last speaker was still alive in 1960. *Location*: Queensland state: Dixie, Lakefield, Maramie. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Rarmul Pama. *Lg Dev*: Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Akan** [aka]. Autonym: Akan. *Users*: 4,070 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Niger-Congo, Atlantic-Congo, Volta-Congo, Kwa, Nyo, Potou-Tano, Tano, Central, Akan. *Type*: SVO; postpositions; noun head initial; verb affixes mark person, number, object; tense; causatives; 21 consonant and 10 vowel phonemes; tonal (3 phonemic tones); vowel harmony (ATR). *Lg Dev*: Literature. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1871–1964. *Writing*: Latin script, used since 1978. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 9,883,670 (as L1: 8,875,370; as L2: 1,008,300). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: Ghana. Unestablished in: Canada, Côte d'Ivoire, Liberia, Netherlands, Togo, United Kingdom, United States.

**Alawa** [alh] (Alaua, Allaura, Allawa, Allowa, Allowiri, Allua, Alowa, Galawa, Gallewo, Kallana, Kallaua, Leealowa, Warliburru). *Users*: 5 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Roper river. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Maran, Alawic. *Type*: Tonal. *Lg Use*: Elderly only. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Map*: 101.

**Albanian, Gheg** [aln]. Autonym: Gegnisht. *Users*: 5,430 in Australia (2021 census). Census figure of 10,851 does not distinguish between Gheg [aln] and Tosk [als]. *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Albanian, Gheg. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head initial; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); definite article affix; case-marking (4 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense; 29 consonant and 7 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; stress on penultimate syllable. *Lg Dev*: Literature. Newspapers. Dictionary. Grammar. NT: 1869–1990. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 4,239,280. Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Albania, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Serbia. Also established in: Romania, Turkey. Unestablished in: Austria, Bulgaria, Egypt, Finland, Germany, Norway, Slovenia, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States.

**Albanian, Tosk** [als]. Autonym: Shqip. *Users*: 5,430 in Australia (2021 census). Census figure of 10,851 does not distinguish between Gheg [aln] and Tosk [als]. *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Albanian, Tosk. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head initial; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); definite article affix; case-marking (4 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense; 29 consonant and 7 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; stress on penultimate syllable. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. NT: 1827–2007. *Writing*: Elbasan script, no longer in use. Greek script, no longer in use. Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,924,600 (as L1: 1,918,600; as L2: 6,000). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Albania, Greece. Also established in: Turkey. Unestablished in: Belgium, Canada, Croatia, Finland, Germany, Luxembourg, North Macedonia, Spain, Sweden, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States.

**Alngith** [aid]. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: northeast Cape York peninsula just north of Weipa. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northern Pama. *DLS*: Still.

**Alyawarr** [aly] (Aljawara, Alyawarra, Alyawarre, Iliaura, Yowera). Autonym: Alyawarr. *Users*: 1,950 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory; Queensland state: Sandover and Tennant creek areas. *Status*: 5\* (Developing). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Arandic. *Dialects*: None known. Related to Western Arrarnte [are], Anmatyerre [amx], and Kaytetye [gbb]. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng], but with low proficiency. *Lg Dev*: Literacy rate in L2: 40%. Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1994–2013. *DLS*: Emerging (0.02). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Amharic** [amh]. *Users*: 8,160 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Afro-Asiatic, Semitic, South, Ethiopian, South, Transversal, Amharic-Argobba. *Type*: SOV;

prepositions, genitives, articles, and relatives precede noun heads; question word initial; case-marking (4 cases); verb suffixes show person, number, gender of subject and (optionally) object; passives including deponents; aspect; causatives; no comparatives; 27 consonant and 7 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; very weak stress. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. *Bible*: 1840–2013.

*Writing*: Braille script. Ethiopic script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 57,567,300 (as L1: 32,449,400; as L2: 25,117,900). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Ethiopia. Also established in: Israel. Unestablished in: Canada, Djibouti, Egypt, Eritrea, Finland, Germany, Kuwait, Norway, Sudan, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States.

**Ami** [amy] (Ame, Amijangal, Emmi, Maranunggu). *Users*: 30 (Wurm 2007). *Location*: Northern Territory: Anson bay coast, southwest of Darwin. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Bringen-Wagaydy, Wagaydy. *Dialects*: None known. May be intelligible with Wadjiginy [wdj]. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev*: Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:15.

**Amurdak** [amg] (A'moordiyu, Amarag, Amarak, Amardak, Amurag, Amurdag, Amurrag, Amurrak, Amurtak, Amuruk, Mamurug, Monobar, Namurug, Nga:mr:rak, Nga:mu:rak, Ngamurag, Umoreo, Umoriu, Umorrdak, Wardadjbak, Woraibug, Wureidbug). *Users*: 1 (2015). No reports of the death of the last known speaker, Charlie Mungulda, in 2021. *Location*: Northern Territory: Goulburn island, Oenpelli. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Yiwaidjan, Amaragic. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:19.

**Andajin** [ajn] (Andidja, Andidjara). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker may have survived into the 2010s. *Location*: Western Australia state: King Leopold ranges south to east Philips north, from Lungra Yard west to Tharlow Hill area east. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Worrorran, Ngarinyinic. *Lg Use*: All shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Andegerebinha** [adg] (Andigibinha, Antekerrepenh, Antekerrepinhe). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. 5 remaining speakers were reported in 2005. *Location*: Northern Territory: Hay river, Pituri creek area, east of Alyawarra; Queensland state. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Arandic. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Angkamuthi** [avm] (Anggamudi, Ankamuti, Ngamiti, Nggamadi, Nggammadi, Ngkamadyi'). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived late into the 20th century. *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, narrow coastal stretch from north of Port Musgrave to Doughboy river, inland area of Crystal creek, middle Jardine river. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northern Pama. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Revitalization program has begun in 2015 by the Pama Language Centre for a group of closely related languages including Angkamuthi, Atambaya [amz], Uradhi [urf], and Yadhaykanu (a dialect of Uradhi). *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Anguthimri** [awg] (Angadimi, Angutimi, Ba:tyana, Batjana, Mbatyana, Ngerikudi, Nggerikudi,

Nggirikudi, Nigger-Ikudi, Ra:kudi, Wimaranga, Wimarangga, Wimarango, Wimmarrango, Yopngadi, Yupangathi, Yupangati, Yupngget, Yupun-Gatti, Yupungati, Yuupngati). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker, Don Fletcher, died in 1985. *Location*: Queensland state: north Cape York peninsula, Mission river mouth west to Duyfken Point, north to Pennefather river; Wenlock river south and west banks between Batavia Landing area and Gibson waterhole. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northern Pama. *Dialect*: Mpakwithi. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Revitalization program has begun in 2016 by the Pama Language Centre with the goal of producing a bilingual children's book of simple phrases. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Anindilyakwa** [aoi] (Andiljangwa, Andilyaugwa, Anindhilyagwa, Enindhilyagwa, Enindiljaugwa, Groote Eylandt, Ingura, Wanindilyaugwa). *Users*: 1,520 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Groote Eylandt, Gulf of Carpentaria. *Status*: 6a\* (Vigorous). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Enindhilyagwa. *Type*: SOV. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng], especially young people. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1976–1995. *DLS*: Emerging (0.02). *Writing*: Latin script.

**Anmatyerre** [amx] (Anmatjirra, Anmatyerr). *Users*: 370 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Mount Allen, northwest Alice Springs region. *Status*: 6b\* (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Arandic. *Dialects*: Eastern Anmatyerre, Western Anmatyerre (Kalenthelkwe, Kelentheyewelrere, Kelenthwelkere). *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. Most also use Warlpiri [wbp]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Bible portions: 2007. *DLS*: Emerging (0.02). *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Traditional religion, Christian. *Map*: 101.

**Antikarinya** [ant] (Andagarinya, Antakarinya, Antakirinya). *Users*: 7 (2021 census). *Location*: South Australia state: north central area. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wati. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly most similar to Warnman [wbt]. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Arabana** [ard] (Arabunna). *Users*: 31 (2021 census). *Location*: South Australia state: Lake Eyre west side to Maree, Port Augusta, and Stuart range. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic, Palku. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. A 500-page teaching framework for years R-10 aimed at revitalizing Arabana was produced in 2004. Augusta Park Primary School was hosting the Arabana project around 2007. Mobile Language Team in cooperation with Arabana Aboriginal Corporation have produced online language learning resources. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Arabic, Egyptian Spoken** [arz]. *Users*: 58,400 in Australia (2021). Total Arabic speakers in Australia: 367,000 (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Afro-Asiatic, Semitic, Central, South, Arabic. *Lg Dev*: Radio. TV. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. NT: 1932. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, primary usage. Braille script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 102,436,230 (as L1: 77,436,230; as L2: 25,000,000). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: Egypt. Also established in: United Arab Emirates. Unestablished in: Canada, Cyprus, Germany, Greece, Iraq, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malta, Netherlands, New Zealand, Oman, Palestine, Qatar, Saudi

Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Syria, United Kingdom, United States, Yemen.

**Arabic, Levantine** [apc]. *Users*: 181,000 in Australia (2021). Total Arabic speakers in Australia: 367,000 (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Afro-Asiatic, Semitic, Central, South, Arabic. *Lg Dev*: Radio. TV. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible portions: 1940–1973. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 47,595,360 (as L1: 47,236,360; as L2: 359,000). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Palestine, Syria, Turkey. Also established in: Mexico. Unestablished in: Argentina, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Burundi, Canada, Côte d’Ivoire, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Finland, France, French Guiana, Gambia, Germany, Guinea, Honduras, Hungary, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Kuwait, Libya, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Martinique, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Panama, Portugal, Qatar (North Levantine Spoken Arabic), Saudi Arabia (North Levantine Spoken Arabic), Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Spain, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States, Venezuela, Yemen.

**Arabic, Mesopotamian Spoken** [acm]. *Users*: 83,300 in Australia (2021). Total Arabic speakers in Australia: 367,000 (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Afro-Asiatic, Semitic, Central, South, Arabic. *Type*: SVO; 32 consonant phonemes. *Lg Dev*: Radio. TV. Grammar. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 18,162,050. Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: Iran, Iraq, Syria. Also established in: Turkey. Unestablished in: Belgium, Canada, Cyprus, Finland, Germany, India, Kuwait, Lebanon, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Sweden, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States, Yemen.

**Arabic, Sudanese Spoken** [apd]. *Users*: 44,000 in Australia (2021). Total Arabic speakers in Australia: 367,000 (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Afro-Asiatic, Semitic, Central, South, Arabic. *Lg Dev*: Literature. Radio. TV. Dictionary. Grammar. NT: 1978. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 42,373,370 (as L1: 33,373,370; as L2: 9,000,000). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: South Sudan, Sudan. Also established in: Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia. Unestablished in: Canada, Germany, Libya, Norway, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Sweden, United Arab Emirates, Yemen.

**Arakwal** [rkw] (Coo-al, Gundurimba, Jawhumjeri, Kawhul, Kogung, Naiang, Njung, Nyung, Tugurimba, Yawkum-yere). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Critically endangered by 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: New South Wales state: Ballina and Richmond river north bank to Cape Byron; south to Ballina, inland to Casino, Coraki, and Lismore. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Bandjalangic. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Aranda, Lower Southern** [axl] (Aldolanga, Aldolinga, Alitera, Aranda, Aranta, Arinta, Arranda, Arrinda, Arrundta, Arrunta, Arunda, Arunndta, Arunta, Arunta Bu, Arunta Ulpmā, Eastern

Aranda, Lower Aranda, Pertame, Southern Aranda, Western Aranda). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker, Brownie Doolan Perrurle, died in 2011. *Location*: Northern Territory: Alice Springs, Andado, Arltunga, Blood creek, Charlotte waters, Connor well, Deep well, Finke river, Gillen creek, Hale river, Henbury, Horseshoe bend, Hugh river, Idracowra, Intea, James range, MacDonnell range, Macumba rive, Maryvale, Mount Dare. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Arandic. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Arrente in Schools (AIS) program: primary and secondary schools in Alice Springs (2007). *DLS*: Still.

**Areba** [aea] (A:rap, Araba, Ariba, Aripa, Kurtjar, Ngariba, Rib, Ribh). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm 2003). *Location*: Queensland state: southwest Cape York peninsula, Gilbert river, northeast of Normanton. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Norman Pama. *DLS*: Still.

**Armenian, Western** [hyw]. *Users*: 11,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Armenian. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. *Writing*: Armenian script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,582,290 (as L1: 1,576,490; as L2: 5,800). Global EGIDS level: 5 (Developing). Indigenous in: Armenia, Georgia, Turkey. Also established in 21 other countries and unestablished in 13 more.

**Arrarnta, Western** [are] (Aranda, Arunta). Autonym: Arrente. *Users*: 910 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Alice Springs area, Hermannsburg. *Status*: 5\* (Developing). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Arandic. *Dialects*: Western Aranda, Akerre (Akara), Southern Aranda. Southern Aranda nearly extinct. Reportedly similar to Alyawarr [aly] and Kaytetye [gbb]. *Type*: SOV. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible: 1997. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Arrernte, Eastern** [aer] (Arunta, Eastern Aranda). Autonym: Arrernte. *Users*: 1,930 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Alice Springs area (Mparntwe), Alcoota, Amoonguna (Amwengkwerne), Bonya (Uthipe Atherre), Harts range (Artetyerre), Santa Teresa (Ltyentye Apurte). *Status*: 4 (Educational). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Arandic. *Dialects*: Mparntwe Arrernte, Ikngeerripenhe, Akarre, Antekerrepenh, Upper Aranda. Related to Alyawarr [aly], Western Arrarnta [are], Anmatyerre [amx], and Kaytetye [gbb]. *Type*: SOV. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Literacy rate in L1: 10%. Literacy rate in L2: 50%. Taught as subject in primary schools. Radio. TV. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. NT: 2017. *DLS*: Emerging (0.04). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Arritinngithigh** [rrt] (Arangit, Arariniti, Aratingiti, Aratiniti, Aretinngit, Aridingidigh, Aridinngidigh, Aritinṅayt, Aritinṅiṅiṅ, Aritingiti, Aritinngayth, Aritinngithigh, Arraythinngith, Arreythinwum, Arrithinngayth). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1960s. *Location*: Queensland: Cape York. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northern Pama. *DLS*: Still. *Other*: Although separate from Adithinngithigh [dth], it can be difficult to tell which is referred to in research.

**Assyrian Neo-Aramaic** [aii]. *Users*: 38,500 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Afro-Asiatic, Semitic, Central, Aramaic, Eastern, Central, Northeastern. *Lg Dev*: Radio.

Grammar. Bible: 1852–1919. *Writing*: Cyrillic script. Syriac script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 563,630 (as L1: 559,930; as L2: 3,700). Global EGIDS level: 6b (Threatened). Indigenous in: Iraq. Also established in: Armenia, Georgia, Iran, Syria. Unestablished in: Azerbaijan, Belgium, Canada, Greece, Italy, Kuwait, Lebanon, New Zealand, Russian Federation, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States.

**Atampaya** [amz] (Atambaya). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm 2003). *Location*: Queensland state: Eliot creek, extreme north Cape York peninsula. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northern Pama. *Lg Dev*: Revitalization program has begun in 2015 by the Pama Language Centre for a group of closely related languages including Atambaya, Angkamuthi [avm], Uradhi [urf], and Yadhaykanu (a dialect of Uradhi). *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script.

**Auslan** [asf] (Australian Sign Language). *Users*: 16,200 (2021 census). Estimates vary from 7,000–15,000 by various researchers from 1986–2004 (Johnston 2004). *Location*: Scattered. *Status*: 5 (Developing). De facto language of provincial identity in New South Wales. *Class*: Sign language, Deaf community sign language. *Dialect*: Tactile Auslan. Related to British Sign Language [bfi], with influences also from Irish Sign Language [isg] and American Sign Language [ase]. Tactile Auslan incorporates adjustments for deaf-blind use (Willoughby et al 2014). Several island nations in the Pacific are strongly influenced by Auslan. Many structural and lexical similarities between British Sign Language (BSL) [bfi], Australian Sign Language (Auslan) [asf], and New Zealand Sign Language (NZSL) [nzs] and a high degree of mutual intelligibility (2003 T. Johnston, McKee and Kennedy 2000). Linguists sometimes use the name BANZSL to refer to them as a group, while still recognizing them as separate related languages. *Type*: Two-handed fingerspelling system. *Lg Use*: Some signed interpretation in court, for college students, at important public events. Used by all. Used as L2 by Australian Irish Sign Language [isg]. *Lg Dev*: Taught in primary schools. TV. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible portions: 1999–2002. *DLS*: Emerging (0.02). *Other*: Earliest schools for the deaf established by British deaf immigrants in 1860. Many agencies for the deaf. Sign language instruction for parents of deaf children. Committee on national sign language. National curriculum for Auslan instruction instituted in 2016. Deaf population is aging and anticipated to decline (Johnston 2004) in the future, due to dramatically reduced incidence of causes of deafness (particularly rubella) in the last several decades, mainstreaming in education, cochlear implants, and anticipated effects of advances in genetic science. *Map*: 101.

**Australian Aborigines Sign Language** [asw]. *Location*: Scattered. *Status*: 6b\* (Threatened). *Class*: Sign language, Shared sign language. *Dialects*: None known. Actually, not a single language, but a collection of separate languages used by different aboriginal groups (e.g. Aranda, Warlpiri, Warumuṅu, Yolṅu; Kendon 2015). A few of these have been recognized separately in ISO 639-3, namely Miriwoong Sign Language [rsm], Yan-nhaṅu Sign Language [yhs], and Yolṅu Sign Language [ygs], but there are a number of others, so ISO 639-3 has retained the code [asw] to be used for them until they acquire their own codes. Others include Indigenous Sign Language of Far North Queensland (Jackson 2015) and several in Central

Australia (Carew and Green 2015) and Arnhem Land (Adone and Maypilama 2015). All are unrelated to Auslan [asf], and probably pre-date the arrival of Europeans. *Lg Use*: Used by hearing Aborigines as alternate form of communication with speakers of other languages, or when silence is required during periods of mourning or hunting. Several, perhaps all, such sign languages are also used by deaf persons in the community. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Australian Irish Sign Language** [isg] (AISL). *Users*: 50 in Australia (2016 R. Adam), decreasing. Estimated 50–100 users left, no monolinguals. *Location*: Scattered. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Sign language, Deaf community sign language. *Type*: One-handed fingerspelling. *Lg Use*: Older adults only. Shifted to Auslan [asf]. *Lg Dev*: Literature. TV. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. *Other*: Non-indigenous. Introduced in 1875, used in at least three deaf schools until the 1950s, with separate schools (and dialects) for boys and girls. After leaving schooling in AISL, deaf people learned Auslan [asf]. Those who still use AISL tend to mix it with Auslan [asf] and may have difficulty remembering AISL signs (2016 R. Adam). *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 51,550 (as L1: 6,550; as L2: 45,000). Global EGIDS level: 5 (Developing). Indigenous in: Ireland (Irish Sign Language). Also established in: United Kingdom (Irish Sign Language).

**Awabakal** [awk] (Awabagal, Hunter River – Lake Macquarie). Autonym: Awabakalkoba. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived late into the 19th century. *Location*: New South Wales state: Lake Macquarie, south from Newcastle. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Worimi. *Dialects*: Awabagal, Cameeragal, Wonarua. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Bible portions: 1891. Long extinct, but there are attempts at revival (Wurm 2007). Awabakal Cultural Resource Association is doing revival work, and Many Rivers Aboriginal Language Center is running the Awabakal and Wonnarua (HRLM) Language Revitalization program (2007). *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script.

**Awnghthim** [gwm] (Angudimi, Angutimi, Mamangidigh, Mamangiti, Mbadjana). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely died in the mid 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: north Cape York peninsula, Mission river north side, east of the Anguthimri. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northern Pama. *Dialect*: Mpakwithi. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Ayabadhu** [ayd] (Abadja, Ai ebadu, Aiabadu, Aiyabotho, Aiyaboto, Ajabadha, Ajabatha, Ajibyrdy, Apatya, Ayapathu, Badja, Baldya, Balfja, Jabuda, Kikahiabilo, Koka Ai-ebadu, Koka-aiebadu, Koko Aiebadu, Koko-Badja, Koko-Baldya, Koko-Baltjyahjaba). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the late 1980s or early 1990s (Wurm 2003). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, north of Coleman river, south of Coen. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *DLS*: Still.

**Ayerrerenge** [axe] (Aroinga, Bulamu, Bulanja, Bulanu, Jarionga, Jaroinga, Jurangka, Manda, Pulanja, Yaringa, Yaroinga, Yarroinga, Yarrowin, Yorrawinga, Yorrowinga, Yuruwinga). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. On the brink of extinction in the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: Bathurst, Headingly, Urandangi, north to Lake Nash and Barkly

Downs, east toward Mount Isa, west to Argadargada and Mount Hogarth area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Arandic. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Badimaya** [bia] (Parti-Maya, Widimaya). *Users*: 20 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: south of Cue to northeast of Moora; east to Paynes Find; west to Mullewa. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wadjari. *Dialects*: None known. Related to Wajarri [wbv]. *Lg Use*: Many shifted to English [eng]. Many shifted to Wajarri [wbv]. *Lg Dev*: Since the 1990s, fluent Badimaya speaker and elder Alex ‘Ollie’ George has helped produce language materials and resources for revitalization and has taught the language at Mount Magnet school. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Badjiri** [jbi] (Baddjeri, Badjari, Ngura). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the late 1980s or early 1990s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: New South Wales state: Hungerford area to Eulo on Paroo river; east to Barrington, Cunna-mulla, Tinnenburra, and Tuen area; Caiwarro and eastern side of Currawinya. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic, Ngura. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Bandjalang** [bdy] (Bandjelang, Bogganger, Bundala, Bundjalung, Middle Clarence Bandjalang). *Users*: 460 (2021 census). *Location*: New South Wales state: Woodenbong northeast; Queensland state: southeast. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Bandjalangic. *Dialects*: Gidabal (Gidabul, Gidhabal), Yugumbir (Yugumbe). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script, no longer in use. *Map*: 101.

**Banyjima** [pnw] (Bandjima, Banjima, Pandjima, Panjima, Panjtjima, Panyima, Panyjima, Panytyima). *Users*: 140 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: northwest, east southeast of Tom Price. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Inland Ngayarda. *Dialects*: None known. Related to Ngarla [nrk], Tjurruru [tju], Nyamal [nly], and Yinhawangka [ywg]. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. Also use Yindjibarndi [yij]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Barababaraba** [rbp] (Baraba Baraba, Baraba-Baraba, Baraparapa, Barappur, Bareber Bareber, Barraba-Barraba, Barrababarraba, Beraba-Beraba, Birraba-Birraba, Boora-Boora, Boorabirraba, Booraboora, Boort, Burabura, Burappa, Burapper, Bureba, Burrabura-ba, Burraburburaba, Burrappa, Burrapper, Burreba-Burreba, Karraba, Perapa-Perapa). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 2006 (2006 census). *Location*: New South Wales state: Murrumbidgee river south side, north of Hay to Victoria, Kerang; Brassi, cross river from Carrathool, Cohuna, Conargo, and Gunbower. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Kulin, Western. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Barbaram** [ymb] (Balbarum, Barbarem, Barbarum, Booburam, Mbabaram, Mbara, Mogmnanarim, Oombarrmbarum, Umbarbarem, Woombarbarram, Wumbabaram). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Almaden, Great Dividing ridge, Irvinebank, Koorboora (Kaboura), Mareeba, Mount Garnett, Petford. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-

Nyungan, Paman, Southern Pama. *DLS*: Still.

**Bardi** [bcj] (Baadi, Baardi, Badi, Bard). *Users*: 30 (2005 AUSTLANG), decreasing. Ethnic population: 380 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Western Kimberley region, Broome, Derby, Lombadina Aboriginal community, One Arm Point Aboriginal community. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Nyulnyulan. *Dialects*: Bardi, Jawi. Intelligibility adequate between Bardi and Jawi dialects. Related to Nyikina [nyh], Warrwa [wvr], Djawi [djw], Nimanbur [nmp], Nyulnyul [nyv], Dyaberdyaber [dyb], Dyugun [dyd], and Yawuru [ywr]. *Lg Use*: Many in the younger generation understand Bardi but do not speak it (Wurm 2007). Older adults only. Shifted to English [eng]. Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev*: Believe English or Bardi should be written, not Kriol. Government program in primary school. Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Other*: Christian. *Map*: 101:7.

**Barngarla** [bjb] (Bahanga-La, Bangala, Banggala, Banggarla, Bungeha, Bungela, Kortabina, Pakarla, Pangkala, Pankalla, Parnkala, Parnkalla, Punkalla). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The language died out in the 1960s. *Location*: South Australia state: Port Lincoln to Spencer gulf head. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Yura. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Professor Ghil'ad Zuckermann, chair of Linguistics and Endangered Languages at the University of Adelaide, is working with the Barngarla people to reclaim their language (2014). *DLS*: Still.

**Barrow Point** [bpt]. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, Barrow Point on Princess Charlotte bay and inland. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Guugu-Yimidhirr. *DLS*: Still.

**Batjala** [xby] (Badjela, Badtala, Badtjala, Badyala, Batyala, Bidhala, Butchulla, Dulingbara, Gnoolongbara, Koolaburra, Ngulungbara, Olungbura, Patyala, Thoorgine). *Users*: 89 (2021 census). *Location*: Queensland state: Cairns; Fraser island; Great Sandy island; Kabikabi mission; Noosa Head; Pialba; Tinana creek; Yarrabah; Thoorgine. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Waka-Kabic. *Dialects*: Considered to be a dialect of Gabi-Gabi [gbw] by some (Dixon 2002). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. The Butchulla Language Program has been vibrant thanks to young people in the community using story telling, oral histories, games, song, and dance to teach and revive their language; the Butchulla Language Program has also produced bilingual teaching books. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Map*: 101.

**Bayali** [bjy] (Baiali, Bajali, Bieli, Biyali, Byellee, Ningebal, Orambul, Warabal). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1960s. *Location*: Queensland state: Marlborough, Yeppon, Yamba, and Rockhampton; Fitzroy river mouth inland to Boomer range. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Waka-Kabic, Kingkel. *DLS*: Still.

**Bayungu** [bxj] (Baijungu, Baiong, Baiung, Bajungu, Biong, Giong, Mulgarnoo, Pajungu, Payungu). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely died in 2006 (Wurm

2007). *Location*: Western Australia state: West Pilbara; lower Lyndon and Minilya rivers. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Kanyara. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Hazel Walgar and Bernie Ryder have worked with the Wangka Maya Pilbara Aboriginal Language Centre to produce Bayungu language materials, including a Bayungu language course for year 9 students. *DLS*: Still.

**Bengali** [ben]. *Users*: 70,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Indo-Aryan, Outer Languages, Eastern, Bengali-Assamese. *Type*: SOV; postpositions; noun head both initial and final; 3 genders: male, female, neuter; content q-word initial and final; clause constituents indicated by case-marking (5 cases) and word order; verb affixes mark person, number; definite article affix; tense; passives and voice; causatives; comparatives; non-tonal; 35 consonant and 5 vowel phonemes; stress on first syllable. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. *Bible*: 1832–2016. *Writing*: Bengali (Bangla) script, primary usage. Braille script. Newa script, no longer in use. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 272,828,760 (as L1: 233,808,880; as L2: 39,019,880). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Bangladesh, India. Also established in: Nepal, Singapore. Unestablished in: Belgium, Bhutan, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Kuwait, Malaysia, Mauritius, Myanmar, Netherlands, New Zealand, Oman, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States.

**Bibbulman** [xbp] (Bajongwongi, Bebleman, Bibbulmun, Bibilum, Bibulman, Bibulmun, Bibuulmoun, Meeraman, Murram, Peopelman, Pepelman, Pibilum, Piblemen). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1990s. *Location*: Western Australia state: Lower Blackwood river, on hills between Blackwood and Warren rivers, east to Broke inlet and Gardner river; Scott river, inland to Bridgetown and Manjimup. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Nyungar. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Bidhawal** [ihw] (Beddiwell, Bidawal, Bidewel, Biduelli, Bidwell, Bidwelli, Bidwill, Birdawal, Birdhawal, Birtowall). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Speakers may have survived into the 1960s. *Location*: Victoria, southeast: Gippsland. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan. *Dialects*: Muk-thang, Nulit, Thangquai. Either a divergent dialect or a closely related language of the Kurnai [unn] peoples' language group. *DLS*: Still.

**Bidjara** [bym] (Bidyara, Bithara, Bitjara). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Ruhlen 1987). *Location*: Queensland state: between Augathella and Tambo, Warrego and Langlo rivers. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. *DLS*: Still.

**Bigambal** [xbe] (Bigambul, Bigumbil). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 1996. *Location*: New South Wales state. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Bindal** [xbd] (Bindel, Nyawaygi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Extinct by the middle of the 20th century. *Location*: Victoria state: Ayr; Burdekin river mouth north to Cape Cleveland,

inland to Leichhardt range. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Biri** [bʒr] (Juipera, Widi, Wierdi, Wirdi, Wiri, Wiriwiri, Wirri, Yuwibara). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: southeast of Charters Towers. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *Dialect*: Yetimarala. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Revitalization efforts (Wurm 2007). *DLS*: Still.

**Birrpai** [xʒj] (Birbai, Biribi, Birippi, Birrapee, Birripai, Birrpai, Bripi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, James Davis, survived into the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: New South Wales state: Taree at Manning river mouth, inland to Gloucester area; river south side; Forbes, upper Hastings and Wilson rivers. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuin. *DLS*: Still.

**Bosnian** [bos]. *Users*: 17,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Balto-Slavic, Slavic, South, Western. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); vestiges of dual number; case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person, number, gender of subject (in past tense); passives; tense and aspect; 25 consonant and 5 vowel phonemes; pitch stress. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Bible: 2013–2021. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, no longer in use. Cyrillic script. Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 2,618,390 (as L1: 2,608,490; as L2: 9,900). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro. Also established in: Croatia, North Macedonia, Serbia, Slovenia. Unestablished in: Austria, Canada, Czechia, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Turkey, United States.

**Broome Pearling Lugger Pidgin** [bpl] (Broom Creole, Japanese Pidgin English, Koepang Talk, Malay Talk). *Users*: 40, all users. L1 users: No known L1 speakers. Probably never used as L1, although some locals of Broome have retained some of it as part of their jargon. Most active use happened between 1900 and 1930 (Wurm et al 1996). L2 users: 40. No ethnic community. *Location*: Western Australia state: Beagle Bay, Broome, Derby, La Grange, Lombardinie, One Arm Point. *Status*: 9 (Second language only). Lingua franca on pearling boats between Malays, Japanese, Chinese, and Aborigines. *Class*: Pidgin, Malay based. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Other*: Some Japanese [jpn] and Aboriginal creole or pidgin English words.

**Bulgarian** [bul]. *Users*: 2,860 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Balto-Slavic, Slavic, South, Eastern. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); vestiges of dual number; definite article affix; verb affixes mark person, number; tense and aspect; comparatives; 35 consonants, 6 vowels, 2 diphthongs; non-tonal; free stress. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1864–1923. *Writing*: Braille script. Cyrillic script, primary usage. Cyrillic script, Old Church Slavonic variant, 19th century, experimental usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 7,745,340 (as L1: 6,541,540; as L2: 1,203,800). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous

in: Bulgaria, Greece, Serbia, Turkey. Also established in: Hungary, Moldova, Romania, Ukraine. Unestablished in: Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Kazakhstan, Libya, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States.

**Bunganditj** [xbg] (Bak-on-date, Banaditj, Bangandadj, Bangandidj, Barconedeet, Baundik, Boandic, Boandik, Booandik, Booandik-ngolo, Booandki-ngolo, Booganitch, Booganity, Boongandity, Borandikngolo, Buadik, Buandic, Buandig, Buandik, Buanditj, Bugandity, Bung'andaetch, Bunganadity, Bungandaetch, Bungandaetcha, Bungandaitj, Bungandidj, Bungandij, Bunganditjngolo, Bungandity, Bunjanditj, Burhwundeirtch, Dualat-ngolonung, Dualatngolonung, Nguro, Pungandaitj, Pungandik, Pungantitj, Pungatitj). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers probably died in the late 1800s (Blake 2003). *Location*: South Australia state: Balmoral, Cape Jaffa, Casterton, Dartmoor, Glenelg river, Lake Mundi, Mount Gambier, Mount Zero, Penola, Robe, Wannon river, Western Grampians. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Bungandidj. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. There is an ongoing language program at Mount Gambier's Burrandies Aboriginal Corporation and Penola Primary School (2016). *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Bunuba** [bck] (Booneba, Bunaba, Bunapa, Kunamba, Punamba, Punapa, Punuba). *Users*: 150 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Fitzroy Crossing area. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Bunaban. *Lg Use*: Older adults only. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Burarra** [bvr] (Anbarra, Barera, Bawera, Burada, Bureda, Burera, Gidjingaliya Gujingalia, Gujalabiya, Gun-Guragone, Jikai, Tchikai). Autonym: Gu-jingarliya. *Users*: 1,280 (2021 census), including 1,230 Burarra and 50 Gun-narpta (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Maningrida. *Status*: 5\* (Developing). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Burarran. *Dialect*: Gun-narpta (Gu-jarlabiya, Gun-narpta). *Type*: SOV. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Djinang [dji], Gurr-goni [gge], Na-kara [nck], Yan-nhangu [jay]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. NT: 1991. *DLS*: Emerging (0.02). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Burduna** [bxn] (Boordoona, Budina, Budoona, Buduna, Pinneegooroo, Poodena, Poordoona, Purduma, Purduna). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the early 1990s. *Location*: Western Australia state: Henry and upper Lyndon rivers. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Kanyara. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Burmese** [mya]. *Users*: 18,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Sino-Tibetan, Tibeto-Burman, Ngwi-Burmese, Burmish, Southern. *Type*: SOV; noun head final; tense and aspect; 31 consonants, 8 vowels, 4 diphthongs; tonal (3 tones). *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1835–2014. *Writing*: Braille script. Myanmar (Burmese) script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 43,025,110 (as L1: 33,023,270; as L2: 10,001,840). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Myanmar. Unestablished in: Canada, Denmark, Germany, Laos (Myen), Malaysia, New Zealand,

Norway, South Korea, Thailand, United States.

**Cebuano** [ceb]. Autonym: Binisaya. *Users*: 11,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Austronesian, Malayo-Polynesian, Greater Central Philippine, Central Philippine, Bisayan, Cebuan. *Type*: VSO; noun head final; tense and aspect; 16 consonants, 3 vowels, 4 diphthongs; non-tonal; free stress; inclusive/exclusive pronouns. *Lg Dev*: Literature. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1917–1981. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 16,002,510 (as L1: 15,995,010; as L2: 7,500). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: Philippines. Unestablished in: Canada, New Zealand, United States.

**Chaldean Neo-Aramaic** [cld]. *Users*: 21,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Afro-Asiatic, Semitic, Central, Aramaic, Eastern, Central, Northeastern. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Texts. NT: 2006. *Writing*: Syriac script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 193,730 (as L1: 191,230; as L2: 2,500). Global EGIDS level: 7 (Shifting). Indigenous in: Iraq. Unestablished in: Canada, Germany, Lebanon, Netherlands, Syria, Turkey, United States.

**Chin, Hakha** [cnh]. Autonym: Lai, Lai Chin. *Users*: 6,390 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Sino-Tibetan, Tibeto-Burman, Kuki-Chin, Central, Lai. *Type*: SOV; negation is marked after the verb. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Bible: 1978–2016. *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 211,990 (as L1: 171,990; as L2: 40,000). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: India, Myanmar.

**Chinese, Hakka** [hak]. *Users*: 9,140 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Sino-Tibetan, Chinese. *Type*: SVO; tonal. *Lg Dev*: Literature. Newspapers. Periodicals. Radio. TV. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1916–2012. *Writing*: Han script, Simplified variant. Han script, Traditional variant. Latin script, used since early 19th century. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 44,271,630 (as L1: 44,020,430; as L2: 251,200). Global EGIDS level: 4 (Educational). Indigenous in: China, China–Hong Kong. Also established in 12 other countries and unestablished in 8 more.

**Chinese, Mandarin** [cmn]. *Users*: 685,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Location*: Widespread. *Status*: 5\* (Dispersed). *Class*: Sino-Tibetan, Chinese. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; 6 full (concrete meaning) word classes; no articles; passives; 24 consonants, 8 vowels, 6 diphthongs; tonal (4 phonemic tones). *Lg Use*: Also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Taught as subject in some primary and secondary schools. Fully developed. Bible: 1874–1983. *Writing*: Bopomofo script, used since 1913, revised in 1920 and 1932, mainly used in Taiwan. Braille script. Han script, Simplified variant, used since 1956, official in Mainland China (1956) and Singapore (1969), also used elsewhere. Han script, Traditional variant, used since mid-19th century, official in Taiwan, also used elsewhere. Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. Many Chinese people migrated to Australia during the 1850s gold rushes. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,138,222,350 (as L1: 939,237,350; as L2: 198,985,000). Global EGIDS level: 0 (International). Indigenous in: China. Also established in 16 other countries and unestablished in 61 more.

**Chinese, Min Nan** [nan]. *Users*: 20,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Sino-Tibetan, Chinese. *Type*: SVO; tone sandhi, tonal. *Lg Dev*: Literature. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1933. *Writing*: Bopomofo script, used since 1998, used in Taiwan. Han script, Simplified variant. Katakana script, used between 1895–1945, once used in Taiwan. Latin script, used since 1850. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 50,312,390 (as L1: 49,909,390; as L2: 403,000). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: China, China–Taiwan. Also established in: Brunei, Cambodia, China–Hong Kong, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand. Unestablished in: Canada, Japan, New Zealand, United States.

**Chinese, Wu** [wuu]. *Users*: 4,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Sino-Tibetan, Chinese. *Type*: SVO; tone sandhi, tonal. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1908–1914. *Writing*: Han script, Simplified variant, used since 1981. Han script, Traditional variant. Latin script, used since mid/late 19th century. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 83,421,190 (as L1: 83,353,940; as L2: 67,250). Global EGIDS level: 5 (Developing). Indigenous in: China. Unestablished in: Canada, China–Hong Kong, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nigeria, United States.

**Chinese, Yue** [yue]. *Users*: 295,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Location*: Major cities. *Status*: 5\* (Dispersed). *Class*: Sino-Tibetan, Chinese. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; genitives, relatives, adjectives, numerals before noun heads; noun classifiers; no articles; 18 consonants, 7 vowels; tonal (6 tones: 3 level, 3 contour). *Lg Use*: Also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1894–1981. *Writing*: Braille script, used in Hong Kong. Han script, Simplified variant. Han script, Traditional variant, official usage in Hong Kong and Macau, also used elsewhere. Latin script, used since mid-19th century. *Other*: Non-indigenous. Many Chinese people migrated to Australia during the 1850s gold rushes. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 86,633,370 (as L1: 86,116,370; as L2: 517,000). Global EGIDS level: 2 (Provincial). Indigenous in: China, China–Hong Kong, China–Macao. Also established in 11 other countries and unestablished in 19 more.

**Cook Islands Maori** [rar]. Autonym: Te Reo Maori. *Users*: 5,390 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Austronesian, Malayo-Polynesian, Central-Eastern Malayo-Polynesian, Eastern Malayo-Polynesian, Oceanic, Central-Eastern Oceanic, Remote Oceanic, Central Pacific, East Fijian-Polynesian, Polynesian, Nuclear, East, Central, Tahitic. *Lg Dev*: Bible: 1851–1888. *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 27,190. Global EGIDS level: 6b (Threatened). Indigenous in: Cook Islands. Unestablished in: French Polynesia (Rarotongan), New Zealand (Rarotongan).

**Croatian** [hrv]. Autonym: Hrvatski. *Users*: 54,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Balto-Slavic, Slavic, South, Western. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); no articles; case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense and aspect; causatives; comparatives; 25 consonants, 5 vowels, 2 diphthongs; tonal (4 tones), stress is connected with tone. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1831–1999. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary

usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 6,758,610 (as L1: 5,474,510; as L2: 1,284,100). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Austria, Croatia, Montenegro. Also established in: Bosnia and Herzegovina, Hungary, Romania, Serbia, Slovenia. Unestablished in: Argentina, Canada, Czechia, Denmark, Germany, Italy, North Macedonia, Norway, Spain, Sweden, United States.

**Czech** [ces]. Autonym: Český jazyk, Čeština. *Users*: 7,880 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Balto-Slavic, Slavic, West, Czech-Slovak. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); no articles; case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense and aspect; comparatives; 26 consonant and 9 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; stress on first syllable. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. *Bible*: 1380–1980. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 12,257,160 (as L1: 9,568,660; as L2: 2,688,500). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Czechia. Also established in: Austria, Croatia, Poland, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, United States. Unestablished in: Argentina, Bulgaria, Canada, Denmark, Germany, Kazakhstan, New Zealand, Norway, Russian Federation, Spain, Switzerland, Ukraine, United Kingdom.

**Dadi Dadi** [dda] (Dadidadi, Dardi-Dardi, Dardidardi, Tatitati, Tharrthi-Tharrthi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers probably died in the early 1900s. *Location*: Victoria state: northwest; New South Wales state: southwest, Murray river area, north to Benanee. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Ngarinyeric-Yithayithic. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: In 2015, Dr. Luise Hercus, a leading chronicler of endangered Australian Aboriginal languages, gathered Dadi Dadi and other indigenous groups together to hear recordings of their heritage languages with the goal of helping the groups ‘maintain and teach their languages to future generations’. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Dagoman** [dgn]. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Martha Hart, died in 1982. *Location*: Northern Territory. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwinguan, Yangmanic. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly very similar to Wardaman [wrr]. *DLS*: Still.

**Dalabon** [ngk] (Bouin, Boun, Buan, Buin, Buwan, Dangbon, Gundangbon, Nalabon, Ngalabon, Ngalkbon, Ngalkbun). *Users*: 5 (2010 ELDP). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Katherine area, Bulman and Weemol. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwinguan, Ngalkbun. *Lg Use*: Few domains. Elderly only. Shifted to English [eng]. Also use Gunwinggu [gup]. Also use Kriol [rop]. Also use Rembarrnga [rmb]. Used as L2 by Djauan [dja], Rembarrnga [rmb]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Diwurruwurru-jaru Aboriginal Corporation made a teacher’s guide and video materials in the late 1990s and early 2000s. Sarah Cutfield ran the Dalabon Oral Histories Project from 2006 to 2008. There are a number of younger ‘semi-speakers’ who are actively engaged in documentary and revitalization work on their language. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Map*: 101.

**Danish** [dan]. Autonym: Dansk. *Users*: 5,780 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Germanic, North, East Scandinavian, Danish-Swedish, Danish-Riksmal, Danish. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (common/neuter);

indefinite and definite affix; passives (middle, active, passive); tense; comparatives; 19 consonant and 27 vowel phonemes; pitch accent; stress on first syllable. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1550–1993. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 5,612,110 (as L1: 5,608,410; as L2: 3,700). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Denmark, Germany. Also established in: Faroe Islands, Greenland, Sweden. Unestablished in: Canada, Iceland, Luxembourg, New Zealand, Norway, Spain, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States.

**Dari** [prs]. *Users*: 29,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Iranian, Western, Southwestern, Persian. *Type*: SOV; no articles; verb affixes mark person, number; tense and aspect; causatives; 23 consonants, 7 vowels, 2 diphthongs. *Lg Dev*: Literature. Newspapers. Periodicals. Radio. TV. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible: 2008. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, used in print. Arabic script, Nastaliq variant, used in handwriting and for book titles. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 30,291,510 (as L1: 10,277,510; as L2: 20,014,000). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Afghanistan. Also established in: Iran, Pakistan. Unestablished in: Belgium, Canada, Germany, Sweden, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States.

**Darkinyung** [xda] (Darginjang, Darginyung, Darkinjang, Darkinoong, Darkinung, Darknung). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers probably died in the early 1900s. *Location*: New South Wales state: Cessnock, Colo river, Hawkesbury river, Hunter river, Jerry's plain, Macdonald river, Putty, Rylstone, Wisemans ferry, Wollombi. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuin. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Many Rivers Aboriginal Language Centre is running the Darkinyung Language Revitalization program (AIATSIS). *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Daungwurrung** [dgw] (Daung Wurrung, Dhagung-wurrung, Taungurong, Thagawurung, Thagungwurrung). Autonym: Taungurung. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers probably died in the late 1800s. *Location*: Northeastern Victoria state: Broken, Delatite, Coliban, Campaspe, and Goulburn watersheds. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Kulin. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Revitalization program since 2004. Agency: Daungwurrung Language Program. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script, in development.

**Dayi** [dax] (Dha'i, Dhay'yi). *Users*: 13 (2021 census). 13 Dhalwangu and no Dayi or Djarrwark speakers (2016 census). No monolinguals. *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Galiwinku, Lake Evella, Numbulwam, Roper river, Yirrkala. *Status*: 7 (Shifting). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuulngu, Dhuwal. *Dialects*: Dhalwangu, Djarrwark. *Lg Use*: Vitality adversely affected by the scattering of children, who now speak other languages (Wurm 2007). Shifting to English [eng]. Also use Dhuwal [dwu]. Also use Djambarrpyngu [djr]. Also use Gumatj [gnn]. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Map*: 101.

**Dhalandji** [dhl] (Dalandji, Dalendi, Djalendi, Talaindji, Talandi, Talandji, Talangee, Tallainga, Taloinga, Thalantji, Thalanyji). *Users*: 6 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Location*: Western Australia

state: Exmouth gulf head inland to Ashburton river, West Pilbara. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Dhalandji. *Lg Use*: Only a few speakers remain (Wurm 2007). Elderly only. Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Taught as Language Other Than English (LOTE) at Onslow School (2008). *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:1.

**Dhangu-Djangu** [dhg] (Budalpudal, Burada, Buralbural, Buratha, Dangu, Dhaangu, Dhangu, Dhangu'mi, Djangu, War-ramirri, Wameri, Wamiri, Warramiri, Warumeri, Yolngu-Matha, Yuulngu). Autonym: Dhangu-Djangu. *Users*: 200 (2021 census), including 10 Dhangu, 130 Gaalpu, 6 Golumala, 9 Rirratjingu, 27 Wangurri, and 21 Warramiri (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Elcho island. *Status*: 6b\* (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuulngu, Dhangu. *Dialects*: Gaalpu (Kalbu), Wangurri, Ngaymil, Rirratjingu, Golumala. *Type*: SVO, SOV if O is a pronoun or deictic. *Lg Use*: Fewer children speak the language (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng]. Also use Djambarrpuyngu [djr] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Bible portions: 1977–1982. *DLS*: Emerging (0.09). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101:29.

**Dharawal** [tbh] (Dharawaal, Thurawal, Turrubul). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Location*: New South Wales state: Port Hacking to Shoalhaven river. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuin. *Dialects*: Wadiwadi (Wodiwodi), Dharrabal. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Revitalization efforts taking place. *DLS*: Still.

**Dhargari** [dhr] (Dal'gari, Dargari, Targari, Tarkarri, Thargari, Tharrgari, Tharrkari). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Location*: Western Australia state: Kennedy range, lower Lyons and upper Minglya rivers, West Pilbara. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Inland Ngayarda. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Other*: Ruhlen (1987) classifies it in a separate Mantharda group.

**Dharuk** [xdk] (Darrook, Darug, Dhar'rook, Dharrook, Dharruk, Dharug). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Eva Webb, died in 1970. *Location*: New South Wales state: Camden, Campbelltown, Hawkesbury river, Liverpool, Mount Victoria, Penrith, Sydney, Windsor. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuin. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Darug Custodian Aboriginal Corporation is working on the establishment of community language centre in order to run language classes and support the Primary School and High School (2007 AIATSIS). *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Dharumbal** [xgm] (Charumbul, Darambal, Darawal, Darumbal, Koinbal, Koinjmal, Kungalburra, Kungmal, Mamburra, Tarumbal, Tharumbal, Urambal). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speaker died in 1973. *Location*: Queensland state: Bombandy, Broad sound, Cape Palmerston, Coast range, Normanby range, Pine mountain, Saint Lawrence, Styx, Yaamba. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *Dialect*: Kuinmabara (Guwinmal, Kooimarburra, Kooimurburra, Kuinmurbara, Kuinmurbura). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Evidence of revival efforts by members of the Dharumbal community. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

- Dhudhuroa** [ddr] (Dhuduroa, Djilamatang, Do.dor.dee, Dodora, Duduroa, Dyinningmiddhang, Tharamirttong, Theddora, Theddora-mittung, Theddoramittung, Toutourrite, Victorian Alpine). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the mid to late 1800s. *Location*: Victoria state: northeastern region. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Pallanganmiddang. *Lg Dev*: Reawakening. Elementary and Secondary school children in Victoria state, Australia, are learning Dhudhuroa and Murinpatha, the indigenous languages of their region. *DLS*: Still.
- Dhungaloo** [dhx] (Dungaloo). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Roy Hatfield was probably the last speaker, who died ca. 2012. *Location*: Queensland state. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still.
- Dhurga** [dhu] (Dhu'rga, Dhuurga, Durga, Duurga, Tharumba, Thaua, Thoorga, Thurga). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Location*: New South Wales state: Bermagui to Jervis bay. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuin. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dhurga is being taught at primary, secondary, and tertiary levels. *DLS*: Still.
- Dhuwal** [dwu] (Dual, Duala, Wulamba, Yolngu). *Users*: 300 (2015 C. Bow). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Roper river. *Status*: 6a\* (Vigorous). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuulngu, Dhuwal. *Dialects*: Dativuy (Daativuy), Dhuwal, Djapu, Liyagalawumirr, Liyagawumirr, Marrakulu, Marrangu. Most closely related to Djambarrpuynngu [djr]. *Lg Use*: Vigorous. Most also use English [eng]. Also use Djambarrpuynngu [djr]. Used as L2 by Dayi [dax], Djinang [dji]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Emerging (0.02). *Map*: 101.
- Dhuwaya** [dwy] (Baby Gumatj). Autonym: Dhuwaya. *Users*: 1,500, all users. L1 users: 500 (2015 C. Bow). L2 users: 1,000 (2015 C. Bow). *Location*: Northern Territory, North-east Arnhem Land, Yirrkala and surrounding outstations. *Status*: 4 (Educational). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuulngu, Dhuwal. *Dialects*: Most closely related to Gumatj [gnn]. Dhuwaya is Yolngu variety that has resulted from language contact between different Yolngu dialects (Amery 1993). *Lg Use*: Dhuwaya has evolved as the Yirrkala communilect or common language spoken by all of the younger generation irrespective of clan membership (Amery 1993). Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dhuwaya is used as the language of instruction up to grade 4 in the bilingual program at Yirrkala School (Amery 1993:61). Bible portions: 2019. *DLS*: Emerging (0.06). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.
- Dinka, Southeastern** [dks]. Autonym: Thuɔŋjäŋ. *Users*: 12,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Nilo-Saharan, Satellite-Core, Core, Eastern Sudanic, Southern (n languages), Nilotic, Western, Dinka-Nuer, Dinka. *Lg Dev*: Literature. Dictionary. Grammar. NT: 1940. *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,001,920 (as L1: 1,001,400; as L2: 520). Global EGIDS level: 5 (Developing). Indigenous in: South Sudan. Unestablished in: Canada.
- Diyari** [dif] (Dhirari, Dirari). Autonym: Dieri. *Users*: 34 (2021 census). Ethnic population: 600. *Location*: South Australia state: Leigh creek; east of Lake Eyre North. *Status*: 8b (Nearly

extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic, Karna. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. NT: 1897. The Dieri Aboriginal Corporation started preparing Dieri language material for schools in 2009. The Mobile Language Team (MLT) worked with the Dieri Aboriginal Corporation to complete a Dieri language learner's guide in 2017. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Djabugay** [dyy] (Bulum-Bulum, Check-Cull, Chewlie, Djabugai, Dyaabugay, Dyabugay, Hileman, Jaabugay, Kikonjunkulu, Kodgotto, Koko-Tjumbundji, Kokonyungalo, Ngarlkajie, Orlow, Tjabakai-Thandji, Tjabogaijanji, Tjankir, Tjankun, Tjapukai, Tjapunkandji, Tjunbundji). *Users*: 81 (2021 census). *Location*: Queensland state: Barron river south of Mareeba to Kuranda, north to Port Douglas on a plateau. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yidinic. *Dialects*: Njakali (Nyagali, Nyakali), Dyaabugay, Gulay. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. In the 1980s, a revival of the language was undertaken and it has since been in daily use among members of the ethnic group as a symbol of their identity (Wurm 2007). *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Djabwurrung** [tjw] (Chaa wuurong, Chaap Wuurong, Chaap-Warrong, Chaapwurra, Chaapwurru, Chaapwuurong, Chap wurong, Chap wurrung, Chap-wurong, Djab Wurrung, Djab wurung, Djabwuru, Djabwurung, Dyabwurung, Dyapwurong, Jab Wurrong, Jab wurrung, Kolor, Kolorer, Kooloor, Pirtkopannoot, Punoinjon, Purteetchally, Tchawwurong, Thapwurong, Tjap, Tjap-wurong, Tjapwuron, Tjapwurong, Tjapwurun, Tjapwurung, Tjapwuurong, Tyapawurru, Tyapwurru, Tyapwuru). *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2016 census). Last known speaker survived into the 2010s (2016 census). *Location*: Victoria state: Ararat, Hamilton, Hopkins river, Maroona, Mount Rouse, Mount William, Stawell, Wickliffe. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Kulin. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Djadjawurrung** [dja] (Djadja Wurrung, Djadjawurung, Dyadyawurung, Jaara, Jaja-Wurrung, Jajawurung, Le Wurrung, Lewurru, Lewurrung, Yaara, Yaura). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the end of the 19th century. *Location*: Victoria state: Boort, Kyneton, Lake Buloke, Navarre hill, Wallaloo creek. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Kulin. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Djambarrpuyngu** [djr] (Djambarbwingu, Jambapuing, Jambapuingo). Autonym: Djambarrpuyngu. *Users*: 3,870 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Elcho island. *Status*: 3 (Wider communication). Originated in northern Australia around 1920 through a Methodist mission settlement. Associated with the Galiwin'ku community and the large Djambarrpuyngu clan. Lingua franca for six sub-clans. *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuulngu, Dhuwal. *Lg Use*: Used as L2 by Dayi [dax], Dhangu-Djangu [dhg], Dhuwal [dwu], Djinang [dji], Djinba [djb], Gupapuyngu [guf], Yan-nhangu [jay], Yolngu Sign Language [ygs]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Texts. NT: 2008. *DLS*: Emerging (0.06). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101:27.

**Djamindjung** [djd] (Jaminjung). *Users*: 96 (2021 census), including 90 Ngaliwuru and 6 Djamindjung speakers (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Victoria river. *Status*: 8a

(Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Djamindjungan. *Dialect*: Ngaliwuru (Ngaliwerra, Ngaliwurru). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. Also use Kriol [rop]. Also use Ngarinyman [nbj]. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Djangan** [djf] (Adho-Adhom, Butju, Chungki, Chunkumberries, Chunkunburra, Gugu Djangan, Jangun Djangan, Koko-Mudju, Koko-Tyankun, Mutyu, Ngaigungo). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Alma-den north to Mount Mulligan, east to Dimbula, west to Mungana. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yalandyic. *DLS*: Still.

**Djauan** [djn] (Adowen, Djawan, Jawan, Jawony, Jawoyn, Kumertuo). *Users*: 15 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Bamyili settlement, Katherine. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwinguan, Djauanic. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Some also use Dalabon [ngk] (Wurm 2007). Some also use English [eng] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Djawi** [djw] (Djawi, Jawi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Western Australia state: islands from Brunswick bay to King sound. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Nyulnyulan. *DLS*: Still.

**Djeebbana** [djj] (Gunavidji, Ndjébbana). *Users*: 370 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Maningrida north coast area, West Arnhem Land. *Status*: 6b\* (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Gunwinguan, Burarran. *Dialects*: None known. Not closely related to other languages. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. Also use Gunwinggu [gup], or another Burarran language. Used as L2 by Kunbarlang [wlg], Na-kara [nck]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:22.

**Djinang** [dji] (Jandjijung). *Users*: 150 (2021 census), including 120 Djinang and 30 Wulaki (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Blyth, Goyder, and Ramingining rivers. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuulngu, Djinang. *Dialects*: Djadiwitjibi, Mildjingi, Wulaki (Wurlaki), Balurbi, Murrungun, Manyarring. *Lg Use*: Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [eng]. Also use Burarra [bvr], especially by Wulaki dialect speakers. Also use Dhuwal [dwu]. Also use Djambarrpuyngu [djr]. Also use Djinba [djb]. Also use Gupapuyngu [guf]. Used as L2 by Djinba [djb]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1985–1987. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Intermarry with the Djinba [djb]. *Map*: 101.

**Djinba** [djb]. *Users*: 52 (2021 census), including 15 Djinba and 37 Ganalbingu (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, southeast adjoining Djinang area, Ngangalala. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuulngu, Djinang. *Dialects*: Ganalbingu, Dabi, Mandjalpingu. Lexical similarity: 60% with Djinang [dji]. *Lg Use*: Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [eng]. Also use Djambarrpuyngu [djr]. Also use Djinang [dji]. Used as L2 by Djinang [dji], Ritharrngu [rit]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Other*: Intermarry with the Djinang [dji]. *Map*: 101.

**Djiwarli** [dze] (Djiwali, Djwarli, Jivali, Jiwali, Jiwarli, Tivali, Tjiwali, Tjiwarli). *Users*: No known

L1 speakers. The last speaker, Jack Butler, died in 1986. *Location*: Western Australia state: Ashburton river, Elliott creek, Henry river, Lyons river, Mount Florry, Mount Hamlet, Yannarie river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Coastal Ngayarda. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Thiin [iin]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Other*: Ruhlen (1987) classifies it in a separate Mantharda group.

**Dutch** [nld]. Autonym: Nederlands. *Users*: 27,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Germanic, West, Low Saxon-Low Franconian, Low Franconian. *Type*: SVO (SOV in subordinate clauses); prepositions; noun head final; gender (common/neuter); definite and indefinite articles; passives (middle, active, passive); tense and aspect; comparatives; 21 consonants, 13 vowels, 3 diphthongs; non-tonal; stress on first syllable. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1526–2004. *Writing*: Braille script, used since 1951. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 24,487,090 (as L1: 22,862,590; as L2: 1,624,500). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Belgium, Netherlands. Also established in: Aruba, Caribbean Netherlands, Curacao, Sint Maarten, Suriname, United States. Unestablished in: Austria, Brazil, Canada, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Greece, Indonesia, Luxembourg, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom.

**Dyaberdyaber** [dyb] (Jabirr-Jabirr, Jabirjabirr). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Western Australia state: Beagle Bay south coast and inland. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Nyulnyulan. *DLS*: Still.

**Dyangadi** [dyn] (Boorkutti, Burgadi, Dainggati, Dangadi, Dangati, Danggadi, Danggetti, Dhanggati, Dhanggatti, Djan-Gadi, Ghangatty, Tangetti, Thangatti, Thangatty). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died in the 1980s (Wurm 2007). *Location*: New South Wales state: Armidale, Kempsey area, Macleay river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Dyangadi. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Language classes for adults offered at Djigay Centre at Kempsey TAFE (Technical and Further Education) and in Bellbrook; Thunghutti Tidda's Aboriginal Corporation was producing a K–6 language teaching kit in 2007. *DLS*: Still.

**Dyirbal** [dbl] (Djirubal). *Users*: 74 (2021 census), including 24 Dyirbal and 50 Girramay (2021 census). *Location*: Queensland state: Millaa Millaa, Ravenshoe, and Woodleigh; east to Tully falls; Herberton south to Herbert river headwaters to Cashmere. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Dyirbalic. *Dialects*: Dyiru, Girramay (Keramai), Gulnguy (Gulngay), Mamu, Ngadjan (Ngatjan). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Dyugun** [dyd] (Djugun, Jugun, Jukun). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Western Australia state: Broome coast area and inland. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Nyulnyulan. *DLS*: Still.

**English** [eng]. Autonym: English. *Users*: 24,400,000 in Australia (2020), all users. L1 users:

18,300,000 (2021 census). *Status*: 1 (National). De facto national language. *Class*: Indo-European, Germanic, West, English. *Dialects*: Australian Standard English, Aboriginal English, Neo-Nyungar (Noogar, Noonga, Noongar). There are 1,540 people who are descended from the Nyunga who speak a mixture of English and Nyunga (2021 census). They are sometimes called Noonga, Noongar, or Noogar, and their speech Neo-Nyunga. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; genitives after noun heads; articles, adjectives, numerals before noun heads; question word initial; word order distinguishes subject, object, indirect objects, given and new information, topic and comment; active and passive; causative; comparative; consonant and vowel clusters; 24 consonants, 13 vowels, 8 diphthongs; non-tonal; free stress; phrasal verbs. *Lg Dev*: Taught in all primary and secondary schools. Taught in all tertiary schools. Fully developed. Bible: 1382–2002. *Writing*: Braille script. Deseret Alphabet, developed in 1854 with limited usage until 1877. Duployan shorthand. Latin script, primary usage. Shavian (Shaw) script, no longer in use. *Other*: Non-indigenous. Minor regional dialect differences. Neo-Nyungar is the community dialect of the Nyungar [nys] people. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,456,448,320 (as L1: 379,682,200; as L2: 1076,766,120). Global EGIDS level: 0 (International). Indigenous in: Ireland, United Kingdom. Also established in 167 other countries and unestablished in 16 more.

**Erre** [err] (Ari, Ere). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Northern Territory: East Alligator river area, Mount Howship; Red Lily area west of Oenpelli. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Giimbiyu. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Estonian, Standard** [ekk] (Eesti Keel). Autonym: Eesti Keel. *Users*: 2,080 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: 5\* (Dispersed). *Class*: Uralic, Finnic. *Type*: SVO; 14 cases: affixes indicate case of noun phrases; verb affixes mark person, number of subject, and agreement (obligatory); genitives, adjectives, numerals before noun heads; question word initial; word order distinguishes given and new information; active and passive voice; 4 moods in both voices: indicative, imperative, conditional, oblique; 2 infinitives for all verbs; 4 tenses in both voices and all moods: present, past, perfect, pluperfect; 3 degrees of comparison: positive, comparative, superlative; stress on first syllable; possible secondary stress on third syllable; non-tonal. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1739–1995. *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,149,010 (as L1: 1,148,690; as L2: 320). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Estonia. Also established in: Finland. Unestablished in: Canada, Denmark, Georgia, Germany, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Norway, Russian Federation, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States.

**Fiji Hindi** [hif]. Autonym: Fiji Baat. *Users*: 4,770 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Indo-Aryan, Intermediate Divisions, Eastern, East Central. *Type*: SOV; verb conjugations have been simplified from standard Hindi [hin]. *Lg Dev*: Newspapers. Radio. Dictionary. Grammar. NT: 2002. *Writing*: Devanagari script. Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 331,570 (as L1: 179,570; as L2: 152,000). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: Fiji. Unestablished in: New Zealand.

- Fijian** [fij]. Autonym: Na Vosa Vakaviti. *Users*: 10,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Austronesian, Malayo-Polynesian, Central-Eastern Malayo-Polynesian, Eastern Malayo-Polynesian, Oceanic, Central-Eastern Oceanic, Remote Oceanic, Central Pacific, East Fijian-Polynesian, East Fijian. *Type*: VOS. *Lg Dev*: Newspapers. Radio. Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible: 1864. *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 337,650. Global EGIDS level: 4 (Educational). Indigenous in: Fiji. Unestablished in: New Zealand, United States, Vanuatu.
- Finnish** [fin]. Autonym: Suomi. *Users*: 5,530 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Uralic, Finnic. *Type*: SVO; mostly postpositions, some prepositions; noun head final; no articles; case-marking (11 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense; comparatives; 17 consonants, 16 vowels, 16 diphthongs; non-tonal; stress on first syllable; vowel harmony. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1642–1991. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 5,609,760 (as L1: 4,952,060; as L2: 657,700). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Finland, Russian Federation. Also established in: Aland Islands, Estonia, Sweden. Unestablished in: Austria, Canada, Denmark, Germany, Norway, Spain, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States.
- Flinders Island** [fln] (Gambilmugu, Mutumui, Walmbaria, Wurima, Yalgawarra). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Johnny Flinders, died circa 2000. *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, Flinders island, Princess Charlotte bay. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Flinders Island. *DLS*: Still.
- French** [fra]. Autonym: français. *Users*: 70,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Italic, Romance, Italo-Western, Western, Gallo-Iberian, Gallo-Romance, Gallo-Rhaetian, Oïl, French. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final for common adjectives, numbers, possessives, but most attributive adjectives come after the noun; gender (masculine/feminine); definite and indefinite articles; verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense; comparatives; 20 consonant and 14 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; syllable-timed stress. *Lg Dev*: Taught as subject in many primary and secondary schools. Fully developed. Bible: 1530–2000. *Writing*: Braille script. Duployan shorthand. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 309,804,220 (as L1: 80,770,190; as L2: 229,034,030). Global EGIDS level: 0 (International). Indigenous in: Andorra, Belgium, France, Luxembourg, Monaco, Switzerland. Also established in 96 other countries and unestablished in 23 more.
- Gabi-Gabi** [gbw] (Cabee, Carby, Carby-carbery, Dhapil, Dhipil, Dippil, Dipple, Doon-dooburra, Doondoora, Dowarburra, Dundubara, Dunduura, Gabi, Gabigabi, Gubbi Gubbi, Kabbi, Kabi, Kabi Kabi, Kabikabi, Kahby, Karabi, Karbi, Maiba). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. In 1983 there were only a few rememberers of the language (Holmer 1983). *Location*: Queensland state: Bribie island, Burnett, Caboolture, Childers, Cooroy, Fraser island, Gympie, Hervey bay, Jimna range, Kilkivan, Mary river, Maryborough; coast ranges. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Waka-Kabic. *Dialects*: Batjala [xby] is considered to be a dialect

of Gabi-Gabi by some (Dixon 2002). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still.

**Gadjerawang** [gdh] (Gadjerong, Gadjerrong, Gadyerong, Gajerrong, Gajirrabeng, Gajirrawoong, Kadjerawang, Kadjeroen, Kadjerong, Kadpjeroen, Kajirrawong, Kajirrawung). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker may have survived into the 2010s. *Location*: Western Australia state and Northern Territory: Wyndham to Victoria river mouth and inland on north coast. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Djeragan. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still.

**Gagadu** [gbu] (Abdedal, Abiddul, Gaagudju, Gagadju, Gagudju, Kakadu, Kakakta, Kakdju, Kakdjuan). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Big Bill Neidjie, died in May 2002. *Location*: Northern Territory: Oenpelli. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Gagudjuan. *Type*: 17 consonants and 10 vowels (5 short, 5 long). *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Gambera** [gma] (Gamberre, Gambre, Gamgre, Guwan, Kambera). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Western Australia state: Admiralty gulf, far north Kimberleys area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Worroran. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Gamilaraay** [kld] (Cam ell eri, Camel Duahi, Camileroi, Camleroy, Cammealroy, Comleroy, Cum milroy, Cumilri, Cumberoy, Euahlayi, Euhahlayi, Gamilaroi, Gamilray, Gamilroi, Ghummilarai, Gomeroy, Gumilori, Gumilray, Gumilroi, Guminilroi, Gummilray, Gummilroi, Gunilroi, Gunnilaroi, Guyinbaray, Juwalarai, Kaameelarrai, Kahmilaharoy, Kahmilari, Kahml Duhai, Kakmilari, Kamalarai, Kamil, Kamilaori, Kamilarai, Kamilari, Kamilaroi, Kamilary, Kamileroy, Kamilrai, Kamilroi, Kamu, Kamularoi, Karmil, Kimilari, Komleroy, Koomilroi, Northern Gamilaraay, Peel River language, Tjake, Tyake, Ualarai, Walarai, Weraerai, Wirajarai, Yauan). *Users*: 1,070, all users. L1 users: No known L1 speakers, but emerging L2 speakers. Recently extinct in its original form, but spoken by many as a mixture of English [eng] and Gamilaraay (Wurm 2007). It stopped being used daily in the first half of 20th century (Austin and Nathan 1998). L2 users: 1,070 (2021 census). *Location*: New South Wales state: Balonne, Barwon, Bundarra rivers, upper Hunter river, Liverpool Plains; Queensland state: 2 small areas southeast. *Status*: 9 (Reawakening). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Wiradhuric. *Dialect*: Yuwaalaraay. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Attempts are being made to restore an approximation to the original form (Wurm 2007). Extremely active revitalization movement in place. Language courses and an increasing flow of publications are evident (2015 I. Tupper). *DLS*: Emerging (0.02).

**Ganggalida** [gcd] (Engarilla, Eugoola, Ganggalita, Iukala, Jakula, Jogula, Jokal, Jokala, Jokul, Jokula, Jugul, Jugula, Jugulda, Jungulda, Kanggalida, Kangkalita, Mainland Tangkic, Southern Tangkic, Yangarella, Yokula, Yookala, Yugulda, Yukala, Yukula, Yukulta, Yukulta-Nguburindi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely survived into the 2010s. 6 semi-speakers (Wurm 2007). *Location*: Queensland state: Burketown area. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Tangic. *Dialects*: Kanggalita, Nguburindi. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

- Gangulu** [gnl] (Cangoolootha, Ka-ngool-lo, Kaangooloo, Kangalo, Kangulu, Kanolu, Khang, Khangalu, Kongal, Kongul, Konguli). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died in the 1980s. *Location*: Queensland state: Isaac river area, west of Marlborough. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *Lg Dev*: The Woorabinda community developed an LOTE Gangulu program to be taught in primary school. *DLS*: Still.
- Garig-Ilgar** [ilg]. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 2003. *Location*: Northern Territory: Cobourg peninsula mainland; Port Essington area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Yiwaidjan, Yiwaidjic. *Dialects*: Ilgar, Garig. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Iwaidja [ibd] (Wurm 2007). *DLS*: Still.
- Garingbal** [xgi] (Kaingbul, Kanoloo, Karingbal, Karingbool, Karranbal). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: Bedourie, Brown river, Carnavon range, Comet river, Consuelo peak, Expedition range, Rolleston. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.
- Garlali** [gll] (Galali, Kalali, Kalil, Kullali, Kullalli, Kullally, Kullilla, Kullilli, Ngura). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Peter Hood, died sometime between 1999 and 2009. *Location*: Victoria state: Bulloo Downs, north to Orient, west to Grey range, east to Clyde, south to Bulloo lake floodplain. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic, Ngura. *Lg Dev*: Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.
- Garrwa** [wrk] (Gaarwa, Garawa, Garrawa, Grawa, Kariwa, Karrawar, Karrwa, Korrawa, Kurrawar, Leearawa, Leearawa, Wollongorang, Wulungwara). Autonym: Karawa. *Users*: 150 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Borrooloola on Macarthur river east bank near Queensland state border, toward Doomadgee and Nicolson river. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Yanyi. *Dialect*: Gunindirri. Lexical similarity: 66% with Waanyi [wny], 28% with Yanyuwa [jao], 25% with Gudanji [nji], 17% with Wambaya [wmb], 4% with Ganggalida [gcd]. *Lg Use*: Children have not been learning the language since 1980s (Mushin 2012). Older adults only. Shifted to English [eng]. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. Used as L2 by Yanyuwa [jao]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1983–1991. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Intermarry with Yanyuwa [jao]. *Map*: 101.
- German, Standard** [deu] (Deutsch). Autonym: Deutsch. *Users*: 70,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Location*: Scattered. *Status*: 5\* (Dispersed). *Class*: Indo-European, Germanic, West, High German, German, Middle German, East Middle German. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); definite and indefinite articles; case-marking (4 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense; comparatives; 22 consonants, 22 vowels, 3 diphthongs; non-tonal; stress on first syllable of the root. *Lg Dev*: Taught as subject in many primary and secondary schools. Fully developed. Bible: 1466–2016. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. Latin script, Fraktur variant, used until 1940. Runic script, no longer in use. *Other*: Non-indigenous. German immigrants formed the second largest group of early settlers in Australia. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 133,245,880 (as L1: 75,282,080; as L2: 57,963,800). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Austria,

Belgium, Czechia, Denmark, Germany, Italy. Also established in 39 other countries and unestablished in 23 more.

- Githabul** [gih] (Gidabal, Gidabul, Gidhabal, Gidjoobal, Kidabal, Kidjabal, Kita-bool, Kitabool, Kitapul, Kitta-bool, Kittabool, Kuttibul, Noowidal). *Users*: 28 (2021 census). *Location*: Queensland state; New South Wales state: Clarence river, Drake, Killarney, Logan river, Rathdowney, Richmond river, Spicer Gap, Tabulam, Tooloom, Unumgar, Urbenville, Woodenbong. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Bandjalangic. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. In 2013, the Condamine Alliance Languages Project was supporting language revival for Githabul and other language groups found near the Condamine River. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Map*: 101.
- Giyug** [giy]. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Northern Territory: Anson Bay, Peron islands, southwest of Darwin. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Bringen-Wagaydy, Wagaydy. *DLS*: Still.
- Golpa** [lja] (Girrkirr, Golba, Golbu, Gorlba, Gorlbu, Gorlpa, Guba, Gulba, Kolpa, Korlpa, Miliwuru, Nango). *Users*: 1 (2017 J. Kabisch-Lindenlaub). 2 semi-speakers. *Location*: Northern Territory: Elcho, Murru'ga, Wessels. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuulngu. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:26.
- Gooniyandi** [gni] (Goonien, Gunan, Gunian, Guniandi, Guniyan, Guniyandi, Guniyn, Konajan, Konean, Konejandi, Koneyandi, Kunan, Kunian, Kuniandu, Kuniyan, Wadeawulu). Autonym: Gooniyandi. *Users*: 210 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Fossil Downs, Gogo, Louisa, and Margaret river stations. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Bunaban. *Lg Use*: Older adults only. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script, limited usage. *Map*: 101.
- Goreng** [xgg] (Corine, Coro-ran, Kaialiwongi, Kokar, Koorengi, Kuriny, Mongup, Warangu, Warranger, Warrangle, Warrangoo). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker and possibly the entire tribe died before 1963 (Capell 1963). *Location*: Western Australia: Badgebup; Bremer bay; Broome Hill; Ceranbrook; Gairdner river; Gnowangerup; Jeramungup; Kibbleup; Kojonup; Nampup; Nyabing; Ongerup; Pallinup river; Pingrup; Qualeup; Salt river; Stirling range; Tambellup. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Nyungar. *DLS*: Still.
- Greek** [ell]. *Users*: 230,000 in Australia (2021 census), decreasing. *Location*: Widespread. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Indo-European, Greek, Attic. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); definite and indefinite articles; case-marking (3 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives (active, medio-passive, passive); tense and aspect; comparatives; 18 consonant and 5 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; free stress. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1840–1994. *Writing*: Braille script. Cyrillic script, used in Ukraine. Greek script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. During the early 20th century, European immigration was encouraged. Large numbers of Greek speakers were among those admitted. Greek remains as a heritage language. *Worldwide*: Total users in all

countries: 13,088,220 (as L1: 12,992,220; as L2: 96,000). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Albania, Greece. Also established in: Cyprus, Egypt, Hungary, Italy, Romania, Turkey, Ukraine. Unestablished in: Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Finland, Germany, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lebanon, Libya, Luxembourg, Malawi, Mexico, Mozambique, Netherlands, New Zealand, North Macedonia, Norway, Panama, Russian Federation, Sierra Leone, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

**Gudang** [xgd] (Alauikeno, Djagaraga, Gootung, Kekoseno). *Users*: No known L1 speakers.

Gudang or Djagaraga was presumed to be either almost extinct or extinct already in 1963, so the last speaker probably died in the 1960s or earlier (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: Albany island; Cape York; Escape river; Mount Adolphus island. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman. *DLS*: Still.

**Gudanji** [nji] (Gurdanji, Kurdanji, Ngarnga). *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2015 SIL). A few elderly speakers survived into the twenty-first century (Nordlinger 1998). *Location*: Northern Territory: Barkly tableland, Borroloola, Elliott, northeast of Lake Woods, and Tennant creek. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, West Barkly. *Dialects*: Binbinka, Ngarnga (Ngarnji, Ngarnka). *Lg Use*: Shifted to Wambaya [[wmb](#)]. *DLS*: Still.

**Gugadj** [ggd] (Kukatj). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: north coast, west of Karumba inland on Norman river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Flinders Pama. *Lg Dev*: Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Gugu Badhun** [gdc] (Gugu-Badhun, Koko Padun, Koko Patun, Koko-Patun, Kokopatun, Patun). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: west of Ingham and Abergowrie, almost to Einasleigh. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [[eng](#)]. *Lg Dev*: Texts. Revitalization attempts underway (Wurm 2007). *DLS*: Still.

**Gugu Warra** [wrw] (Guguwarra, Koko Wara, Kokolaia, Kokowarra, Kuku-Wara, Laia). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by 1960 (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, west bank of Normanby river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Mbariman. *DLS*: Still.

**Gujarati** [guj]. *Users*: 81,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Indo-Aryan, Intermediate Divisions, Western, Gujarati. *Type*: SOV; postpositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); no articles; case-marking (6 cases); verb affixes mark person, number, gender of subject; split ergativity; passives; tense and aspect; comparatives; 31 consonants, 8 vowels, 2 diphthongs; non-tonal; stress on penultimate syllable. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1823–2005. *Writing*: Braille script. Gujarati script, primary usage. Khojki script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users

in all countries: 62,116,220 (as L1: 57,076,220; as L2: 5,040,000). Global EGIDS level: 2 (Provincial). Indigenous in: India. Also established in: Bahrain, Fiji, Kenya, Pakistan, Singapore, Tanzania, Zambia. Unestablished in: Bangladesh, Botswana, Burundi, Canada, Iran, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Mauritius, New Zealand, Oman, Réunion, South Africa, Sri Lanka, United Kingdom, United States, Zimbabwe.

**Gumatj** [gmn] (Gomadj, Gumait, Gumaj). *Users*: 100 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Yirrkala. *Status*: 6b\* (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuulngu, Dhuwal. *Dialect*: Mangalili. *Type*: SOV. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. Also use Gupapuyngu [guf]. Used as L2 by Dayi [dax], Gupapuyngu [guf]. *Lg Dev*: Texts. NT: 1985. *DLS*: Emerging (0.04). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Gunditjmara** [gjm] (Dhauhurtwurru, Dhauwurd Wurrung, Gournditch-mara, Gundidj, Gurnditschmara, Kirurndit, Kuunditjmara, Kuurn Kopan Noot, Kuurn-kopan-noot, Ngutuk, Nil-can-cone-deets, Tourahonong, Warrnambool, Weeritch-Weeritch). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Frances M. Alberts, died in 1963 (Hercus 1986). *Location*: Victoria state: Cape Bridgewater, Caramut, Hamilton, Hopkins river, Lake Condah, Port Fairy, Portland, Warrambol, Woolsthorpe. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Bungandidj. *Lg Dev*: The Victorian Aboriginal Corporation for Languages had released apps in the Apple App Store with stories and language learning materials in Gunditjmara. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Gundungurra** [xrd] (Burragorang, Cundunorah, Gandangara, Gundanora, Gundungari, Gundungorra, Gurra-gunga). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the 1970s. *Location*: New South Wales state: Berrima, Camden, Goulburn, Wollondilly. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuin. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Ngunawal [xul]. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: The Gundungurra Language Awakening Group has been active since 2003. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Gungabula** [gyf] (Khungabula, Kongabula, Kungabula, Ongabula). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Injune area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Gunwinggu** [gup] (Bininj Gun-Wok, Bininj Gunwok, Gunawitji, Gunwinjgu, Gunwinygu, Kuninjku, Kunwinjkuan, Kunwok). Autonym: Bininj Kunwok, Kunwinjku. *Users*: 1,830 (2021 census), including 12 Gundjeipme, 260 Gunei, 1,490 Gunwinggu, 71 Mayali (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Croker Island, Oenpelli, Maningrida. *Status*: 6a (Vigorous). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Gunwinggic. *Dialects*: Gumadir, Muralidban, Gunei (Kune, Kune Dulerayek, Kune Narayek), Gundjeipme (Gundjeihmi, Kundjeyhmi), Mayali (Manyallaluk Mayali). *Lg Use*: Many domains. Used by all. Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Dalabon [ngk], Djebbbana [djj], Gurr-goni [gge], Iwaidja [ibd], Kunbarlang [wlg], Maung [mph], Rembarrnga [rmb]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. NT: 2018. *DLS*: Emerging (0.04). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Gunya** [gyy] (Kunja, Kurnja). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Margaret McKellar, died in 1972 (Breen 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Wyandra area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *DLS*: Still.

**Gupapuyngu** [guf] (Gobabingo, Gubabwingu). *Users*: 1,100, all users. L1 users: 150 (2021 census), including 36 Dhuwala, 110 Gupapuyngu, 6 Madarrpa (2021 census). L2 users: 950. *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Elcho Islands, Milingimbi. *Status*: 6b\* (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuulngu, Dhuwal. *Dialects*: Gupapuyngu, Madarrpa, Manggalili, Munyuku, Wubulkarra, Walangu, Dhuwala. About 45 related dialects. Reportedly similar to Gumatj [gmn]. *Type*: SOV, OVS. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. Some also use Gumatj [gmn], or other Aboriginal languages. Also use Djambarrpuyngu [djr], which is learned by children. Used as L2 by Djinang [dji], Gumatj [gmn], Yan-nhangu [jay]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1967. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101:25.

**Gurdjar** [gdj] (Goom-Gharra, Gunggara, Kunggara, Kunggera, Kurtjar). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Location*: Queensland state: Delta, Normanton. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Norman Pama. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Kunggari [kgl]. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Gureng Gureng** [gnr] (Curang-gurang, Curanggurang, Daribalang, Ginginburra, Goorang-goorang, Gooranggorang, Gooreng Gooreng, Goreng Goreng, Goreng-Goreng, Gurang, Gurang Gurang, Gurang-Gurang, Guranggurang, Gureng-Gureng, Gurreng Gurreng, Kooranga, Koreng-koreng, Korenggoreng, Korrengkorreng, Kurranga, Taribelang, Taribeleng, Tarribelung, Tulua, Wokka, Yawaim). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1980s. *Location*: Queensland state: north Burnett river district, Abercorn area. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Waka-Kabic, Than. *Dialects*: Gurreng Gurreng dialect uses the trilled r. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Gurindji** [gue] (Gurinji, Wurlayi). *Users*: 640 (2021 census), including 620 Gurindji, 16 Malngin, and 5 Wanyjirra (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Kalkaringi, Victoria river and Wave Hill. *Status*: 7 (Shifting). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Ngumbin. *Dialects*: Malngin, Wanyjirra (Wandjirra). *Lg Use*: Language maintenance activities are being undertaken. Children use only Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Shifting to English [eng]. Shifting to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1981–1986. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Gurindji Children’s Language (GCL), as it was called in the 1970s, is today spoken by both adults and children, the Gurindji-Kriol [gjr] language (McConvell and Meakins 2005). *Map*: 101.

**Gurindji Kriol** [gjr] (Gurindji, Gurindji Children’s Language, Gurinji, Gurinji Kriol, Miksimap). *Users*: 1,000 (Meakins 2013). *Location*: Northern Territory, Victoria River district, Kalkaringi and Daguragu. *Status*: 6a (Vigorous). *Class*: Mixed language, Gurindji-Kriol. *Lg Use*: Gurindji Kriol is spreading outside the traditional Gurinji-speaking area (Meakins 2013). Used

by all. Most also use English [eng]. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Map*: 101.

**Gurr-goni** [gge] (Gorogone, Gun-Guragone, Gunagoragone, Gungorogone, Guragone, Gurrogone, Gutjertabia). *Users*: 40 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, south of Maningrida, Mann river area, northwest of Rembarrnga [rmb] language area, east of Gunwinyggu [gup] language area. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Burarran. *Lg Use*: Children are still learning it (2011). Some young people, all adults. All also use Burarra [bvr]. All also use Gunwinggu [gup]. Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Guugu Yimidhirr** [kky] (Gugu Yimijir, Gugu-Yimidhirr, Guguyimidjir, Guugu Yimithirr, Koko Imudji, Kukuyimidir). *Users*: 810 (2021 census). *Location*: Queensland state: Hopevale. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Guugu-Yimidhirr. *Type*: Has ‘geographical direction’ as opposed to ‘egocentric coordinates’. *Lg Use*: Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1940. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script, no longer in use. *Map*: 101.

**Guwa** [xgw] (Coa, Coah, Goa, Goamalku, Goamulgo). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1970s. *Location*: Queensland state: Victoria river, headwaters of Diamantina north to Kynuna, and Hamilton creek divide; west to Middleton creek; east to Winton and Sesbania; south almost to Cork. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Guwamu** [gwu] (Guamu, Kaombal, Koambal, Koamu, Kooma, Kuam, Kuamu, Oamu). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died in the late 1990s. *Location*: Queensland state: between Maranoa, Moonie, St. George, and Surat rivers. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *DLS*: Still.

**Guyani** [gvy] (Cooyiannie, Gujani, Kijani, Koonarie, Kooteeuna, Kooteeunna, Kooyeeunna, Kooyiannie, Kujani, Kuyani, Kuyanni, Kwiana, Kwiani, Nganitjidi, Ngannityiddi, Owinia). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Alice Oldfield, died in 1978. *Location*: South Australia state: south Yorke Peninsula. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Yura. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Narungga [nrr]. *DLS*: Still.

**Hazaragi** [haz]. *Users*: 41,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Iranian, Western, Southwestern, Persian. *Lg Dev*: Radio. Dictionary. Bible portions: 2008–2015. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Arabic script, Nastaliq variant, used in handwriting and for book titles. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 3,660,000. Global EGIDS level: 5 (Developing). Indigenous in: Afghanistan. Also established in: Iran, Pakistan. Unestablished in: Tajikistan.

**Hebrew** [heb]. *Users*: 10,500 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Afro-Asiatic, Semitic, Central, South, Canaanite. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head initial; gender (masculine/feminine); definite article prefixed to noun; verb affixes mark person, number, gender of subject; tense; comparatives; 22 consonants, 5 vowels, 4 diphthongs; non-tonal. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. NT: 1537–2010. *Writing*: Braille script. Hebrew script, primary usage.

*Other:* Non-indigenous. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 9,339,180 (as L1: 5,980,580; as L2: 3,358,600). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Israel. Also established in: Palestine. Unestablished in: Austria, Canada, Germany, New Zealand, Russian Federation, United Kingdom, United States.

**Hindi** [hin]. *Users:* 197,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Class:* Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Indo-Aryan, Western Hindi, Hindustani. *Type:* SOV; postpositions; noun head final; content q-word in situ; gender (masculine/feminine); no articles; clause constituents partially indicated by case-marking (direct, oblique), postpositions, and word order; verbal affixation marks person, number, gender, and honorificity of subject; split ergativity; both tense and aspect; passives and voice; causatives; non-tonal; 30 consonants, 10 vowels, 2 diphthongs; stress linked to syllable weight. *Lg Dev:* Fully developed. *Bible:* 1835–2000. *Writing:* Braille script. Devanagari script, primary usage. Latin script, recent informal usage, especially online on social media. Mahajani script, no longer in use, historic usage. Newa script, no longer in use, historic usage. *Other:* Non-indigenous. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 609,454,770 (as L1: 344,650,870; as L2: 264,803,900). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: India. Also established in: Kuwait, Nepal, Singapore, South Africa. Unestablished in: Austria, Belgium, Belize, Brunei, Cambodia, Canada, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Equatorial Guinea, Eswatini, Finland, Germany, Indonesia, Ireland, Kenya, Lesotho, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Mauritius, Myanmar, New Zealand, Oman, Panama, Philippines, Portugal, Puerto Rico, Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saudi Arabia, Sierra Leone, Sint Maarten, Sri Lanka, Sweden, Thailand, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States, Yemen.

**Hmong Njua** [hnj]. *Autonym:* Hmongb Nzhuab, Moob Leeg. *Users:* 3,120 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Class:* Hmong-Mien, Hmongic, Chuanqiandian. *Lg Dev:* Literature. Dictionary. Grammar. *Bible:* 2011. *Writing:* Lao script. Latin script, primary usage. Miao (Pollard) script, used in China. Pahawh Hmong script. Thai script, used in Thailand. *Other:* Non-indigenous. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 468,920. Global EGIDS level: 6a (Vigorous). Indigenous in: China, Laos, Thailand, Vietnam. Also established in: Myanmar. Unestablished in: French Guiana, United States.

**Hungarian** [hun]. *Autonym:* Magyar. *Users:* 17,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Class:* Uralic. *Type:* SVO; postpositions; noun head final; definite article; case-marking (18 cases); verb affixes mark person, number, object; no passives; tense; comparatives; 25 consonants, 14 vowels, no diphthongs; non-tonal; stress on first syllable; vowel harmony. *Lg Dev:* Fully developed. *Bible:* 1590–1991. *Writing:* Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other:* Non-indigenous. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 12,617,790 (as L1: 12,610,690; as L2: 7,100). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Austria, Hungary, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Ukraine. Also established in: Croatia, Israel, Slovenia. Unestablished in: Brazil, Canada, Czechia, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Ireland, Luxembourg, Moldova, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Russian Federation, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States.

**Igbo** [ibo]. Autonym: Igbo. *Users*: 3,210 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Niger-Congo, Atlantic-Congo, Volta-Congo, Benue-Congo, Igboid, Igbo. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; no articles; tense; 37 consonant and 8 vowel phonemes; tonal (3 level phonemic tones); vowel harmony (ATR). *Lg Dev*: Literature. Radio. TV. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1906–2009. *Writing*: Latin script, used since 1900. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 30,891,880 (as L1: 30,882,520; as L2: 9,360). Global EGIDS level: 2 (Provincial). Indigenous in: Nigeria. Unestablished in: Canada, Finland, Ghana, Ireland, United Kingdom, United States.

**Ikaranggal** [ikr] (Aghu Tharnggalu, Ikarranggal, Ikarranggal). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably became extinct early in 20th century. *Location*: Queensland state: Dixie, Goldfield, Lakeland, Palmer. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Rarmul Pama. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Indonesian** [ind]. Autonym: Bahasa Indonesia. *Users*: 73,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Austronesian, Malayo-Polynesian, Malayo-Chamic, Malayic, Malay. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head initial, but quantifiers before noun; 3 noun classifiers; no articles; aspect; 19 consonants, 6 vowels, 3 diphthongs; non-tonal; stress on penultimate syllable; 2 social registers; inclusive/exclusive pronouns. *Lg Dev*: Taught as subject in some primary and secondary schools. Fully developed. Bible: 1974–2000. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 199,113,300 (as L1: 43,666,200; as L2: 155,447,100). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Indonesia. Also established in: East Timor. Unestablished in: Canada, China–Hong Kong, China–Taiwan, Germany, Kuwait, Netherlands, New Zealand, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Sint Maarten, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, United States.

**Italian** [ita] (Italiano). Autonym: Italiano. *Users*: 228,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Location*: Widespread. *Status*: 5\* (Dispersed). *Class*: Indo-European, Italic, Romance, Italo-Western, Italo-Dalmatian. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; gender (masculine/feminine); definite and indefinite articles; verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense; comparatives; 23 consonant and 7 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; stress mostly on penultimate syllable. *Lg Use*: Also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Taught as subject in some primary and secondary schools. Fully developed. Bible: 1471–1985. *Writing*: Braille script, used since 1974. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. During the early 20th century, European immigration was encouraged. Large numbers of Italian speakers were among those admitted. Italian remains as a heritage language. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 67,935,480 (as L1: 64,647,380; as L2: 3,288,100). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Croatia, Italy, San Marino, Slovenia, Switzerland. Also established in 11 other countries and unestablished in 35 more.

**Iwaidja** [ibd] (Eiwaja, Ibadjo, Iwaidja Inyman, Iwaidji, Iwaja yinyman, Iwaydja, Jiwadja, Karadjee, Limba, Yibadjdja, Yiwaidja). Autonym: Manganawal Iwaja. *Users*: 150 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Croker Island. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*:

Australian, Yiwaidjan, Yiwaidjic. *Dialect*: Iwaydja. *Lg Use*: Some domains. Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [eng]. Also use Gunwinggu [gup]. Used as L2 by Garig-Ilgar [ilg]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Bible portions: 1981. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101:20.

**Jaitmatang** [xjt] (Gundungerre, Jadjmadang, Jaithmathang, Jaitmathang, Yadymadhang). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Victoria state: Lake Dartmouth. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuin. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Jandai** [jan] (Coobenpil, Djandai, Djendewal, Dsandai, Goenpul, Goinbal, Gonjbal, Janday, Jendairwal, Jundai, Koenpel, Noogoon, Tchandi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the 1980s (Wurm 2007). *Location*: Queensland state: southern two-thirds of Stradbroke Island. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Durubulic. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Japanese** [jpn]. *Users*: 58,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Location*: Major cities. *Status*: 5\* (Dispersed). *Class*: Japonic. *Type*: SOV; postpositions; demonstrative, numeral, adjective, possessive, relative clause, proper noun precedes noun head; adverb precedes verb; sentence final question particle; no articles; passives; tense and aspect; causatives; 15 consonants, 5 vowels, 3 diphthongs; non-tonal; pitch-accentuation pattern. *Lg Use*: Also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Taught as subject in many primary and secondary schools. Fully developed. Bible: 1883–2018. *Writing*: Braille script. Han, Hiragana, and Katakana scripts, primary usage. Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. Japanese pearl divers were among some of the earliest immigrants to Australia. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 123,445,570 (as L1: 123,285,670; as L2: 159,900). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Japan. Also established in: China–Taiwan, United States. Unestablished in: American Samoa, Argentina, Austria, Brazil, Canada, China–Hong Kong, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Finland, Germany, Guam, Indonesia, Malaysia, Mexico, Micronesia, New Zealand, Panama, Paraguay, Philippines, Russian Federation, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Thailand, United Kingdom.

**Jaru** [ddj] (Djaru, Jaroo, Tjaru, Wawari). *Users*: 560 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: southeast Kimberley region, Halls Creek, Ringers Soak; Northern Territory: southeast of Gurindji [gue] area. *Status*: 7 (Shifting). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Ngumbin. *Dialects*: Nyininy, Djaru. *Lg Use*: Children speak Kriol [rop] or Aboriginal English [eng] (Wurm 2007). Adults only. Shifting to English [eng]. Shifting to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Jingulu** [jig] (Chingalee, Chunguloo, Djingila, Djingili, Djingulu, Jingali, Jingili, Lee, Tchingalee, Tjingili, Tjingilu). *Users*: 40 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Ash Burton range area, Elliott, Elsey station, Newcastle waters. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, West Barkly. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop]. Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Kala Lagaw Ya** [mwp] (Central Torres Strait, Kala Lagau Langgus, Kala Lagaw, Kala Yagaw Ya,

Kalau Lagau Ya, Langgus, Langus, Linggo, Mabuiag, Yagar Yagar). *Users*: 890 (2021 census). *Location*: Queensland state: Badu, Bamaga islands, Boigu, Coconut, Dauan, Kubin, Mabuiag, Moa, Saibai, Sue, Thursday, Yam, Yorke, Western Torres Strait islands; Brisbane, Townsville. *Status*: 5\* (Developing). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Kala Lagaw Ya. *Dialect*: Kalaw Kawaw. *Type*: SOV. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. Also use Torres Strait Creole [tcs], especially those younger than 30 when outside the language area. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. NT: 1994. *DLS*: Emerging (0.02). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Kalaamaya** [lkm] (Galamai, Galamaya, Kalamai, Kalamai, Karlamay, Karlamayi, Kelamai).

*Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963).

*Location*: Western Australia state: Boorabbin and Southern Cross; east to Bullabulling; north to Youanmi, Lake Barlee, and Pigeon Rocks; west to Burracoppin, Kalannie, Lake Moore and Mukinbudin; south to about Mount Holland in the Parker range. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Kalarko** [kba] (Galaagu, Kalaako, Kalaaku, Kalako, Kalakul, Kalarku, Malba, Malpa). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably became extinct in the 1960s. *Location*: Western Australia state: Bremer and Fraser ranges area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Mirning. *DLS*: Still.

**Kalkutung** [ktg] (Galgadungu, Galgaduun, Kalkadoon, Kalkatungu, Kalkutungu). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Location*: Queensland state: Mount Isa area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Galgadungic. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Kamu** [xmu] (Gamor, Gamu). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1970s. *Location*: Northern Territory: south of Darwin, east of Daly river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Malagmalag, Daly Proper. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Kanju** [kbe] (Gandanju, Gandju, Jabuda, Kaanju, Kaantyu, Kamdhue, Kandju, Kandyu, Kanyu, Karnu, Neogulada, Yaldiye-Ho). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker may have survived into the 2010s. *Location*: Queensland state: Central Cape York. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northeastern Pama. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Kannada** [kan]. *Users*: 14,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Dravidian, Southern, Tamil-Kannada, Kannada. *Type*: SOV; postpositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person, number, gender of subject; tense and aspect; causatives; 22 consonants, 20 vowels, 2 diphthongs; non-tonal; light stress on first syllable. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1831–2000. *Writing*: Braille script. Kannada script, primary usage. Nandinagari script, no longer in use. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 58,689,790 (as L1: 43,680,530; as L2: 15,009,260). Global EGIDS level: 2 (Provincial). Indigenous in: India. Unestablished in: Canada, Malaysia, New Zealand, Singapore, United Kingdom, United States.

**Karajarri** [gbd] (Garadjari, Garadjiri, Garadyari, Gard'are, Guradjara, Karadjeri, Karrajari).

*Users:* 50 (2021 census). *Location:* Western Australia state: Broome, La Grange mission, Roebuck Bay and inland. *Status:* 8a (Moribund). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Marngu. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS:* Still. *Map:* 101:5.

**Karen, S'gaw** [ksw]. *Users:* 13,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Class:* Sino-Tibetan, Tibeto-Burman, Karenic, Southern. *Type:* SVO. *Lg Dev:* Literature. Periodicals. Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible: 1853–2004. *Writing:* Latin script, no longer in use. Myanmar (Burmese) script. *Other:* Non-indigenous. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 2,268,230 (as L1: 2,187,430; as L2: 80,800). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: Myanmar, Thailand. Unestablished in: Canada.

**Karenggapa** [eaa] (Garanggaba, Karrengappa, Kurengappa). *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died before the 1950s (Hercus and Austin 2004). *Location:* Queensland state: Bulloo river about Bulloo lakes; Connulpie Downs and Yalpunga; Mount Bygrave and Woodbum lake; southwest to Milpa-rinka area; east to Therloo Downs; New South Wales state: Tiboo-burra. *Status:* 9 (Dormant). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS:* Still. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Kariyarra** [vka] (Gariera, Kariara, Kariara, Kariyara, Karriara). *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died in 1991. Some people still know some words (Wurm 2007). *Location:* Western Australia state: south of Port Hedland. *Status:* 9 (Dormant). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Coastal Ngayarda. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. *DLS:* Still.

**Karuwali** [rxw] (Gara-wali, Garuwali, Goore, Karawalla, Karorinje, Kuriwalu, Kurrawulla, Midhaga, Mithaka). *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died during or before the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location:* Queensland state: Beal range, Beetoota, Connemara, Diamantina river, Durrie, Farrars creek, Haddon Corner, Monkira, Morney plains. *Status:* 9 (Dormant). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS:* Still. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Kaurna** [zku] (Coorna, Gaurna, Jaitjawarra, Karnuwarra, Kaura, Koornawarra, Kurumidlanta, Medaindi, Medaindie, Meljurna, Merelde, Merildekald, Meyu, Midlanta, Milipitingara, Nantuwara, Nantuwaru, Nganawara, Padnaindi, Padnayndie, Wakanuwan, Warra, Warrah, Widninga, Winaini, Winnay-nie, Winnaynie). *Users:* 130, all users. L1 users: No known L1 speakers, but emerging L2 speakers. Last speaker, Ivaritji, died in 1929 (2015 R. Amery). L2 users: 130 (2021 census). *Location:* South Australia state: Fleurieu peninsula; Cape Jervis south to Clare and Crystal Brook north, bounded by Gulf Saint Vincent west and Mount Lofty ranges east. *Status:* 9 (Reawakening). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Yura. *Dialects:* None known. Most similar to Narungga [nrr]. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* There is a sustained revival movement, such that there are now speakers who are able to conduct a conversation in the language, and several children are being raised as at least semi-native speakers (2015 R. Amery). *DLS:* Still.

**Kayardild** [gyd] (Gajadilt, Gajardild, Gayadilt, Gayardild, Gayardilt, Kaiadilt, Malununda).

*Users:* 8 (2016 census). *Ethnic population:* 43 (2021 census). *Location:* Queensland state: Gulf of Carpentaria, Mornington Island. *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class:* Australian, Tanguic. *Lg Use:* Elderly only. Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. The Kaiadilt community and Mirndiyan Gununa Aboriginal Corporation are running a Kayardild language revival program. *DLS:* Still. *Map:* 101.

**Kaytetye** [gbb] (Gaididj, Kaiditj, Kaititj, Kaytej). *Users:* 110 (2021 census), decreasing. *Location:* Northern Territory: North of Alice Springs. *Status:* 6b (Threatened). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Arandic. *Dialects:* None known. Related to Alyawarr [aly]. *Lg Use:* Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [eng]. Many also use Kriol [rop]. *DLS:* Still. *Map:* 101.

**Keeray-Woorroong** [wkr]. *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Location:* Victoria: Mount Shadwell and Spring Creek. *Status:* 9 (Dormant). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan. *Dialects:* None known. Reportedly similar to Gunditjmara [gjm]. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS:* Still. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Khmer** [khm]. *Users:* 40,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Class:* Austro-Asiatic, Mon-Khmer, Eastern Mon-Khmer, Khmer. *Lg Dev:* Fully developed. *Bible:* 1954–2016. *Writing:* Khmer script. *Other:* Non-indigenous. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 17,996,950 (as L1: 16,991,050; as L2: 1,005,900). *Global EGIDS level:* 1 (National). *Indigenous in:* Cambodia, Vietnam. *Unestablished in:* Canada, France, Laos, New Zealand, South Korea, United States.

**Kija** [gia] (Gidja, Kidja, Kitja). *Users:* 270 (2021 census). *Location:* Western Australia state: near Hall's and Turkey creeks. *Status:* 7 (Shifting). *Class:* Australian, Djeragan. *Dialects:* None known. Reportedly most similar to Miriwoong [mep]. *Type:* SOV. *Lg Use:* Shifting to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Many also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. *Bible portions:* 1978. *DLS:* Still. *Writing:* Latin script, no longer in use. *Other:* Nomadic. *Map:* 101.

**Kokata** [ktd] (Gugada, Kokatha, Kokitta, Koocatho, Koogurda, Kugurda, Kukata, Kukatha, Madutara, Maduwonga, Wanggamadu, Wongamardu). *Users:* 90 (2021 census). *Location:* South Australia state: Coober Peby, Mount Eba, Pimba. *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wati. *Dialects:* None known. Different from Kukatja [kux]. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *DLS:* Still. *Other:* People may adequately understand Pintupi-Luritja [piu] or Pitjantjatjara [pjt]. *Map:* 101.

**Kok-Nar** [gko] (Gog Nar, Goondarra, Gugu Nar, Gugu Nhang, Gundara, Kok Nar, Kok Narr, Kok Nhang, Kok-Narr, Kokatabul, Kokawan-gar, Koknar, Koko-Nar, Koko-Nari, Koko-Nhang, Koko-daua, Kokodaue, Kokowanggara, Kuantari, Kuk-Narr, Kundar, Kundara, Kuuk-Nhang, Kwanthar, Oikand, Wangara, Wanggara). *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the early 1970s. *Location:* Queensland state. *Status:* 10 (Extinct). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Southwestern Pama. *Lg Dev:* Texts. *DLS:* Still. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Koko Babangk** [okg] (Kok Peponk, Kok-Babonk, Kok-Papangk, Kok-Paponk, Koko Kunaniy).

*Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker lived into the late 1970s. *Location:* Queensland state: lower Cape York peninsula, Gulf of Carpentaria coast, between Mitchell and Nassau rivers. *Status:* 10 (Extinct). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Southwestern Pama. *DLS:* Still. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Koko-Bera** [kkp] (Berang, Gugubera, Kok Kaber, Kok-Kaper, Koko Pera, Kukubera, Paperyn).

*Users:* 18 (2021 census). *Location:* Queensland state: Mission river mouth area, Mitchell river. *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Coastal Pama. *Lg Use:* Shifted to Torres Strait Creole [tcs] (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng]. Most also use Kunjen [kjn]. *DLS:* Still. *Map:* 101.

**Konkani** [knn]. *Users:* 3,650 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Class:* Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Indo-Aryan, Outer Languages, Southern, Konkani. *Lg Dev:* Literature. Newspapers. Radio. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1997. *Writing:* Devanagari script, primary usage. Kannada script, no longer in use. Latin script, no longer in use. *Other:* Non-indigenous. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 2,212,240 (as L1: 2,208,520; as L2: 3,720). Global EGIDS level: 2 (Provincial). Indigenous in: India. Unestablished in: Canada, United States.

**Korean** [kor]. *Users:* 116,000 in Australia (2021 census). Ethnic population: 167,000 (2019 Korean Ministry of Foreign Affairs). *Status:* Unestablished. *Class:* Koreanic. *Lg Dev:* Fully developed. Bible: 1911–1993. *Writing:* Braille script. Hangul and Han scripts, primary usage. Latin script, used for maps and signs. *Other:* Non-indigenous. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 81,740,540 (as L1: 81,721,540; as L2: 19,000). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: North Korea, South Korea. Also established in: China, Japan, Russian Federation, United States, Uzbekistan. Unestablished in: Argentina, Austria, Bahrain, Belarus, Brazil, Brunei, Cambodia, Canada, China–Taiwan, Denmark, France, Germany, Guam, India, Indonesia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Libya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mexico, Mongolia, Mozambique, Netherlands, New Zealand, Northern Mariana Islands, Norway, Paraguay, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Tajikistan, Thailand, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, Vietnam.

**Krio** [kri]. Autonym: Krio. *Users:* 2,310 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Class:* Creole, English based, Atlantic, Krio. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 2013. *Writing:* Latin script. *Other:* Non-indigenous. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 8,242,250 (as L1: 821,430; as L2: 7,420,820). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: Sierra Leone. Unestablished in: Canada, Gambia, Guinea, Senegal, United Kingdom, United States.

**Kriol** [rop] (Roper-Bamyili Creole). Autonym: Kriol. *Users:* 17,490, all users. L1 users: 7,490 (2021 census). L2 users: 10,000 (1991 SIL). *Location:* Western Australia state; Northern Territory: Kimberley region, Roper river, Katherine areas, Ngukurr; Queensland state: Gulf country, Lower Cape York peninsula. *Status:* 3 (Wider communication). Originated in northern Australia after European contact in late 18th century. Now widespread, with input from local Aboriginal languages. *Class:* Creole, English based, Pacific. *Dialects:* Roper River Kriol

(Roper River Pidgin), Bamyili Creole, Barkly Kriol, Fitzroy Valley Kriol, Daly River Kriol. Both Kriol and Torres Strait Creole [tcs] are spreading and are nearly overlapping in Queensland. *Type*: SVO. *Lg Use*: Preschool children may not be bilingual in another language. Some also use English [eng], or Aboriginal languages. Used as L2 by Alawa [alh], Ami [amy], Antikarinya [ant], Bardi [bcj], Bunuba [bck], Dalabon [ngk], Djamindjung [djd], Djauan [djn], Garrwa [wrk], Gooniyandi [gni], Gurindji [gue], Jaru [ddj], Jingulu [jig], Kaytetye [gbb], Kija [gia], Kunbarlang [wlg], Kunjen [kjn], Malak Malak [mpb], Mangala [mem], Mangarrayi [mpc], Maridan [zmd], Maridjabin [zmj], Marimanindji [zmm], Maringarr [zmt], Mariyedi [zmy], Marra [mec], Marrithiyel [mfr], Martu Wangka [mpj], Miriwoong [mep], Murrinh-Patha [mwf], Ngan'gityemerri [nam], Ngarinyin [ung], Ngarinyman [nbj], Nunggubuyu [nuy], Nyikina [nyh], Rembarrnga [rmb], Ritharrngu [rit], Wadjiginy [wdj], Wagiman [waq], Walmajarri [wmt], Wambaya [wmb], Wandarang [wnd], Wardaman [wrr], Warlmanpa [wrl], Warumungu [wrm], Worrorra [wro], Wunambal [wub], Yangman [jng], Yanyuwa [jao]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Bible: 2007. *DLS*: Ascending (0.16). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Kugu-Muminh** [xmh] (Kugu, Kuku-Muminh, Wik Muminh, Wik-Mumin). *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2016 census). Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, east coast south of Aurukun. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Wik-Mungkan [wim] (Wurm 2007). *DLS*: Still.

**Kukatja** [kux] (Gugadja, Kukaja). *Users*: 460 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Balgo, Lake Gregory and east, south of Halls Creek. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wati. *Dialects*: None known. Different from Kokata [ktd]. *Lg Use*: Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [eng]. Also use Martu Wangka [mpj]. Also use Ngaanyatjarra [ntj]. Also use Pintupi-Luritja [piu]. Also use Walmajarri [wmt]. Used as L2 by Martu Wangka [mpj]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Kuku-Mangk** [xmq] (Kugu-Mangk). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, east coast south of Aurukun. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *DLS*: Still.

**Kuku-Mu'inh** [xmp] (Kugu-Mu'inh). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the late 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, east coast south of Aurukun. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *DLS*: Still.

**Kuku-Ugbanh** [ugb] (Kugu-Ugbanh). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, west coast south of Aurukun. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *DLS*: Still.

**Kuku-Uwanh** [uwa] (Gugu-Uwanh, Kugu-Uwanh). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known

speakers survived into the 1990s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, east coast south of Aurukun. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Kuku-Yalanji** [gvn] (Gugu Yalandyi, Gugu Yalanji, Guguyalanji, Koko-Yalanji, Kuku-Yalangi). *Users*: 390 (2021 census). *Location*: Queensland state: Bloomfield River (Ayton), Daintree, Mossman, Wujal-Wujal, and between Cooktown and Mossman. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yalandyic. *Dialects*: Kuku-Nyungkul, Kuku-Biraji. *Type*: SOV. *Lg Use*: Traditional religion, oral and some written use in religious services. Oral tradition. Some young people, all adults. Children are learning it. Positive attitudes. All also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Literacy rate in L1: 14%. 100 can read; 30 can write it. Taught as subject in primary schools, with limited oral use. Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. NT: 1985. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Christian, traditional religion. *Map*: 101.

**Kumbainggar** [kgs] (Baanbay, Gambalamam, Gumbaingari, Gumbainggar, Gumbainggir, Gumbaynggir, Gumbayunggir, Kumbaingeri, Kumbainggiri). *Users*: 310 (2021 census). *Location*: New South Wales state: Grafton and north coast. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Gumbaynggic. *Lg Use*: Growing number of younger adult speakers who are now passing on the language to their children. Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Language revitalization efforts underway. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Kunbarlang** [wlg] (Barlang, Gunbalang, Gunbarlang, Gungalang, Walang, Warlang). *Users*: 45 (Kapitonov 2019). *Location*: Northern Territory: Gunbalanya (Oenpelli), Maningrida, Minjilang (Crocker island), and Warruwi (South Goulburn island). *Status*: 7 (Shifting). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Gunwinggic. *Type*: SVO; case-marked pronouns; 3 cases (direct, genitive, dative); 4 grammatical genders; dual number; highly polysynthetic language; 22 consonants and 5 vowels; stress primarily on penultimate syllable; inclusive/exclusive pronouns; alienable/inalienable possession. *Lg Use*: Adults only. Shifting to Kriol [rop] (Kapitonov 2019). All also use Maung [mph] (Kapitonov 2019). Most also use Gunwinggu [gup] (Kapitonov 2019). Some also use Djeebbana [djj], especially those living in Maningrida (Kapitonov 2019). *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Kungarakany** [gk] (Gunerakan, Gungaragan, Gungaragany, Gungarakanj, Gungarakayn, Kangarraga, Kungarakan). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker, Madeline England, died in 1989. *Location*: Northern Territory: Finnis river; south of Darwin, Darwin river and Rum Jungle area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Gungaraganyan. *Lg Dev*: Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Kungardutyi** [gdt] (Gungadidji, Gungadudji, Gunganndji, Kunatatchee, Kungaditji, Kungadutji, Kungarditchi, Kungatutji, Kungatutyi, Kungkatutyi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s. *Location*: Queensland state: Cooper Creek north of Durham Downs; east to Mount Howitt and Kyabra Creek; northwest to near Lake Yamma Yamma. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic. *Lg Dev*: In 2017, Gunganndji/Kungardutyi and other language groups sent representatives to the Indigenous

Languages Residency, which provided the groups with resources to revive their languages.  
*DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Kunggari** [kgl] (Coongurri, Gungari, Gunggari, Kungkari, Ungorri). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1980s. *Location*: Queensland state: Upper Nebine and Mungallala creeks. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Texts. The Australian Council for Education Research reported that Gunggari language and cultural programs were offered at two schools in Queensland in 2008. *DLS*: Still.

**Kungkari** [lku] (Gungari, Gunggari, Guunggari, Koongerri, Koonkerri, Kungeri, Kunggari, Kuungkari, Mokaburra, Tarawalla, Torra-burri, Yangeberra, Yangeeberra, Yankibura). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker most likely died in the late 19th or early 20th century. *Location*: Queensland state: Avington, Blackall, Cheviot range, Grey range, Jundah, Longreach, Powell creek, Terrick Terrick, Welford, Westland; Cooper (Barcoo) and Thomson rivers. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic. *DLS*: Still. *Other*: White settlement began in 1874, and shootings, disease, and mistreatment quickly decreased population size. By 1883, Kungkari women outnumbered men and very few children were born.

**Kunjen** [kjn] (Guguminjen, Kukumindjen). *Users*: 7 (2005 AUSTLANG), decreasing. Ethnic population: 300 (1991 B. Sommer). *Location*: Queensland state: Edward river, Kowanyama, Wrotham Park. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Central Pama. *Dialect*: Oykangand (Ogondyan, Olgel, Olgol, Olgolo, Olkola). *Lg Use*: Shifted to Torres Strait Creole [tcs]. Also use Kriol [rop], or other Aboriginal languages. Used as L2 by Koko-Bera [kkp]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script, no longer in use. *Map*: 101.

**Kurdish, Northern** [kmr]. Autonym: Kurdî-Kurmancî, Kurmancî. *Users*: 9,890 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Iranian, Western, Northwestern, Kurdish. *Lg Dev*: Literature. Newspapers. Periodicals. Radio. TV. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 2008. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, used in Iran, Iraq, Syria, and Lebanon. Armenian script, used between 1921–1929, used in Armenia. Cyrillic script, used in Armenia, Russia, and Azerbaijan. Latin script, developed in 1932, used in Turkey and Syria. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 15,789,810 (as L1: 15,785,010; as L2: 4,800). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Iran, Iraq, Syria, Turkey. Also established in: Georgia, Lebanon, Turkmenistan. Unestablished in: Bahrain, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Greece, Italy, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Netherlands, Norway, Russian Federation, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States.

**Kurnai** [unn] (Cunni, Ganai, Gooni, Gunna, Gunnai, Kanai, Kunnai). *Users*: 30 (2021 census). *Location*: Victoria state: Gippsland from Inverloch to Cann river. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Map*: 101.

**Kurrama** [vku] (Gurama, Karama, Korama, Kurama). *Users*: 10 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Location*: Western Australia state: northwest, southeast of Pannawonica. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Coastal Ngayarda. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Map*: 101:2.

**Kuthant** [xut] (Garandi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: southwest Cape York peninsula, north of Karumba and Normanton. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Norman Pama. *DLS*: Still.

**Kuuk Thayorre** [thd] (Behran, Gugudayor, Kuktayor, Kukudayore, Kuuk Thaayoore, Kuuk Thaayorre, Taior, Thaayore, Thaayorre, Thayore, Thayorre). *Users*: 170 (2021 census). Kuuk-Yak dialect recently extinct (Wurm 2007). Ethnic population: 350 (1982 A. Hall). *Location*: Queensland state: west Cape York, between coleman and Edward rivers. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Western Pama. *Dialect*: Kuuk-Yak. *Type*: SVO. *Lg Use*: Some young people, all adults. Children are learning it (2011). Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1981. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Kuuku-Ya'u** [kuy] (Bagadji, Gugu Yau, Koko-Ja'o, Kokoyao, Kuuk-Yak, Kuuku Ya'u, Pakadji, Ya'o). *Users*: 38 (2021 census). *Location*: Queensland state: northeast Cape York peninsula south of Temple bay. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northeastern Pama. *Lg Use*: Most children speak Torres Strait Creole [tcs] as L1 (Wurm 2007). Shifted to Torres Strait Creole [tcs]. Many also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Kuuk-Yak** [uky] (Koko Yak, Kuku Yak, Kuuk Yak). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Estimated 40 speakers in 1975, but the date of last speaker's death unknown. *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula mid-west coast and inland, between Edward and Coleman rivers. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Southwestern Pama. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Kuwema** [woa] (Daktjerat, Djeradj, Djerag, Djeraidy, Dyeraily, Tjerait, Tyaraity, Tyeraity). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1990s (Black 1983). *Location*: Northern Territory: Delissaville. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Malagmalag, Malagmalag Proper. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still.

**Kwini** [gww] (Cuini, Goonan, Gunin, Gwiini, Gwini, Kunan, Wunambal). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker probably survived into the 2010s. *Location*: Western Australia state: Kalumburu. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Worrorran. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Ladji Ladji** [llj] (Acaxee, Laci-Laci, Ladji-Ladji, Laitchi-Laitchi, Laitu, Laitu-Laitu, Latja Latji, Latjalatji, Latje Latje, Latjilatji, Latjoo-Latjoo, Latyoo-Latyoo, Ledji-Ledji, Ledjiledji, Leitch-Leitchi, Litchoo-Litchoo, Litchy-Litchy, Lutchye-Lutchye). *Users*: No known L1 speakers (census). Probably became extinct early in 20th century. *Location*: Victoria state. *Status*: 9

(Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Kulin. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: In 2015, Dr. Luise Hercus, a leading chronicler of endangered Australian Aboriginal languages, gathered Ladji Ladji and other indigenous groups together to hear recordings of their heritage languages with the goal of helping the groups ‘maintain and teach their languages to future generations’. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Lamalama** [lby] (Lama-Lama, Lamu-Lamu, Lamulamul, Mba Rumbathama). *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Location*: Queensland state: Bamiga, and Coen. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Lamalamic. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Other*: Ethnic groups include Baganambia, Gan-Ganda, Wurungung. *Map*: 101.

**Lanima** [lnw] (Lhanima, Pitta Pitta, Ulaolinja, Ulaolinya, Wanggamana, Wanggamanha, Wangkamanha, Wonggaman, Yurlayurlanya). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Location*: Victoria state: Carlo springs on upper Mulligan river; Julaolinja; east to Marion downs. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Lao** [lao]. *Users*: 9,790 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Kra-Dai, Kam-Tai, Tai, Southwestern. *Type*: SVO; 23 consonants, 20 vowels, 3 diphthongs; tonal (6 tones). *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1932–2012. *Writing*: Lao script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 4,482,970 (as L1: 3,679,070; as L2: 803,900). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Cambodia, Laos. Also established in: Vietnam. Unestablished in: Argentina, Canada, New Zealand, Thailand, United States.

**Laragia** [lrg] (Gulumirrgin, Laragiya, Larakia, Larakiya, Larrakia, Larrakiya, Ngandalagarak). Autonym: Gulumoerrgin. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last fluent speaker likely died in the 1980s. *Location*: Northern Territory: Darwin area. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Laragiyan. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script.

**Lardil** [lbz] (Damin, Demin, Gunana, Kare wa, Kuna’na, Kunana, La:dil, Ladil, Laierdila, Lardi:i, Lardiil, Lardill, Layardilda, Leedil, Leerdil, Mornington Island language, Nemarang). *Users*: 300 (2021 census). More semi-speakers (Wurm 2007). *Location*: Queensland state: Mornington Island. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Lardil. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Latvian, Standard** [lvs]. Autonym: Latviešu valoda, Latviski. *Users*: 2,270 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Balto-Slavic, Baltic, Eastern. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine); no articles; case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense and aspect; comparatives; 26 consonants, 11 vowels, 10 diphthongs; tonal (3 tones: even, falling, broken); stress on first syllable. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1689–1995. *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 2,005,550 (as L1: 1,554,520; as L2: 451,030). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Latvia. Unestablished in: Belarus,

Brazil, Canada, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Germany, Ireland, Kazakhstan, Lithuania, Norway, Russian Federation, Spain, Sweden, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States, Venezuela.

**Leningitij** [lnj] (Andyinit, Cabati, Ladamngid, Laini ngitti, Laini-ngitti, Latangeti, Latarngit, Leiningidi, Leningit, Leningiti, Lenngeti, Lenngidgh, Linnitij, Linginiti, Lingitir, Linngidhigh, Linnghithig, Linnghithigh, Linnghiti, Onnatangnit, Umngnity, Winda Winda, Winduwinda). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The ‘most knowledgeable speaker’, Sam Kerindun, died ‘several years ago’ (Hale 1983). *Location*: Queensland state: Winduwinda area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northern Pama. *DLS*: Still.

**Limilngan** [lmc] (Baneidja, Bani:dja, Banidja, Banindja, Beriguruk, Buneidja, Buneidya, Buneitja, Lemil, Limil, Limit, Manadja, Manasi, Manidja, Manidya, Manitja, Menassie, Minidja, Minitja, Minitjaa, Minitji, Minitja, Minityi, Minnitji, Norweilemil, Peneitja, Punaka, Puneitja, Punuurlu, naWinjmil). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Mary River to west Alligator river, coast and inland. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Limilngan-Wulna. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. *DLS*: Still.

**Lower Burdekin** [xbb]. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last recorded data collected in 1886; nothing more known after that. *Location*: Queensland: Northern region, near mouth of Burdekin River. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *Dialects*: None known. May actually be 3 separate languages: Yuru [ljx], Bindal, and one of the Maric languages. This cannot be verified due to a lack of data. *DLS*: Still.

**Macedonian** [mkd]. *Users*: 66,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Balto-Slavic, Slavic, South, Eastern. *Type*: SVO; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); definite article suffix; verb affixes mark person, number; passives (active, middle, passive); 26 consonant and 5 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; stress on antepenultimate syllable. *Lg Dev*: Newspapers. Radio. Grammar. Bible: 1990–2006. *Writing*: Cyrillic script, used since 1944. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,738,250 (as L1: 1,732,750; as L2: 5,500). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Bulgaria, Greece (Slavic), North Macedonia. Also established in: Albania, Romania. Unestablished in: Austria, Canada, Croatia, Denmark, Germany, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Serbia, Slovenia, Sweden, Turkey, United States.

**Madhi Madhi** [dmd] (Madhi-Madhi, Madhimadhi, Mathi-Mathi, Muthi Muthi, Muthimuthi, Mutti Mutti). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Jack Long, died in 1978 (Blake et al 2011). *Location*: New South Wales state: Balranald to Murray districts, north to the Lachlan. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Kulin. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Texts. In 2015, Dr. Luise Hercus, a leading chronicler of endangered Australian Aboriginal languages, gathered Madhi Madhi and other indigenous groups together to hear recordings of their heritage languages with the goal of helping the groups ‘maintain and teach their languages to future generations’. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Other*: Sound recordings made with Madhi Madhi speaker, Jack Long, in January 1969.

**Malak Malak** [mpb] (Malagmalag, Malak-Malak, Malakmalak, Mullikmullik, Mulluk-Mulluk, Mullukmulluk, Ngolak-Wonga, Ngolokwangga, Ngulukwongga, Nguluwongga). *Users*: 7 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Daly river north bank. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Malagmalag, Malagmalag Proper. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:16.

**Malay** [zlm]. *Users*: 21,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Austronesian, Malayo-Polynesian, Malayo-Chamic, Malayic, Malay. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 19,179,170 (as L1: 16,171,280; as L2: 3,007,890). Global EGIDS level: 5 (Developing). Indigenous in: Indonesia, Malaysia. Also established in: Singapore. Unestablished in: Canada, China–Taiwan, Germany, Ireland, Japan, Madagascar, United Kingdom, United States, Yemen.

**Malayalam** [mal]. *Users*: 78,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Dravidian, Southern, Tamil-Kannada, Tamil-Kodagu, Tamil-Malayalam, Malayalam. *Type*: SOV; postpositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); case-marking (7 cases); tense; 37 consonants, 11 vowels, 2 diphthongs; non-tonal; light stress on first syllable; inclusive/exclusive pronouns. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1841–2004. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Braille script, used since 1998. Malayalam script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 37,359,380 (as L1: 36,647,680; as L2: 711,700). Global EGIDS level: 2 (Provincial). Indigenous in: India. Also established in: Singapore. Unestablished in: Bahrain, Canada, Ireland, Israel, Malaysia, Oman, Qatar, Sri Lanka, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States.

**Malgana** [vml] (Maldjana, Maljanna, Malkana). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last fluent speakers died in the 1990s. *Location*: Western Australia state: Shark Bay, Hamelin Pool area north to Wooramel river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Malgana. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Maltese** [mlt]. Autonym: Malti. *Users*: 26,600 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Afro-Asiatic, Semitic, Central, South, Arabic. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head initial; gender (masculine/feminine); definite article; verb affixes mark person, number; 23 consonants, 10 vowels, 8 diphthongs; non-tonal. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Bible: 1932–1984. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, no longer in use, attempts at using Arabic script have failed. Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 572,540 (as L1: 571,460; as L2: 1,080). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Malta. Unestablished in: Canada, Italy, Libya, Tunisia, United Kingdom.

**Malyangapa** [yga] (Bulali, Bulalli, Karikari, Malgaaljangaba, Malgangara, Malja:pa, Maljangaba, Maljangapa, Malya-napa, Malyanapa, Malyangaba, Malyapa, Malynapa, Milya-uppa, Milyauppa, Muliaarpa, Mullia-arpa, Multyerra, Mulya-napa, Mulya-nappa, Mulyanapa, Mulyanappa, Nalyanapa). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker, Laurie Quayle, died in 1976. *Location*: New South Wales state: Milparinka; Yancannie creek head, east beyond Mount Arrowsmith, south to about Mootwin-gee and Sturt Meadow. *Status*: 10

(Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yarli. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Manangkari** [znk] (Mananggari, Manangkarri, Maung, Naragani). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the mid 20th century. *Location*: Northern Territory: Cobourg Peninsula. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Yiwaidjan, Yiwaidjic. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Iwaidja [ibd]. *DLS*: Still.

**Manda** [zma] (Mendhe, Menthe). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1990s. *Location*: Northern Territory: coast southwest of Anson Bay, southwest of Darwin. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Bringen-Wagaydy, Wagaydy. *DLS*: Still.

**Mandandanyi** [zmk] (Kogai, Mandandanji, Mandandanjndji, Mundaebura, Mundainbara). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Roma Area; Maranoa river to Miles and Wandoan areas. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *DLS*: Still.

**Mangala** [mem] (Djawali, Djuwali, Jiwali, Jiwarli, Koalgurdi, Manala, Mangalaa, Mangarla, Minala, Yalmbau). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 1986. *Location*: Western Australia state: Broome, Edgar range, Fitzroy, Jurgurra creek, West Pilbara. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Mangala. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Language learning materials are available through Wangka Maya Pilbara Aboriginal Language Centre. *DLS*: Still.

**Mangarrayi** [mpc] (Mangarai, Mangarayi, Manggarai, Mungarai, Mungerry, Ngarrabadji). *Users*: 1 (2019 M. Richards). Some semi-speakers (2019 M. Richards). *Location*: Northern Territory: Jilkminggan. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Mangarayic. *Type*: Tonal. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Other*: Different from Mangerr [zme].

**Mangerr** [zme] (Giimbiyu, Mangerei, Mangeri, Mengerrdji, Mennagi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Oenpelli area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Giimbiyu. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Urningangg [urc]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still. *Other*: May be same language as Urningangg [urc].

**Maori** [mri]. Autonym: te reo Māori. *Users*: 14,600 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Austronesian, Malayo-Polynesian, Central-Eastern Malayo-Polynesian, Eastern Malayo-Polynesian, Oceanic, Central-Eastern Oceanic, Remote Oceanic, Central Pacific, East Fijian-Polynesian, Polynesian, Nuclear, East, Central, Tahitic. *Type*: VSO; prepositions; noun head final; dual number; definite and indefinite articles; passives; 10 consonants, 10 vowels, 7 diphthongs; non-tonal; stress on first long vowel or diphthong. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Bible: 1858–1952. *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 200,600. Global EGIDS level: 6b (Threatened). Indigenous in: New Zealand.

**Maranunggu** [zmr] (Emmi, Maranungku, Merranunggu, Warrgat). *Users*: 5 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Location*: Northern Territory: southwest of Darwin, inland from Anson Bay, east of Manda.

*Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class:* Australian, Daly, Bringen-Wagaydy, Wagaydy. *Lg Use:* Elderly only. Shifted to English [[eng](#)]. *Lg Dev:* Texts. *DLS:* Still. *Map:* 101:14.

**Marathi** [mar]. *Users:* 22,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Class:* Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Indo-Aryan, Outer Languages, Southern. *Type:* SOV; postpositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); no articles; case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense and aspect; 37 consonants, 8 vowels, 2 diphthongs; non-tonal. *Lg Dev:* Fully developed. Bible: 1821–2002. *Writing:* Braille script. Devanagari script, primary usage. Modi script. *Other:* Non-indigenous. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 99,216,870 (as L1: 83,201,270; as L2: 16,015,600). Global EGIDS level: 2 (Provincial). Indigenous in: India. Unestablished in: Canada, Israel, Mauritius, New Zealand, Oman, United Kingdom, United States.

**Margany** [zmc] (Marrganj). *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location:* Queensland state: between Quilpie and Wyandra; Bulloo and Paroo rivers. *Status:* 10 (Extinct). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *DLS:* Still.

**Margu** [mhg] (Ajokoot, Croker, Island Margu, Jaako, Marrgu, Raffles Bay, Terrutong, Terutong, Yaako, Yako). *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in September 2003. *Location:* Northern Territory: Croker island. *Status:* 10 (Extinct). *Class:* Australian, Yiwaidjan, Margic. *DLS:* Still.

**Maridan** [zmd] (Maredan, Marridan, Meradan). *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Location:* Northern Territory: southwest of Darwin, north of Moyle river, east of Magadige. *Status:* 9 (Dormant). *Class:* Australian, Daly, Bringen-Wagaydy, Bringen. *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [[rop](#)] (Wurm 2007). *DLS:* Still.

**Maridjabin** [zmj] (Maredyerbin, Maretyabin, Maridyerbin, Maritjabin, Marri Tjevin). *Users:* 1 (2012). *Location:* Northern Territory: inland from Anson bay, south of Mariyedi and Manda, southwest of Darwin. *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class:* Australian, Daly, Bringen-Wagaydy, Bringen. *Dialects:* None known. May be intelligible with Marrithiyel [[mfr](#)] or Maringarr [[zmt](#)]. *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [[rop](#)] (Wurm 2007). *DLS:* Still. *Map:* 101:12.

**Marimanindji** [zmm] (Maramanandji, Maramanindji, Maramarandji, Marimanindu, Marramaninjsji, Marramaninyshi, Murinmanindji). *Users:* No known L1 speakers (census). Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Location:* Northern Territory: south of Daly and Darwin rivers, west of Muldiva river, near headwaters. *Status:* 9 (Dormant). *Class:* Australian, Daly, Bringen-Wagaydy, Bringen. *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [[rop](#)]. *DLS:* Still.

**Maringarr** [zmt] (Marenggar, Mari'ngar, Maringa, Marri Ngarr, Marringarr, Muringar, Ngangikadre). *Users:* 8 (2021 census). *Location:* Northern Territory: Wudipuli outstation, near Wadeye; south of Moyle river. *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class:* Australian, Daly, Bringen-Wagaydy, Bringen. *Dialect:* Maranunggu (Maramanunggu, Marranunga, Merranunggu, Warrgat). May be intelligible with other Bringen languages. Lexical similarity: 40% with Malak Malak [[mpb](#)] and Murrinh-Patha [[mwf](#)]. *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [[rop](#)] (Wurm 2007).

Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:10.

**Mariyedi** [zmy] (Marijadi, Marijedi, Murijadi). *Users*: 20 (Wurm and Hattori 1981). A few speakers (Wurm 2007). *Location*: Northern Territory: inland from Anson bay, south of Manda, southwest of Darwin. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Bringen-Wagaydy, Bringen. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:13.

**Marra** [mec] (Leelalwarra, Leelawarra, Maarra, Mala, Mara). *Users*: 5 (2010 ELDP). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Roper river area. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Maran, Mara. *Dialects*: None known. Related to Wandarang [wnd]. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Ngukurr Community Education Centre was running a language program in 2006. Mara is being taught at the Ngukurr Language Centre to children at the Early Learning Centre up to Grade 6 (2016). *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script, limited usage. *Other*: Intermarry with Yanyuwa [jao]. *Map*: 101.

**Marriammu** [xru] (Mareammu, Mariamo, Mariamu, Marri Ammu, Marri Amu). *Users*: 2 (Mansfield 2019). *Location*: Northern Territory: Belyuen, Wadeye; possibly also Western Australia state. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Marriammu. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Maridjabin [zmj]. *Lg Use*: Elderly only. Many shifted to English [eng]. Many shifted to Murrinh-Patha [mwf]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Map*: 101:18.

**Marrithiyel** [mfr] (Berringen, Maridhiel, Maridhiyel, Maridjiel, Marithiel, Marithiyel, “Bringen” *pej.*, “Brinken” *pej.*). *Users*: 63, all users. L1 users: 13 (2021 census). L2 users: 50. *Location*: Northern Territory: Bagot, Delissaville, Daly river and Roper river missions; south of Daly river and central Daly river. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Bringen-Wagaydy, Bringen. *Dialects*: Marithiel, Nganygit, Mare-Ammu (Mari-Ammu). *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop]. Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:11.

**Marti Ke** [zmg] (Magadige, Magati Gair, Magati Ke, Magati-Ge, Marri-ge, Mati Ke, Mirrinh-ge). *Users*: 50, all users. L1 users: No known L1 speakers (Mansfield 2019). The last known speaker, Patrick Palibu Nudjulu, died in 2014 (Mansfield 2019). L2 users: 50. Ethnic population: 100. *Location*: Northern Territory: Wadeye, coast south from Moyle river estuary to Port Keats, southwest of Darwin. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Bringen-Wagaydy, Bringen. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Maringarr [zmt] and Marithiel [mfr]. *Lg Use*: Many shifted to English [eng]. Many shifted to Murrinh-Patha [mwf]. *DLS*: Still.

**Martu Wangka** [mpj] (Jigalong, Mardo, Mardujara, Martuwangka, Targoodi, Targudi). Autonym: Martu Wangka. *Users*: 910 (2021 census), including 810 Martu Wangka, 65 Manyjilyjarra, 6 Wangkajunga, 33 Yulparitja (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Jigalong area, Lake Disappointment west side, Great Sandy Desert. *Status*: 5\* (Developing). *Class*:

Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wati. *Dialects*: Manyjilyjara (Manjiljarra, Mantjiltjara, Manyjilyjarra), Kartujarra (Gagudjara, Gardudjara, Kadaddjara, Kardutjara, Kardutjarra, Kartutjara, Kiadjara), Puditara (Budidjara, Putijarra, Putujara), Yulparitja (Yilparitja, Yulbaridja, Yulboridja, Yulparija), Wangkajunga (Wangkajungka, Wangkajunka). Manyjilyjara and Kartujarra are 2 ethnic groups speaking almost identical dialects. High inherent intelligibility between Yulparitja and Wangkajunga dialects. Kartujarra and Puditara dialects are extinct. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. Also use Kriol [rop]. Also use Kukatja [kux]. Also use Walmajarri [wmt]. Used as L2 by Kukatja [kux]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1981–1999. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Martuyhunira** [vma] (Mardadhunira, Mardudhunira, Martuthunira). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker, Algy Paterson, died in 1995. *Location*: Western Australia: northwest coast southwest of Dampier and inland. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Coastal Ngayarda. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Matngala** [zml] (Maangella, Madngela, Madngele, Mandella, Matngele, Muttangulla, Warat). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1990s (Black 1983). *Location*: Northern Territory: south of Daly and Darwin rivers, Muldiva river west bank. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Malagmalag, Daly Proper. *Dialects*: None known. Related to Kamu [xmu]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Maung** [mph] (Gun-Marung, Gunmarung, Kunmarung, Mawng, Mawung). *Users*: 360 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Goulburn island. *Status*: 6a\* (Vigorous). *Class*: Australian, Yiwaidjan, Yiwaidjic. *Dialects*: None known. Garig-Ilgar [ilg] reportedly related. *Lg Use*: Language still being acquired by children (2011). Most also use English [eng]. Also use Gunwinggu [gup]. Used as L2 by Kunbarlang [wlg]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1960. *DLS*: Emerging (0.02). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101:21.

**Mayaguduna** [xmy] (Mayi-Kutuna). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Location*: Queensland state: north coast area, inland between Flinders and Leichhardt rivers. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Mayabic. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Mayawali** [yxa] (Maiawali, Mayawarli, Mayuli). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1970s. *Location*: Victoria state: Diamantina river from Davenport downs and Diamantina lakes north to Old Cork; Mayne river to Mount Vergemont, west to Springvale, southeast to Farrars creek; Brighton and Connemara downs. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Mayi-Kulan** [xyk] (Maidhagudi, Maigudina, Maigudung, Maigulung, Maikolon, Maikudun, Maikudung, Maikudunu, Maikulan, Maikulung, Majadhagudi, Makulu, Mayagoondo, Mayagulan, Mayatagoorri, Maygulan, Mayhulan, Maykulan, Miccoolin, Micoolan, Mikadoon, Mikkoolan, Mikoodoon, Mikoolu). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1970s. *Location*: Queensland state: Clara, Middle Norman, and Yappar, rivers, north to

Milgarra, east to Gregory range, west to Canobie and Iffley stations. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).  
*Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Mayabic. *DLS*: Still.

**Mayi-Thakurti** [xyt] (Maidakadi, Maidhagari, Maidhaggaria, Maidhargari, Maioakuri, Maitakeidi, Maitakudi, Maithagudi, Maithakadi, Maithakari, Maithakudi, Mayadhagurdifagurdi, Mayatagoori, Maydhagurdi, Maytagoori, Mitagurdi, Mitakoodi, Mitakudi, Mitroogoordi, Mittagurdi, Mittaka, Mythaguddi, Mythugadi, Mythuggadi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by 1960 (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: Cloncurry and Williams river north to Canobie on Cloncurry river, east to the Julia creek junction with Cloncurry river and to Mount Fort Bowen; Dalgonally. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Mayabic. *DLS*: Still.

**Mayi-Yapi** [xyj] (Majabi, Miappe, Miappi, Miubbi, Myabi, Myappe). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died no later than the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: Cloncurry river south to Canobie, north to Donor Hills, at Numbera (Cowan Downs); east to Flinders river and the Lower Saxby, west to upper Dismal creek and Leichhardt-Alexandra divide. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Mayabic. *DLS*: Still.

**Mbara** [mvl] (Ambara, Bargal, Kumbulmara, Midjamba, Mitjamba). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Mbara. *DLS*: Still.

**Mbariman-Gudhinma** [zmv] (Rimang-Gudinhma, Rimanggudinhma). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, Princess Charlotte bay southwest coast. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Mbariman. *DLS*: Still.

**Meriam Mir** [ulk] (East Torres, Mer, Meriam, Meryam Mir, Mir, Miriam, Miriam-Mir). *Users*: 260 (2021 census). *Location*: Queensland state: Darnley island, Eastern Torres Strait islands. *Status*: 6b\* (Threatened). *Class*: Eastern Trans-Fly. *Dialects*: Boigu, Bulgai, Buglial, Tagota. Limited mutual intelligibility of Gizrra [tof]. *Lg Use*: Some children give preference to Torres Strait Creole [tcs] (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng]. Also use Torres Strait Creole [tcs]. *Lg Dev*: Bible portions: 1879–1994. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Immigrated a few centuries ago from southwestern Papua New Guinea (Wurm 2007). *Map*: 101.

**Minang** [xrg] (Mean-anger, Mearn-anger, Meenung, Meernanger, Menang, Mineng, Mining, Minnal Yungar, Minung, Mirnong, Mount Barker tribe, Noongar, Nyungar). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Western Australia state: Boat harbor, Cowerup, King George's sound, Lac Muir, Minang, Mount Barker, Nornalup, Pallinup river, Porongurup range, Shannon river, Stirling range, Tenterden, West Cliff Point, Wilson inlet. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Nyungar. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Minjungbal** [xjb] (Cood-jingburra, Cudgingberry, Gan-dowal, Gando Minjang, Gendo,

Minjangbal, Minyowa, Minyung, Ngandowul, Tweed-Albert, Yugambah). *Users*: 210 (2021 census). *Location*: New South Wales state: Cape Byron, Clarence river, Cudgen, Murwillumbah, Nerang creek, Southport. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Bandjalangic. *Lg Use*: Elderly only. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Other*: Different from Yugambal [yub] in Queensland.

**Minkin** [xxm] (Mingginda, Mingin, Minikin, Minkina, Myengeen). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the early 1900s. *Location*: Queensland: Albert river; Augustus Downs; Barclay river; Barkly river; Burketown; Gregory Downs; Leichhardt river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Tangic. *DLS*: Still.

**Miriwoong** [mep] (Merong, Miriwun, Miriwung, Mirung). *Users*: 12 (2017 Mirima Dawang Woorlab-gerring Language and Culture Centre). Ethnic population: 160 (2016 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Kununurra, Turkey creek; Northern Territory: toward the mouth of the Victoria river. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Djeragan. *Lg Use*: Elderly only. Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Mirima Dawang Woorlab-Gerring Language and Culture Centre has The Miriwoong Language Nest program for teaching children the language and Miriwoong Language Classes for the Community. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Map*: 101.

**Miriwoong Sign Language** [rsm] (Fingertalk, MwSL). *Users*: 3 monolinguals (2014 D. Adone). Mostly used by hearing people. 3 deaf people identified by the Mirima Dawang Woorlab-gerring Language and Culture Centre. Ethnic population: A few hundred Miriwoong people; unclear how many use the sign language (2014 D. Adone). *Location*: Western Australia, Kununurra. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Sign language, Shared sign language. *Lg Use*: Older adults only. *Lg Dev*: Videos. *DLS*: Still. *Other*: An alternate sign language that the Miriwoong people use in various contexts. Some signs known only to elderly, and some structures have been lost. *Map*: 101.

**Mirning** [gmr] (Mirniny). *Users*: 13 (2021 census). *Location*: South Australia: White Well, inland normally only to edge of the treeless karst plateau of the Nullarbor Plain. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Mirning. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still.

**Miwa** [vmi] (Bagu). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Western Australia state: Drysdale river, far north Kimberleys area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Worroran. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Mongolian, Halh** [khk]. *Users*: 5,240 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Mongolic, Eastern, Oirat-Khalkha, Khalkha-Buriat, Mongolian Proper. *Type*: SOV; postpositions; noun head final; no articles; case-marking (7 cases); passives; tense and aspect; causatives; 29 consonants, 14 vowels, 4 diphthongs; non-tonal; stress on first syllable or long vowel; vowel harmony; evidentiality. *Lg Dev*: Literature. Newspapers. Periodicals. Radio. TV. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible: 2003. *Writing*: Braille script. Cyrillic script.

Mongolian script, used prior to 1941 with a resurgence since the 1990s. Phags-pa script, no longer in use. Tibetan script, no longer in use. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 2,804,090 (as L1: 2,803,630; as L2: 460). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Mongolia, Russian Federation. Unestablished in: Canada, China–Taiwan, Czechia, Germany, Kyrgyzstan, South Korea, Sweden, United States.

**Morrobalama** [umg] (Baka, Banjigam, Barungguan, Barunguan, Ganganda, Jintjingga, Kuukuyani, Moroba-Lama, Morrabalama, Morrobolam, Njindingga, Umbuygamu, Umbuykamu, Umpuykumu, Yintjingga). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The two last speakers, Nancy Gunnawarra and Mabel Kullakulla, lived into the 1990s (1994 S. Ogilvie). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, Princess Charlotte bay east coast. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Lamalamic. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Mpalitjanh** [xpj] (L̥o:tig, Ludhigh, Luthigh, Mbalidjan, Mpalit Yan, MpalitYaṅ, Mpalitjan, Mpalityanh). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, middle and upper Ducie river area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northern Pama. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Uradhi [urf]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Other*: No information regarding the last known user.

**Mudburra** [dmw] (Karanga, Karangpurru, Karranga, Karangpurru, Madbara, Moodburra, Mootburra, Mudbara, Mudbarra, Mudbera, Mudbra, Mudbura, Mutpura, Pinkagama, Pinkagarna). *Users*: 130 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Armstrong river, Camfield river, Cattle creek, Newcastle waters, Pigeon Hole station, Thjambutjambulani, Top Springs, Victoria river, Killarney homestead, Moolooloo, Victoria River Downs homestead, Yarralin. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Ngumbin. *Dialects*: Eastern Mudburra, Western Mudburra. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Raymond and Eleanor Dixon, a father and daughter, write Mudburra songs for children to teach Mudburra language and culture (2017). *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Unwritten. *Map*: 101.

**Muluridyi** [vmu] (Binjara, Kokomoloroij, Kokomoloroitji, Kookanoona, Molloroidyi, Mooloroiji, Mularitchee, Mullridgey, Muluridji, Mulurutji, Waluridji). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Mitchell river headwaters to Mareeba, Mount Carbine, Rumula, Woodville. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yalandyic. *DLS*: Still.

**Murrinh-Patha** [mwf] (Garama, Murinbada, Murinbata, Murrinhpatha, Murinpatha, Murinykata). Autonym: Murrinh-Patha. *Users*: 2,080 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Port Keats area, Wadeye. *Status*: 5\* (Developing). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Murrinh-Patha. *Dialects*: Murrinhpatha, Murrinhkura, Murrinhdiminin. The Murrinhkura dialect is almost extinct (Mansfield 2019). *Type*: SOV; classifier nouns; dual and paucal number; polysynthetic language; 22 consonants and 4 vowels. *Lg Use*: Children learn it as L1 (Wurm 2007). Many also use English [eng], many over the age of 40, and among young people, women have a

greater command than men (Mansfield 2019). A few also use Kriol [[rop](#)] (Mansfield 2019). Used as L2 by Marriammu [[xru](#)], Marti Ke [[zmg](#)]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1982–1990. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Main language in Daly River group. *Map*: [101](#):9.

**Muruwari** [zmu] (Marawari, Murawari, Murawarri, Murrawari, Muruwarri, Muruwurri). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland and New South Wales states: Bollon, Bourke, Dirranbandi, and Weilmoringle, almost to Cunnamulla. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Muruwaric. *Type*: SVO; noun head initial; dual number; definite article; tense and aspect; 19 consonants and 6 vowels (long and short). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [[eng](#)]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Wonganurra Aboriginal Project has been running the Murrawari Language Project (2007); Murdi Paaki Regional Enterprise Corporation had funding to teach Muruwari to students and community members for the 2008–2009 financial year. *DLS*: Still.

**Na-kara** [nck] (Kokori, Nagara, Nakara, Nakarra, Nakkara). *Users*: 55 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Goulburn island, Maningrida. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Gunwinguan, Burarran. *Lg Use*: Ethnic group members generally speak Burarra [[bvr](#)] or Djeebbana [[djj](#)]. Shifted to Burarra [[bvr](#)]. Shifted to Djeebbana [[djj](#)]. Many also use English [[eng](#)]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: [101](#):23.

**Nari Nari** [nrn] (Nari-Nari, Narinari, Narri-Narri). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last known speaker likely survived into the late 1960s (Wurm 1972). *Location*: New South Wales state: Balranald to near Booligal. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Kulin. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Narungga** [nnr] (Nanunga, Naranga, Narangga, Narranga, Narranggu, Narrangu). *Users*: 94 (2021 census). *Location*: South Australia state: south Yorke peninsula. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Yura. *Dialects*: Adjabdurah (Adjahdurah), Turra. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [[eng](#)]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. In 2017, one primary school and three R-12 schools in South Australia were listed as offering a Narungga language program. Organizations involved in revitalization efforts include the Narungga Aboriginal Progress Association (NAPA), The Narungga Heritage Committee, the Narungga Language Retraining Program, and the Department of Education and Children’s Services (DECS). Agency: Narungga Aboriginal Progress Association. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: [101](#).

**Nauo** [nwo] (Growoo, Naua, Nawo, Nawu, Nowo, Nyaawa). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. There were two potential speakers in the 1920s. *Location*: South Australia state: Coffin bay, Elliston, Mount Hope, and Port Lincoln; half of Eyre peninsula; west to Cape Radstock, north past Minnipa; east near Darke peak; west of Cleve and halfway between Carrow and Franklin harbor. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Yura. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Wirangu [[wgu](#)]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Ndra’ngith** [dgt] (Anda’aneti, Ndra’angid, Ndrag’ngith, Ndra’angit, Ntra’angith, Ntra’ngit). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*:

Queensland state: south of Pera Head; Norman river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northern Pama. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Nepali** [npi]. *Users*: 133,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Indo-Aryan, Intermediate Divisions, Eastern, Eastern Pahari. *Type*: SOV; postpositions; noun head final; 11 noun classes or genders; no articles; content q-word in situ; 1 prefix, up to 5 suffixes; clause constituents indicated by case-marking (4 cases); verbal affixation marks person, number and gender of subject; split ergativity; both tense and aspect; passives and voice; causatives; non-tonal; 29 consonant and 11 vowel phonemes. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. *Bible*: 1914–2004. *Writing*: Braille script. Devanagari script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 25,587,570 (as L1: 16,903,270; as L2: 8,684,300). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Bhutan, India, Nepal. Unestablished in: Bahrain, Brunei, Canada, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Japan, Kuwait, Malaysia, Myanmar, New Zealand, Norway, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Spain, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States.

**Ngaanyatjarra** [ntj] (Ngaanjatjarra, Ngaanyatjara, Western Desert Language). Autonym: Ngaanyatjarra. *Users*: 1,050 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Warburton ranges; Northern Territory: southwest corner. *Status*: 5\* (Developing). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wati. *Lg Use*: Also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Kukatja [kux], Pintiini [pti]. *Lg Dev*: Literacy rate in L1: 11%. *Dictionary*. *Texts*. NT: 1991. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Ngadjumaya** [nju] (Badonjunga, Bardojunga, Marlpa, Ngadju, Ngadjumaja, Ngadjumaya, Ngadjunmaia, Ngajumaya, Ngatju, Ngatjumay, Tchaakalaaga). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably recently extinct (Wurm 2007); last known speakers probably survived into the first decade of the 2000s. *Location*: Western Australia state: Eyre's Sand Patch, Goddard creek to Fraser range, Naretha, Point Culver, and Port Malcolm; Balladonia, Mount Andres, Norseman, and Russell range. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Mirning. *Dialects*: None known. Related to Kalarko [kba]. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: *Dictionary*. *Grammar*. *Texts*. In 2012–2013, a research fellow from AIATSIS worked with Ngajumaya speakers and community members to develop language documentation material and assist with developing language learning programs for young people. *DLS*: Still.

**Ngadjuri** [jui] (Aluri, Alury, Boanawari, Burra, Burra Burra, Doora, Eeleeree, Eura, Hillary, Hilleri, Manu, Manuley, Manuri, Mimbara, Monnoo, Ngadhuri, Ngadluri, Ngadyuri, Ngaluri, Ngarluri, Weera, Werra, Wiramaya, Wirameju, Wirameyu, Wirra, Wirra-Maya, Wirramaya, Wirramayo, Wirrameyu, Yilrea, Youngye). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: South Australia and Victoria states: Burra, Orroroo, Peterborough, and Robertstown districts; Angaston and Freeling north to Carrieton, Clare, Crystal Brook, Gladstone; north of Waukaringa to Koonamore, east to Mannahill. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Yura. *Lg Dev*: *Dictionary*. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Ngalakgan** [nig] (Hongalla, Ngalakan, Ngalangan). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last fluent

speaker died in 2004 (Baker 2007). *Location*: Northern Territory state: Roper river area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Rembargic. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Ngamini** [nmv] (Karangura, Yarluyandji). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: South Australia state: Warburton creek area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic, Karna. *DLS*: Still.

**Nganakarti** [xnk] (Barimaia, Jaburu, Minango, Nanakari, Nanakati, Nhanhagardi, Wiri). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the mid 20th century. *Location*: Western Australia state: Carnamah, Champion bay, Gullewa, Hill river, and Mingenew. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Nyungar. *DLS*: Still.

**Ngandi** [nid]. *Users*: 1 (2017). *Location*: Northern Territory: Upper Wilton river. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Enindhilyagwa. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. The Ngukurr Community Education Centre has been running a Ngandi language program since 2006. The last fluent speaker, Cherry Wulumirr Daniels, and her grandnephew, Grant Mathumba Thompson have been working with the organization on revitalization of Ngandi and some other endangered regional languages. In 2017, the Ngukurr Language Centre was running 30 minute Ngandi lessons on a weekly basis in primary schools. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Ngan'gityemerri** [nam] (Moil, Ngangi-Tjemmerri, Tyemerri). *Users*: 99 (2021 census). Ngenkiwumerri dialect is endangered, moving towards seriously endangered (Wurm 2007). *Location*: Northern Territory: Mission, Tipperary Station; Daly and Flora rivers junction, Daly river. *Status*: 7 (Shifting). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Murrinh-Patha. *Dialects*: Ngan'giwumirri (Ngangi-Wumeri, Ngenkiwumerri), Nangikurrunggurr (Nangikurunggurr, Ngan'gikurunggurr, Ngangikarangurr, Ngankikurrunkurr, Ngenkikurrunggur), Ngan'gimerri. Ngan'giwumirri dialect is 84% similar with other dialects. *Lg Use*: Shifting to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Map*: 101.

**Ngantangarra** [ntg] (Ngandangara). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Victoria state: upper Wilson river, north to Eromanga area, toward Thylungra and Ray, south to Nockatunga. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Nganyaywana** [nyx] (Anaiwan, Aniwan, Nganjaywana). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speakers probably lived into the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: New South Wales state: between Ashford, Glen Innes, and Inverell. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Dyangadi. *DLS*: Still.

**Ngardi** [rxd] (Boonara, Bunara, Buruwatung, Kolo, Kukuruba, Manggai, Munga, Ngadi, Ngari, Nyardi, Panara, Puruwatung, Waiangadi, Waiangara, Waiangari, Wain-gara, Walmala, Wanayaga, Warangari, Waringari, Wommana, Woneiga). *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Balgo hill, Chilla well, Gardiner range, Granites, Ima Ima, Lake Hazlett, Lake Lucas, Lake Mackay, Lake White, Lake Wills, Manggai, Milidjipi,

Ngaima Ngaima, Pallotine Mission, Sturt creek, Tanami track, Tekkari; Western Australia state. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Ngumbin. *Type*: SOV; dual number; case-marking; ergativity; 17 consonants and 3 vowels. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Map*: 101.

**Ngarigu** [xni] (Bemeringal, Bradjerak, Brajerak, Brajerang, Currak-da-bidgee, Garego, Gur-mal, Guramal, Murring, Ngarago, Ngarego, Ngarico, Ngarigo, Ngarroogoo, Ngarrugu, Ngaryo, Nguramal). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely survived into early 2010s. *Location*: New South Wales state: Australian Alps, Bombala river, Delagate, Monaro Tableland, Nimmitabel, Queanbeyan. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuin. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Ngarinyin** [ung] (Ngarinjin, Ungarinjin, Ungarinyin). *Users*: 12 (2011 ELDP). *Location*: Western Australia: Derby to King river, Kimberley. *Status*: 7 (Shifting). *Class*: Australian, Worroran. *Dialects*: Wilawila, Wolyamidi, Guwidj (Guwij), Wurla (Ola, Walar, Worla, Worlaja, Wula, Wuladja, Wuladjangari). *Type*: OSV, VOS. *Lg Use*: Most children speak Kriol [rop] as L1. Adults only. No longer passed on to children (2011 ELDP). Shifting to English [eng]. Shifting to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Other*: A different Wurla dialect reportedly still spoken (1990 A. Rumsey). *Map*: 101.

**Ngarinyman** [nbj] (Airiman, Hainman, Ngaiman, Ngarinman, Ngrarmun). *Users*: 50 (2005 AUSTLANG). Only one L1 speaker of Bilinarra left (Meakins and Nordlinger 2014). *Location*: Northern Territory: Victoria river, Pigeon Hole. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Ngumbin. *Dialect*: Bilinara (Bilinarra, Pilinara). Ngarinman is mutually intelligible with Gurindji Kriol [gjr] (Meakins and Nordlinger 2014). *Type*: No dominant word order; case-marking (10 cases); split ergative language; inflecting verbs and coverbs; tense; 17 consonants and 3 vowels; stress on first syllable; alienable/inalienable possession. *Lg Use*: Middle-aged speakers generally code-switch between Bilinarra and Kriol [rop] (Meakins and Nordlinger 2014). Shifted to English [eng]. Also use Kriol [rop]. Used as L2 by Djamindjung [djd]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Map*: 101.

**Ngarla** [nrk] (Gnalla, Kudjunguru, Ngala, Ngalana, Ngerla, Ngirla, Ngurla). *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2010 P. Austin). Last speaker, Alexander Brown, died on November 5, 2010. *Location*: Western Australia: Grey river, Kudingaranga, Mulyie, Pardoo, Solitary island, Taluirina pool, Tjaljaranja, Yarrie. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Inland Ngayarda. *Type*: Unconstrained word order; dual number; ergative case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person and number; antipassive and reciprocal; tense and mood; causatives; 17 consonants and 6 vowels (3 short and 3 long); stress on initial syllable. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Ngarluma** [nrl] (Gnalluma, Gnalouma, Ngallooma, Ngaluma). *Users*: 83 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Roebourne area, northwest coast and inland. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Coastal Ngayarda. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. The Ngarluma Language Project has focused on the

production of materials that promote the spoken language, using media that are widely available in the community (2010). *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:4.

**Ngarrindjeri** [nay] (Narinjari, Narinyerrie, Narrin'yerree, Narrinjeri, Narrinyeri, Ngarinyeri).

Autonym: Ngarrindjeri. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the 1960s. Ethnic population: 470 (2021 census). *Location*: South Australia state. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Ngarinyeric-Yithayithic. *Dialects*: Ramindjeri (Ramindjari, Ramindjerar, Ramingara, Raminyeri, Ramong, Rormear, Tarbanawalun, Wirramu-mejo), Yaraldi (Jaralde, Jarildikald, Lakalinyeri, Warawalde, Yalawarre, Yaralde, Yaralde Tingar, Yarilde, Yarildewallin, Yarrildie), Tanganekald (Dangani, Kalde, Milmenrura, Tangalun, Tanganalun, Tanganarin, Tangane, Tangani, Tanganikald, Tenggi, Thunga, Thungah, Tunga), Portaulun (Birdawulung, Bordawulung, Pomunda, Pomunfs, Poomunda, Putjin, Warawalda, Warawalde, Welindjeri, Welinyeri), Warki (Koraulun, Korowalle, Milang, Warkend). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Bible portions: 2019. Narungga People's Language Project is promoting language revitalization. Several schools in the state of South Australia offer Narrinyeri as part of their Language Other than English (LOTE) program. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script, no longer in use.

**Ngawun** [nxx]. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Cherry O'Keefe (Tjapun), died in 1977. *Location*: Queensland state: southwest of Croydon, between Flinders and Norman rivers. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Mayabic. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Ngayawung** [nwg] (Ngaiawang, Ngaiawung, Ngayawang). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died before the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: South Australia state: Herman Landing to Penn Reach on Murray river, west to Mount Lofty ranges, south to Ngautngaut. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Ngarinyeric-Yithayithic. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Ngumbarl** [xnm] (Ngombal). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely died in the early 1970s. *Location*: Western Australia: Coulomb Point to Cape Boileau, Barred Creek, and Willie Creek. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Nyulnyulan. *DLS*: Still.

**Ngunawal** [xul] (Gurungada, Ngoonawal, Ngunnawal, Ngunuwal, Nungawal, Wonnawal, Yarr). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speakers probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: New South Wales state: Booroowa, Canberra, Goulburn, Queanbeyan, Shoalhaven river, Tumut, Yass. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuin. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Gundungurra [xrd]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Ngurmbur** [nrx] (Gnormbur, Gnumbu, Koarnbut, Ngomburr, Ngormbur, Ngumber, Oormbur). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, between West and South Alligator rivers, northeast of Umpugarla. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Umpugarla-Ngumber. *DLS*: Still.

**Nhanda** [nha] (Nanda, Nanta, Nhanta, Nubda, Nunta). *Users*: In 1995, a few speakers were

reported. Some still survive (Wurm 2007). *Location*: Western Australia: Kalbarri north to Shark bay coast. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Yinggarda. *Dialect*: Bulinya. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. The Irra Wangga Language Centre has been working with the Nhanda people to create resources for the Nhanda people to learn and reawaken their language. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Nhirrpi** [hrp] (Palpamadramadra). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1960s. *Location*: Victoria state. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic. *Lg Dev*: Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Nhuwala** [nhf]. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers likely survived into the late 1990s. *Location*: Western Australia: Barrow and Monte Bello islands and nearby coast. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Coastal Ngayarda. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still.

**Nimanbur** [nmp] (Nimanburru). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 1982. *Location*: Western Australia: southwest of King sound, and inland. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Nyulnyulan. *DLS*: Still.

**Norwegian** [nor]. Autonym: Norsk. *Users*: 2,640 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Germanic, North, East Scandinavian, Danish-Swedish, Danish-Bokmal. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); definite and indefinite articles; passives (active, middle, passive); comparatives; 24 consonants, 12 vowels, 5 diphthongs; 2 pitch contours; stress on first syllable. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1904–1985. *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 5,312,730 (as L1: 5,308,030; as L2: 4,700). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Norway. Unestablished in: Brazil, Canada, Denmark, Ecuador, Germany, New Zealand, Russian Federation, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States.

**Nugunu** [nnv] (Doora, Njuguna, Nokunna, Noocoona, Nookoona, Nuguna, Nukana, Nukuna, Nukunnu, Nukunu, Pukunna, Tjura, Tyura, Wallaroo, Warra, Wongaidya). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: South Australia state: south of Gugada [ktd] language area to coast west to Fowler's bay and east to Streaky bay, east Spencer gulf. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Yura. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Nungali** [nug] (Ilngali, Jilngali). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Northern Territory: Upper Daly river area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Djaminjungan. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Nunggubuyu** [nuy] (Nunggubuju, Wubuy, Yingkwira). *Users*: 280 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: east Arnhem Land, Numbulwar. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Enindhilyagwa. *Lg Use*: Some young people, all adults. Children understand it, but speak Kriol [rop]. Most also use Kriol [rop]. The younger generation speaks Kriol. Used as L2 by Ritharrngu [rit]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. NT: 2007. *DLS*:

Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Nunukul** [xnu] (Moondjan, Ngundjan, Noonuccal, Noonukul, Nukunul, Nunagal, Nunungal, Nununkul). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last known speaker, (Mary) Jane Sunflower, died in 1964 (Holmer 1983). *Location*: Queensland state. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Durubulic. *DLS*: Still.

**Nyamal** [nly] (Gnamo, Namel, Njamal, Njamarl, Nyamel). *Users*: 42 (2021 census), decreasing. *Location*: Western Australia state: northwest, Bamboo creek area, Marble Bar, Nullagine, to coast east of Port Hedland. *Status*: 7 (Shifting). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Inland Ngayarda. *Lg Use*: Adults only. Shifting to English [eng] (Wurm 2007). Shifting to Nyangumarta [nna] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Wangka Maya Pilbara Aboriginal Language Center has worked with the Nyamal to produce language learning material. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Nyangga** [nny] (Jang-Kala, Janga, Jangaa, Jangga, Njangga, Njanggala, Yangarella, Yanggal, Yangkaal, Yuckamurri). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Gilbert river head, south of Forsyth to Gledswood, Gregory range to Oak Park and Glenora; Northern Territory: coast east of Robinson river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Tangic. *DLS*: Still. *Other*: Reportedly the same as Ganggalida [gcd].

**Nyangumarta** [nna] (Njangumarda, Njangumarta, Nyangumarda, Nyangumata). *Users*: 240 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Marble Bar, Port Hedland, Tjalku Wara. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Marngu. *Lg Use*: Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Nyamal [nly]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1996. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Nyawaygi** [nyt] (Nawagi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Willie Seaton, died in 2009. *Location*: Queensland state: Herberton south to Herbert river headwaters, to Cashmere, at Millaa Millaa, Ravenshoe, and Woodleigh, east to Tully Falls. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Dyrbalic. *DLS*: Still.

**Nyikina** [nyh] (Njigina, Njikenā, Nyakina, Nyigina, Nyigini). *Users*: 46 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Lower Fitzroy river. *Status*: 7 (Shifting). *Class*: Australian, Nyulnyulan. *Lg Use*: Adults only. Shifting to English [eng] (Wurm 2007). Shifting to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Also use Walmajarri [wmt]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:6.

**Nyiyaparli** [xny] (Bailko, Balgu, Balygu, Balyku, Iabali, Jana, Janari, Jauna, Niabali, Nijadali, Njiabadi, Njiabali, Njijabadi, Njijabali, Njijapali, Nyiyabali, Nyiyapali, Nyiypali, Paljgu, Palyku). *Users*: 12 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Davis river, Fortescue river, Jigalong creek, Oakover river, Ophtalmia range, Roy hill, Savory creek, Talawana, Weediwollli creek. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wati. *Lg Use*: Ethnic group members generally use Aboriginal English [eng] or Nyangumarta [nna]. Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Wangka Maya Pilbara Aboriginal

Language Centre has Niyaparli language learning materials; in 2016, Wangka Maya started offering a Certificate III in Aboriginal Languages, and some of the first students were Niyaparli. *DLS*: Still. *Other*: 2 groups: Bailko and Jauna. *Map*: 101.

**Nyulnyul** [nyv]. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Mary Carmel Charles, died in 1999. *Location*: Western Australia state: West Kimberley, Beagle Bay coast area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Nyulnyulan. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Nyungar** [nys] (Njunga, Njungar, Noongar, Nyunga, Wudjari). *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2005 AUSTLANG). Recently extinct (Wurm 2007). *Location*: Western Australia state. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Nyungar. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Bible portions: 2014. *DLS*: Emerging (0.07). *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Former Nyungar languages: Tjapanmay, Karlamay, Pipelman (Pipalman), Ngatjumay, Kwetjman, Mirnong, Kaniyang Pindjarup, and Whadjuk. There are 1,540 people who are descended from the Nyunga who speak a mixture of English and Nyunga (2021 census), included as a dialect of English [eng] in Australia. They are sometimes called Noonga, Noongar, or Noogar, and their speech Neo-Nyunga.

**Olkol** [olk] (Koka-ollugul, Koko Olkol, Koko Olkolo, Koko-olkol, Kunjen, Ol'kol, Olcoola, Olgol, Olgolo, Olkola, Olkolo, Olkulo, Ulkulu, Wulgulu). *Users*: 5 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Location*: Queensland state: Coleman river, Crosbie river. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. The Olkola Aboriginal Corporation started the Olkol Language Revival Project with assistance from the Pama Language Centre in 2016. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Oromo, West Central** [gaz]. Autonym: Afaan Oromoo. *Users*: 4,310 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Afro-Asiatic, Cushitic, East, Oromo. *Type*: SOV; postpositions; gender (masculine/feminine); case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person, number, gender of subject; passives (active, middle, passive); tense and aspect; 25 consonant and 10 vowel phonemes; pitch accent. *Lg Dev*: Literature. Newspapers. Radio. TV. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1899–1998. *Writing*: Ethiopic script, used until 1990s. Latin script, used since 1990s. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 19,209,950 (as L1: 19,207,340; as L2: 2,610). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: Ethiopia. Unestablished in: Canada, Sudan.

**Paakantyi** [drl] (Baagandji, Bagandji, Darling, Kula, Paakanti, Paakintyi, Southern Baagandji). *Users*: 4 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Location*: New South Wales state: Darling river basin. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Baagandji. *Dialects*: Paaruntyi, Kurnu (Gurnu), Nhaawuparlku, Milpulo, Wilyaali, Thangkaali, Pulaali, Wanyuparlku, Pantyikali (Bandjigali), Marrawarra (Maruara), Southern Paakantyi, Parrintyi (Baarrundji, Barindji). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. The Paakantyi Language Circle has been promoting their language since 2008; their work has enabled Paakantyi language courses to be added to several schools, and they have published four children's stories in partnership with Indigenous Literacy. Aboriginal Educator Noe Lumby worked with

some young men within the Juvenile Justice System to create Paakantyi language resources. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Pakanha** [pkn] (Bakanha, Pakanh). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1990s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: central Cape York peninsula, south of Coleman river. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Pallanganmiddang** [pmd] (Balangamida, Pallangahmiddang, Wavaroo, Wave Veroo, Waveroo, Wayerroo, Waywurru, Wayyourong, Wayyouroo, Weeroo, Weherroo). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died ca. 1800. *Location*: Victoria state: east of Albury. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Pallanganmiddang. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Pashto, Northern** [pbu]. *Users*: 12,700 in Australia (2021 census). Census does not distinguish between Central Pashto [pst], Northern Pashto [pbu] and Southern Pashto [pbt]. *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Iranian, Eastern, Southeastern, Pashto. *Type*: SOV; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine); no articles; case-marking (3 cases); verb affixes mark person, number, gender of subject; passives; tense and aspect; causatives. *Lg Dev*: Literature. Newspapers. Periodicals. Radio. TV. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *Bible*: 2019. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, primary usage. Arabic script, Nastaliq variant. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 30,251,740 (as L1: 28,883,240; as L2: 1,368,500). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: Pakistan. Also established in: Afghanistan, India, United Arab Emirates. Unestablished in: Canada, New Zealand, Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, Turkey, Turkmenistan, United States.

**Persian, Iranian** [pes]. *Users*: 72,500 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Iranian, Western, Southwestern, Persian. *Type*: SOV; noun head initial; no articles; tense and aspect; causatives; 23 consonant and 6 vowel phonemes; stress on final syllable (or root). *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. *Bible*: 1845–1995. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Arabic script, Nastaliq variant, used in Iran. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 78,623,350 (as L1: 57,192,350; as L2: 21,431,000). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Iran. Also established in: Bahrain, Iraq, Oman, Qatar, Tajikistan, United Arab Emirates. Unestablished in: Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, India, Japan, Kuwait, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, Sweden, Syria, Turkey, Turkmenistan, United Kingdom, United States, Uzbekistan, Yemen.

**Pinigura** [pnv] (Binigura, Pinikura). *Users*: No known L1 speakers (Wurm 2007). The last speaker died in the 1980s. *Location*: Western Australia state: northwest, inland on Duck creek. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Dhalandji. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still.

**Pinjarup** [pnj] (Bangoula, Banyoula, Banyowla, Bindjarub, Binjarup, Kuriwongi, Nyunga,

Peejine, Penjarra, Pidjain, Pindjarup, Pinjarra, Yaberoo). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the mid 20th century. *Location*: Western Australia state: Pinjarra and Wooneerup in Harvey and Leschenaut inlets, Murray river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Nyungar. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Pintiini** [pti] (Nyanganyatjara, Pindiini, Wangada, Wanggaji, Wangkatha, Wonga, Wongai-I, Wonggaii). *Users*: 360 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Nullarbor plain north edge, north of Hughes; South Australia state: west of Nullabor. *Status*: 6a\* (Vigorous). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wati. *Lg Use*: Also use Ngaanyatjarra [ntj]. Also use Pitjantjatjara [pjt]. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Pintupi-Luritja** [piu] (Bindabu, Binddibu, Bindibu, Bindubi, Bindubu, Loridja, Luritja, Pintubi, Pintupi). *Users*: 1,570 (2021 census), including 270 Pintupi and 1,300 Luritja (2021 census). 1,000 monolinguals. *Location*: Northern Territory: Balgo hills, Kintore, Papunya settlement, and Yuendumu; Western Australia state. *Status*: 5\* (Developing). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wati. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Kukatja [kux]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. NT: 1981. *DLS*: Emerging (0.06). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Pirlatapa** [bxi] (Biladaba, Pirladapa). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by the 1960s. *Location*: South Australia state: Lake Blanche area, Lake Callabonn. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic, Karna. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Dieri [dif]. *Lg Use*: No remaining speakers in the 1960s. *DLS*: Still.

**Pirriya** [xpa] (Bidia, Biria, Birria, Piria). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Albert Upperty (or Uppity), died in 1969 (Breen 1990). *Location*: Queensland state: Canaway range, Coopers creek, Gilpeppee, Jundah, Keeroongooloo, Thomson river, Whitula creek. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic. *DLS*: Still.

**Pitcairn-Norfolk** [pih] (Pitcairn English). *Users*: 910 in Australia (2021 census). *Location*: Scattered. *Status*: 6b\* (Threatened). *Class*: Creole, English based, Pacific. *Lg Use*: An in-group language used to assist in identity preservation. The people speak standard British English [eng] as L1. Possibly no speakers on Australian mainland. *Other*: Non-indigenous. Christian. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,656. Global EGIDS level: 6a (Vigorous). Indigenous in: Norfolk Island. Also established in: New Zealand, Pitcairn.

**Pitjantjatjara** [pjt] (Pitjantjara, Pitjantjatjarra). Autonym: Pitjantjatjara. *Users*: 4,560, all users. L1 users: 4,060 (2021 census), including 3,460 Pitjantjatjara and 600 Yankunytjatjara (2021 census). L2 users: 500. 2,580 monolinguals (2006). *Location*: Northern Territory: southwest corner; South Australia state: Pitjantjatjara freehold lands, Yalata; Western Australia state. *Status*: 4 (Educational). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wati. *Dialects*: Yankunytjatjara, Pitjantjatjara (Pithantjatjarra). *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Pintiini [pti], Yankunytjatjara [kdd]. *Lg Dev*: Literacy rate in L1: 50%–70%. Literacy rate in L2: 10%–15%. Taught as subject in primary schools. Dictionary. Texts. NT: 2002. *DLS*: Emerging (0.11). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Pitta Pitta** [pit] (Bida-Bida, Bidhabidha, Pita Pita, Pitha-Pitha). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Ivy Nardoo, died in 1981. *Location*: Queensland state: Boulia. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic, Palku. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Polish** [pol]. *Users*: 45,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Balto-Slavic, Slavic, West, Lechitic. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); no articles; case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; aspect; comparatives; 30 consonant and 8 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; stress on penultimate syllable. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1561–2018. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 40,589,930 (as L1: 39,896,930; as L2: 693,000). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Czechia, Poland, Ukraine. Also established in: Germany, Hungary, Israel, Lithuania, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia. Unestablished in: Argentina, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Georgia, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Serbia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States, Uzbekistan.

**Portuguese** [por]. Autonym: Português. *Users*: 67,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Italic, Romance, Italo-Western, Western, Gallo-Iberian, Ibero-Romance, West Iberian, Portuguese-Galician. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; gender (masculine/feminine); definite and indefinite articles; verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense; comparatives; 21 consonants, 13 vowels, 11 diphthongs; non-tonal. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1751–2017. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 263,638,850 (as L1: 236,266,650; as L2: 27,372,200). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Portugal, Spain. Also established in 14 other countries and unestablished in 38 more.

**Punjabi, Eastern** [pan]. *Users*: 101,000 in Australia (2021 census). Total Punjabi speakers in Australia: 239,000 (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Indo-Aryan, Intermediate Divisions, Western, Panjabi. *Type*: SOV; postpositions; gender (masculine/feminine); no articles; case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person, number, gender of subject; passives; tense and aspect; 15 consonant and 24 vowel phonemes; tonal (3 tones: high, mid, low). *Lg Dev*: Literature. Radio. Grammar. Bible: 1959–2017. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Gurmukhi script, primary usage. Khojki script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 52,077,070 (as L1: 48,299,070; as L2: 3,778,000). Global EGIDS level: 2 (Provincial). Indigenous in: India, Pakistan. Also established in: Fiji, Kenya, Mauritius, Singapore. Unestablished in: Bangladesh, Canada, Iran, Japan, Malaysia, Nepal, New Zealand, Oman, Réunion, Saudi Arabia, Thailand, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States.

**Punjabi, Western** [pnb]. *Users*: 138,000 in Australia (2021 census). Total Punjabi speakers in Australia: 239,000 (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Indo-Aryan, Intermediate Divisions, Western, Panjabi, Western Panjabi. *Type*: SOV;

postpositions; gender (masculine/feminine); no articles; case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person, number, gender of subject; passives; tense and aspect; 15 consonant and 24 vowel phonemes; tonal (3 tones: high, mid, low). *Lg Dev*: Literature. Newspapers. Periodicals. Radio. TV. Videos. Grammar. NT: 1819–1931. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Arabic script, Nastaliq variant, primary usage, also called Shahmukhi. Khojki script. Lahnda (Landa) script, no longer in use. Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 66,715,480. Global EGIDS level: 5 (Developing). Indigenous in: India, Pakistan. Unestablished in: Afghanistan, Belgium, Finland, Germany, Libya, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States.

**Punthamara** [xpt] (Banthamurra, Bundhamara, Bunka-burra, Puntamara). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker probably died by the 1990s (Holmer 1988). *Location*: Victoria state: creeks east of Grey range from Orient and Thargomindah north to near Quilpie; Tobermory; Grey range west side, Congie to Mount Margaret. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic, Ngura. *Lg Dev*: Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Rembarnga** [rmb] (Kaltuy, Rainbargo, Rembarnga, Rembarranga, Rembarrunga, Rembarunga). *Users*: 51 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Katherine area, Maningrida and outstations, Roper river area. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Rembargic. *Lg Use*: Some young people, all adults, but few children. Most also use English [eng]. Also use Dalabon [ngk]. Also use Gunwinggu [gup]. Also use Kriol [rop]. Used as L2 by Dalabon [ngk]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Ritharrngu** [rit] (Ridarngo, Ridarngu, Ridharrngu, Ritarnugu, Ritarungo, Ritharngu, Wagelak, Wawilag, Yakuy). *Users*: 21 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Eastern Arnhem Land, Roper and Rose rivers. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuulngu, Dhuwal. *Type*: Dual number; split ergative system; causative suffix; 25 consonants and 6 vowels (3 long, 3 short). *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Some also use Nunggubuyu [nuy], especially passively around Numbulwar. Also use Djinba [djb]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Map*: 101.

**Rohingya** [rhg]. Autonym: Ruwainggya. *Users*: 2,270 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Indo-Aryan, Outer Languages, Eastern, Bengali-Assamese. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Hanifi Rohingya script, some development in immigrant communities for all three scripts. Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 2,529,270. Global EGIDS level: 6a (Vigorous). Indigenous in: Bangladesh, Myanmar. Unestablished in: China, India, Indonesia, Malaysia, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Thailand, United Arab Emirates.

**Romanian** [ron]. *Users*: 12,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Italic, Romance, Eastern. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head initial; gender (masculine/feminine/ambigeneric); indefinite article and definite article suffix; case-marking (2 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense; 22 consonants, 7 vowels, 2 diphthongs; non-tonal; free stress. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1688–1989. *Writing*: Braille script. Cyrillic script, official usage in Moldova until 1991. Cyrillic script, Old Church

Slavonic variant, 1688, experimental usage. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 24,478,820 (as L1: 24,461,820; as L2: 17,000). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Moldova, Romania, Ukraine. Also established in: Hungary, Israel, Serbia. Unestablished in: Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, Finland, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Luxembourg, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Russian Federation, Spain, Sweden, Turkmenistan, United Kingdom, United States, Uzbekistan.

**Rundi** [run]. Autonym: Ikirundi. *Users*: 3,250 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Niger-Congo, Atlantic-Congo, Volta-Congo, Benue-Congo, Bantoid, Southern, Narrow Bantu, Central, J, Ruanda-Rundi (D.62). *Lg Dev*: Literature. Newspapers. Periodicals. Radio. TV. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible: 1967. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 12,879,050 (as L1: 12,874,850; as L2: 4,200). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Burundi. Unestablished in: Canada, Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania.

**Russian** [rus]. *Users*: 120,000 in Australia (Arefyev 2012), all users. L1 users: 54,900 (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Balto-Slavic, Slavic, East. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; genitives after noun heads; adjectives, numerals before noun heads; question word initial; 1 prefix on a word; recursive addition of suffixes allowed; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); no articles; case-marking (6 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense and aspect; comparatives; 32 consonants, 5 vowels, 4 diphthongs; non-tonal; free stress. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1876–2011. *Writing*: Braille script. Cyrillic script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 254,997,130 (as L1: 146,954,150; as L2: 107,987,980). Global EGIDS level: 0 (International). Indigenous in: Belarus, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Russian Federation, Ukraine. Also established in 17 other countries and unestablished in 29 more.

**Samoan** [smo]. Autonym: Gagana Samoa. *Users*: 49,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Austronesian, Malayo-Polynesian, Central-Eastern Malayo-Polynesian, Eastern Malayo-Polynesian, Oceanic, Central-Eastern Oceanic, Remote Oceanic, Central Pacific, East Fijian-Polynesian, Polynesian, Nuclear, Samoic-Outlier, Samoan. *Type*: VSO; prepositions; noun head initial; dual number; definite and indefinite articles; ergativity; causatives; 9 consonants, 10 vowels, 6 diphthongs; non-tonal; stress on penultimate syllable; inclusive/exclusive pronouns. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1855–1970. *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 434,740. Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: American Samoa, Samoa. Unestablished in: Fiji, New Zealand, Tokelau, United States.

**Serbian** [srp]. *Users*: 57,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Balto-Slavic, Slavic, South, Western. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); no articles; case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense and aspect; causatives; comparatives; 25 consonant and 5

vowel phonemes, the ‘r’ also functioning as a vocalic (or syllabic) consonant; nontonal. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1804–1868. *Writing*: Braille script. Cyrillic script, primary usage. Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 10,213,776 (as L1: 10,193,976; as L2: 19,800). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Montenegro, North Macedonia, Serbia. Also established in: Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Hungary, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovenia, Turkey. Unestablished in: Argentina, Austria, Brazil, Canada, Czechia, Denmark, Germany, Greece, Italy, Libya, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United States, Zambia.

**Shona** [sna]. Autonym: Chishona. *Users*: 13,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Niger-Congo, Atlantic-Congo, Volta-Congo, Benue-Congo, Bantoid, Southern, Narrow Bantu, Central, S, Shona (S.10). *Type*: SVO; noun head initial; 13 noun classes; no articles; verb affixes mark person, number, object; passives; causatives; 31 consonants, 5 vowels, 2 diphthongs; tonal (2 tones: high, low). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1949–1980. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 10,873,630 (as L1: 7,371,360; as L2: 3,502,270). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: Zambia, Zimbabwe. Also established in: Botswana (Zezuru). Unestablished in: Canada, Malawi, South Africa, United Kingdom, United States.

**Sindhi** [snd]. *Users*: 2,640 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Indo-Aryan, Outer Languages, Northwestern, Sindhi. *Type*: SOV; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine); case-marking (8 cases); verb affixes mark person, number, gender of subject; passives; tense and aspect; 24 consonant and 15 vowel phonemes. *Lg Dev*: Literature. Radio. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1954. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, primary usage. Devanagari script, used in India. Gurmukhi script, used in India. Khojki script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 33,214,680 (as L1: 33,211,620; as L2: 3,060). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: India, Pakistan. Also established in: Philippines, Singapore. Unestablished in: Afghanistan, Belize, Canada, Kenya, Malaysia, Nepal, Oman, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, United States.

**Sinhala** [sin]. *Users*: 85,900 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Indo-Aryan, Outer Languages, Southern, Sinhalese-Maldivian. *Type*: SOV; postpositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); indefinite article suffix; case-marking (5 cases); tense and aspect; causatives; 23 consonants and 13 vowels; non-tonal; distinctive diglossia. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1823–1982. *Writing*: Braille script. Sinhala script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 17,553,910 (as L1: 15,542,810; as L2: 2,011,100). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Sri Lanka. Also established in: Singapore. Unestablished in: Canada, Cyprus, Denmark, Germany, Libya, Malaysia, Maldives, New Zealand, Norway, Oman, Qatar, Sweden, Thailand, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States.

**Slovak** [slk]. Autonym: Slovenský Jazyk, Slovenčina. *Users*: 5,530 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Balto-Slavic, Slavic, West, Czech-Slovak. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); no articles; case-marking (6 cases); verb affixes mark number, person; passives; tense and aspect; comparatives; 27 consonants, 10 vowels, 4 diphthongs; non-tonal; stress on first syllable. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1832–1999. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 7,330,420 (as L1: 5,281,620; as L2: 2,048,800). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Hungary, Slovakia. Also established in: Austria, Croatia, Czechia, Romania, Serbia, Ukraine. Unestablished in: Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Denmark, Germany, Ireland, Norway, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States.

**Slovene** [slv]. Autonym: Slovenski jezik, Slovenščina. *Users*: 3,440 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Balto-Slavic, Slavic, South, Western. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); dual number; no articles; case-marking (6 cases); verb affixes mark number, person; passives; tense and aspect; comparatives; 21 consonants, 8 vowels, 2 diphthongs; tonal (in some dialects); free stress. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1584–2017. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 2,263,350 (as L1: 2,075,890; as L2: 187,460). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Austria, Hungary, Italy, Slovenia. Also established in: Croatia. Unestablished in: Argentina, Canada, Germany, Serbia, Spain, United Kingdom, United States.

**Somali** [som]. Autonym: Af-Soomaali, Afka Soomaaliga. *Users*: 15,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Afro-Asiatic, Cushitic, East, Somali. *Type*: SOV; prepositions; noun head initial; gender (masculine/feminine); enclitic definite article; verb affixes mark number, person, gender of subject; tense; comparatives; 22 consonant and 10 vowel phonemes; tonal (3 grammatical tones: high, low, falling); inclusive/exclusive pronouns. *Lg Dev*: Literature. Radio. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1979. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, no longer in use. Latin script, used since 1972. Osmany script, no longer in use. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 22,044,840 (as L1: 21,937,940; as L2: 106,900). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Djibouti, Ethiopia, Kenya, Somalia. Unestablished in: Canada, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Italy, Malta, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Sweden, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States, Yemen.

**Spanish** [spa]. Autonym: Castellano, Español. *Users*: 629,000 in Australia, all users. L1 users: 171,000 in Australia (2021 census). L2 users: 458,000 (2020). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Italic, Romance, Italo-Western, Western, Gallo-Iberian, Ibero-Romance, West Iberian, Castilian. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; genitives, relatives after noun heads; articles, numerals before noun heads; adjectives before or after noun heads depending on whether it is evaluative or descriptive; question word initial; gender (masculine/feminine); definite and indefinite articles; verb affixes mark number, person; passives; tense; comparatives; 20 consonants, 5 vowels, 5 diphthongs; non-tonal; stress on penultimate syllable. Silbo Gomero

whistled variety of Spanish used in Canary Islands. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. *Bible*: 1553–2012. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 559,078,890 (as L1: 485,063,960; as L2: 74,014,930). Global EGIDS level: 0 (International). Indigenous in: Andorra, Gibraltar, Spain. Also established in 40 other countries and unestablished in 32 more.

**Swahili** [swh]. Autonym: Kiswahili. *Users*: 17,600 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Niger-Congo, Atlantic-Congo, Volta-Congo, Benue-Congo, Bantoid, Southern, Narrow Bantu, Central, G, Swahili (G.42). *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head initial; 18 noun classes; no articles; verb affixes mark person, number, object; passives; causatives; comparatives; 22 consonant and 5 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; stress on penultimate syllable. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. *Bible*: 1891–2017. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 71,558,080 (as L1: 16,164,680; as L2: 55,393,400). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Kenya, Mozambique, Somalia, Tanzania. Also established in: Burundi, Oman, Rwanda, South Africa, Uganda. Unestablished in: Canada, Comoros, Finland, Madagascar, Mayotte, New Zealand, Réunion, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States.

**Swedish** [swe]. Autonym: Svenska. *Users*: 9,660 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Germanic, North, East Scandinavian, Danish-Swedish, Swedish. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (common, neuter); definite and indefinite articles; passives (active, middle, passive); comparatives; 19 consonant and 17 vowel phonemes; tonal (2 tones). *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. *Bible*: 1541–1999. *Writing*: Braille script, used since 1917. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 13,069,330 (as L1: 9,911,930; as L2: 3,157,400). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Åland Islands, Finland, Sweden. Also established in: Denmark. Unestablished in: Austria, Canada, Estonia, Germany, Luxembourg, New Zealand, Norway, Russian Federation, Spain, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States.

**Tagalaka** [tgz] (Da:galag, Dagalang, Tagalag, Takalak, Targa-lag, Tarkalag). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely survived into the early 2010s. *Location*: Queensland state: Croydon, Einasleigh River, Forest Home, Forsyth, Georgetown, Gilbert river, Gregory river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Tagalog** [tgl]. Autonym: Tagalog. *Users*: 222,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Austronesian, Malayo-Polynesian, Greater Central Philippine, Central Philippine, Tagalog. *Type*: Prepositions; no articles; ergativity; tense and aspect; comparatives; 16 consonant and 5 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; inclusive/exclusive pronouns. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. *Bible*: 1905. *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. Tagalog script, no longer in use. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 83,054,910 (as L1: 28,746,910; as L2: 54,308,000). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: Philippines. Also established in: Canada, Guam, Sweden, United States. Unestablished in: American Samoa, Austria, Bahrain, Brazil, Cayman Islands, China–Hong

Kong, China–Macao, China–Taiwan, Cyprus, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Greece, Indonesia, Ireland, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Malaysia, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nigeria, Northern Mariana Islands, Norway, Oman, Palau, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Spain, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom.

**Tamil** [tam]. *Users*: 95,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Dravidian, Southern, Tamil-Kannada, Tamil-Kodagu, Tamil-Malayalam, Tamil. *Type*: SOV; postpositions; gender (rational, non-rational); no articles; case-marking (8 cases); verb affixes mark person, number, gender of subject; passives (affective, effective); tense; no comparatives; 18 consonants, 10 vowels and 2 diphthongs; non-tonal; stress on first syllable; inclusive/exclusive pronouns. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1727–2002. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, no longer in use. Braille script. Tamil script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 86,640,030 (as L1: 78,587,030; as L2: 8,053,000). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: India, Sri Lanka. Also established in: Fiji, Malaysia, Martinique, Mauritius, Pakistan, Réunion, Singapore, South Africa. Unestablished in: Bahrain, Belize, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Guadeloupe, Ireland, Myanmar, Netherlands, New Zealand, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Thailand, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States.

**Tasmanian, Bruny Island** [xpz] (Nuenonne). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Location*: Tasmania: Bruny island, on the southeast coast. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Language isolate. *DLS*: Still.

**Tasmanian, North Midlands** [xph] (North Midland Tasmanian, Tyerrernotepanner). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Location*: Tasmania: along the Tamar River, from the northern coast of the island southeast. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Language isolate. *DLS*: Still.

**Tasmanian, Northeastern** [xpb] (Pyemmairrener). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Location*: Tasmania: northeastern corner of the island, including the highlands of Ben Lomond. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Language isolate. *DLS*: Still.

**Tasmanian, Northern** [xpv] (Tommeginne). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Location*: Tasmania: northern coast, between present-day Burnie and Devonport. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Language isolate. *DLS*: Still.

**Tasmanian, Northwestern** [xpw] (Peerapper). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Location*: Tasmania: northwest corner. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Language isolate. *DLS*: Still.

**Tasmanian, Oyster Bay** [xpd] (Lairmairrener, Paredarerme). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Location*: Tasmania: Oyster Bay on the eastern coast of the island, and inland along the River Derwent to the central highlands. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Language isolate. *DLS*: Still.

**Tasmanian, Port Sorell** [xpl] (Tommeginne). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Location*: Tasmania: north coast, central. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*:

Language isolate. *DLS*: Still.

**Tasmanian, Southeast** [xpf] (Nuenonne). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Location*: Tasmania: south and east of present-day Hobart, coastal area to South East Cape. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Language isolate. *DLS*: Still.

**Tasmanian, Southwestern** [xpx] (Toogee). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Location*: Tasmania: along the southern part of the west coast of the island. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Language isolate. *DLS*: Still.

**Telugu** [tel]. *Users*: 59,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Dravidian, South-Central, Telugu. *Type*: SOV; postpositions; noun head final; gender; no articles; case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person, number gender of subject; passives; tense; causatives; 21 consonant and 11 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; stress on first syllable; inclusive/exclusive pronouns. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1854–2002. *Writing*: Braille script. Telugu script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 95,981,790 (as L1: 82,966,790; as L2: 13,015,000). Global EGIDS level: 2 (Provincial). Indigenous in: India. Also established in: Fiji, Singapore, South Africa. Unestablished in: Bahrain, Canada, Finland, Malaysia, Mauritius, Myanmar, New Zealand, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Sri Lanka, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States.

**Thai** [tha]. *Users*: 66,600 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Kra-Dai, Kam-Tai, Tai, Southwestern. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head initial; no articles; comparatives; 20 consonants, 18 vowels, 14 diphthongs, 3 triphthongs; tonal (5 phonemic tones: 3 level, 2 contour). *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1883–2011. *Writing*: Braille script. Thai script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 60,830,110 (as L1: 20,823,610; as L2: 40,006,500). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Cambodia, Thailand. Unestablished in: Austria, Canada, China–Taiwan, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Japan, Malaysia, New Zealand, Norway, Singapore, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States.

**Thawa** [xtv] (Baianga, Dhawa, Guyanagal, Guyangal-yuin, Katungal, Murring, Paienbera, Paiendra, Tadera-manji, Tharawal, Thauaira). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: New South Wales state: Cooma, Green cape, Merimbula. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuin. *DLS*: Still.

**Thaypan** [typ] (Awu Laya, Awu-Alaya, Coo-coo-warra, Gugu Dhayban, Gugu Thaypan, Koko Laia, Kokowara, Kuku-Thaypan, Laya, Wu-Laya). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Tommy George, died in 2016. *Location*: Queensland state: central Cape York peninsula, Coleman river. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Rarmul Pama. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Thiin** [iin] (Deen, Deenma, Denma, Dhiyin, Dhiyinma, Teen, Teenma, Tenma, Thenma, Thiinma). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by 2004. *Location*: Western Australia state. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Coastal Ngayarda. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Djiwarli [dze]. *DLS*: Still.

**Tibetan, Central** [bod]. *Users*: 2,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Sino-Tibetan, Tibeto-Burman, Western Tibeto-Burman, Bodish, Central Bodish, Central. *Type*: SOV; noun head initial; definite and indefinite articles; ergativity; comparatives; 28 consonant and 16 vowel phonemes; tonal (4 tones); 2 levels of honorifics. *Lg Dev*: Newspapers. Periodicals. Radio. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1948. *Writing*: Marchen script. Phags-pa script. Tibetan script, Uchen and Umed styles. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,195,230 (as L1: 1,193,380; as L2: 1,850). Global EGIDS level: 2 (Provincial). Indigenous in: China, India (Tibetan). Also established in: Nepal (Tibetan). Unestablished in: Canada, China–Taiwan (Tibetan), Switzerland (Tibetan), United States (Tibetan).

**Tigrigna** [tir]. *Users*: 6,250 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Afro-Asiatic, Semitic, South, Ethiopian, North. *Type*: SOV; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine); definite article; verb affixes mark person, number, gender of subject; passives; aspect; 33 consonant and 14 vowel phonemes. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1956. *Writing*: Ethiopic script, used since 13th or 14th century. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 8,829,790 (as L1: 8,667,590; as L2: 162,200). Global EGIDS level: 3 (Wider communication). Indigenous in: Eritrea, Ethiopia. Also established in: Israel. Unestablished in: Canada, Finland, Germany, Norway, Sudan, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States.

**Tiwi** [tiw]. Autonym: Tiwi. *Users*: 2,100 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Bathurst and Melville islands, Nguiu. *Status*: 5\* (Developing). *Class*: Australian, Tiwian. *Type*: SVO. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Bible portions: 1979–2000. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Tjungundji** [tjj] (Djungundji, Yangathimri). *Users*: 10 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Location*: Queensland: between Cullen Point and Janie Creek. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northern Pama. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Anguthimri [awg]. *Lg Use*: Elderly only. Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script.

**Tjupany** [tjp] (Tjupan). *Users*: 6 (2018 Goldfields Aboriginal Language Centre). Ethnic population: 250 (2018 Goldfields Aboriginal Language Centre). *Location*: Western Australia: Northwest Goldfields around the area of Barwidgee Station through to Leinster, Wiluna and west to Sandstone. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wati. *Lg Use*: Elderly only. Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Funding was received for the year 2011 to 2012 to begin work on the recording, analysis and preservation of the language through creation of recordings, a dictionary and a sketch grammar (2018 J. Murdoch). *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Tjurruru** [tju] (Chooraroo, Choororoo, Churoro, Djuroro, Djurruru, Djururo, Dyururu, Jurruru, Jururu, Thuraru, Tjororo, Tjuroro, Tjururo, Tjururu). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. 2 speakers left in 1967. *Location*: Western Australia state: northwest, Hardey river, southwest of Tom Price. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Inland

Ngayarda. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Tok Pisin** [tpi]. Autonym: Tok Pisin. *Users*: 3,630 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Creole, English based, Pacific. *Type*: SVO; 16 consonant and 5 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; inclusive/exclusive pronouns. *Lg Dev*: Newspapers. Radio. TV. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1989. *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 4,125,630 (as L1: 125,630; as L2: 4,000,000). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Papua New Guinea.

**Tongan** [ton]. Autonym: Faka Tonga. *Users*: 20,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Austronesian, Malayo-Polynesian, Central-Eastern Malayo-Polynesian, Eastern Malayo-Polynesian, Oceanic, Central-Eastern Oceanic, Remote Oceanic, Central Pacific, East Fijian-Polynesian, Polynesian, Tongic. *Type*: VSO. *Lg Dev*: Newspapers. Radio. Dictionary. Bible: 1862–1966. *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 188,830. Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Tonga. Unestablished in: American Samoa, Fiji, New Zealand, United States.

**Torres Strait Creole** [tcs] (Ailan Tok, Ap-Ne-Ap, Big Thap, Blaik, Blaiman, Broken, Cape York Creole, Creole, Pizin, Tores Streit Yumplatok, Torres Strait Broken, Torres Strait Pidgin English, West Torres). Autonym: Yumplatok. *Users*: 7,780 (2021 census). *Location*: Queensland state: Torres Strait Islands, towns on upper Cape York, some on north Queensland east coast. *Status*: 3 (Wider communication). Adopted as a de facto Torres Strait language between 1890 and 1940. Used in trade and church. *Class*: Creole, English based, Pacific. *Dialects*: None known. Lexical similarity: 80% with English. *Lg Use*: Used as L2 by Kala Lagaw Ya [mwp], Koko-Bera [kkp], Kunjen [kjn], Kuuku-Ya'u [kuy], Meriam Mir [ulk], Umpila [ump]. *Lg Dev*: NT: 2014. *DLS*: Emerging (0.12). *Writing*: Latin script. *Other*: A creolization of Tok Pisin [tpi] or Bislama [bis] and Kala Lagaw [mwp].

**Turkish** [tur]. Autonym: Türkçe. *Users*: 64,900 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Turkic, Southern, Turkish. *Type*: SOV; postpositions; noun head final; indefinite articles; case-marking (6 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense; causatives; comparatives; 19 consonant and 8 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; stress on final syllable; vowel harmony; evidentiality. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1827–2006. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, no longer in use. Braille script. Cyrillic script, used in Bulgaria. Greek script, no longer in use. Latin script, used since 1928 or 1929, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 90,028,000 (as L1: 84,010,500; as L2: 6,017,500). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Bulgaria, Cyprus, Greece, Turkey. Also established in: Germany, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Syria, Uzbekistan. Unestablished in: Albania, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Canada, Croatia, Denmark, Egypt, Finland, France, Georgia, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Libya, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Pakistan, Poland, Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States.

**Ukrainian** [ukr]. *Users*: 6,640 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-

European, Balto-Slavic, Slavic, East. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine/neuter); no articles; case-marking (7 cases); verb affixes mark person, number; passives; tense and aspect; comparatives; 32 consonant and 6 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; free stress. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. Bible: 1903–2020. *Writing*: Cyrillic script. Latin script, used in the 19th century, limited usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 33,026,920 (as L1: 26,862,920; as L2: 6,164,000). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: Romania, Slovakia, Ukraine. Also established in: Brazil, Croatia, Hungary, Lithuania, Moldova, Poland. Unestablished in: Argentina, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Israel, Italy, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Mongolia, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Russian Federation, Serbia, Spain, Sweden, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, United Kingdom, United States, Uzbekistan.

**Umbindhamu** [umd] ('Uuk-Umpithamu, Baka, Banjigam, Barunguan, Barunguan, Ganganda, Jintjingga, Koko Ompindamo, Kuuku-Umpinhamu, Njindingga, Umbuigamu, Umpinhamu, Umpithamu, Uuku Umpithamu, Yintjingga). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Joan Liddy, died in 2012 (Verstraete 2010). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, north of Coen. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Umbindhamuic. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Umpugarla** [umr] (Mbakarla). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Butcher Knight, is believed to have died in 2000. *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, southeast of Limilngan language area [lmc], between Mary and South Alligator rivers. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Umpugarla-Ngumbur. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still.

**Umiida** [xud] (Aobidai of Ongkarango, O:ka:ta, O:kada, Okat, Oken, Okwata, Oomida, Umeda, Umede, Umida, Umidi, Wumide). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker lived into the late 1980s (McGregor 1988). *Location*: Western Australia state: Bathurst, Bayliss, Koolan, and Macleay islands; Shoal, and Strickland bays; Oobagooma, Yampi Sound. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Worroran, Western Worroran. *Lg Use*: Moribund (McGregor and Rumsey 2009). Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Umpila** [ump] (Umbila). *Users*: 12 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape Sidmouth north nearly to Night island. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northeastern Pama. *Lg Use*: Young generation speaks Torres Strait Creole [tcs]. Only a few older people know the language well, middle generation has a varying proficiency (Wurm 2007). Elderly only. Shifted to Torres Strait Creole [tcs]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Map*: 101.

**Unggarangu** [xun] (Ongkarango, Oongarrangu, Ungarangi, Ungaranji, Unggarangi, Unggarangu). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the 1980s. *Location*: Western Australia state: northeast King sound from east Stokes bay north to Crawford bay, eastern islands of the sound from Helpman island to Caffarelli. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Worroran, Western Worroran. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Unggumi** [xgu] (Ngarangari, Ong Komi, Ongaranjan, Ungami, Ungumi, Wongkomi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speaker, Billy ‘Morndi’ Munro, died in the early 1990s. *Location*: Western Australia state: Chestnut creek; Isdell and Lennard rivers; Leopold range; Richenda and Robinson rivers. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Worroran, Western Worroran. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Unserdeutsch** [uln]. *Users*: 100 in Australia (2016 P. Maitz). *Location*: East coast: scattered. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Creole, German based. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 110. Global EGIDS level: 8a (Moribund). Indigenous in: Papua New Guinea.

**Uradhi** [urf] (Otati). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: North Alice creek, northeast Cape York peninsula. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Northern Pama. *Dialect*: Yadhaykanu. *Lg Dev*: Revitalization program has begun in 2015 by the Pama Language Centre for a group of closely related languages including Uradhi and Yadhaykanu, Angkamuthi [avm], and Atambaya [amz]. *DLS*: Still.

**Urdu** [urd]. *Users*: 112,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Indo-European, Indo-Iranian, Indo-Aryan, Western Hindi, Hindustani. *Type*: SOV; postposition; noun head final; gender (masculine/feminine); no articles; direct and oblique cases; verb affixes mark person, number, gender of subject; passives; tense and aspect; causatives; 35 consonants, 21 vowels; non-tonal; stress on penultimate syllable. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. *Bible*: 1843–1998. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Arabic script, Nastaliq variant, primary usage. Braille script. Devanagari script, used in India (Ahmad 2011). *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 231,717,940 (as L1: 70,555,140; as L2: 161,162,800). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: India, Pakistan. Also established in: Bangladesh (Bihari), Fiji, Guyana, Mauritius, Nepal, South Africa. Unestablished in: Afghanistan, Bahrain, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Egypt, Finland, Germany, Iran, Iraq, Ireland, Malaysia, New Zealand, Norway, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States.

**Urningangg** [urc] (Giimbiyu, Uningangk, Urningangga, Urningangk, Wuningak). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1990s (Black 1983). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land northwest, upper reaches of Alligator river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Giimbiyu. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Mangerr [zme]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. *DLS*: Still. *Other*: May be same language as Mangerr [zme].

**Vietnamese** [vie]. Autonym: Tiếng Việt. *Users*: 321,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Class*: Austro-Asiatic, Mon-Khmer, Viet-Muong, Vietnamese. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head initial; classifiers and numerals precede noun heads; possessor noun phrases and adjectives follow noun heads; noun classifiers; no articles; passives; comparatives; 25 consonants, 11 vowels, 20 diphthongs, 4 triphthongs; tonal (6 tones); inclusive/exclusive pronouns. *Lg Dev*: Fully developed. *Bible*: 1916–2008. *Writing*: Braille script. Han (Hanzi,

Kanji, Hanja) script. Latin script, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 85,807,700 (as L1: 85,023,700; as L2: 784,000). Global EGIDS level: 1 (National). Indigenous in: China, Vietnam. Also established in: Cambodia, Thailand, United States. Unestablished in: Austria, Bulgaria, Canada, China–Taiwan, Czechia, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Japan, Laos, Malaysia, Martinique, Netherlands, New Caledonia, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Russian Federation, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, Vanuatu.

**Waanyi** [wny] (Waangyee, Wainyi, Wanee, Wanji, Wanyee, Wanyi, Wonyee). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely survived into the 2010s. 2 semi-speakers (Wurm 2007). *Location*: Northern Territory: Queensland state border area southwest of Calvert. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Yanyi. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Garrwa [wrk]. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Wadi Wadi** [xwd] (Biangil, Dacournditch, Wathiwathi, Wattewatte, Watthiwatthi, Watty-watty, Withaija, Woani, Wohdi Wohdi, Woonyi, Wotti-wotti). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the 2010s. *Location*: New South Wales state: Murray river, Murrumbidgee Junction, Piangil, Swan Hill, Tyntynder; Victoria state: Moolpa. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Kulin. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: In 2015, Dr. Luise Hercus, a leading chronicler of endangered Australian Aboriginal languages, gathered Wadi Wadi and other indigenous groups together to hear recordings of their heritage languages with the goal of helping the groups ‘maintain and teach their languages to future generations’. *DLS*: Still.

**Wadikali** [wdk] (Wadigali). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Ned Palpilina, died in the 1930s. *Location*: New South Wales state: Callabonna creek, Evelyn creek, Lake Pinaroo, Milparinka, Naryilco, Tilcha, Yandama, Yandama creek. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yarli. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Wadjabangayi** [wdy] (Inningai, Kariimari, Kun-Gait, KunGait, Wadjabangai, Wadjabangay). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the early 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: Blackall, Glenbower, Lancevale, Maryvale. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Wadjiginy** [wdj] (Bachamal, Batjamalh, Patjtjamalh, Wadjiginy, Wadyiginy, Wagaydy, Wogaity). *Users*: 5 (2005 AUSTLANG). Ethnic group members understand the language when old people speak it, but use Kriol [rop] as L1 (Wurm 2007). *Location*: Northern Territory: southwest of Darwin along coast and inland along Finnis river. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Daly, Bringen-Wagaydy, Wagaydy. *Dialect*: Pungupungu (Kandjerramal, Kuwama, Patjtjamalh). *Lg Use*: Elderly only. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:17.

**Wadjigu** [wdu] (Maudalgo, Wadja, Wadjainggo, Wadjingu, Waindjago, Wainggo, Wainjago, Wainjigo). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: southwest of Fairbairn reservoir. *Status*: 10

(Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *DLS*: Still.

**Wagaya** [wga] (Leewakya, Ukkia, Waagai, Waagi, Wagai, Wagaja, Waggaia, Wakaja, Wakaya, Wakkaja, Warkya, Worgai, Worgaia, Workia). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1990s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Northern Territory: Austral Downs, Avon Downs, Camooweal, area north of Lake Nash. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Wagaya-Warluwaric, Warluwara-Thawa. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Wagiman** [waq] (Wagaman, Wageman, Wagoman, Wakiman, Wogeman). *Users*: 28 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Bagot and Tipperary station south of Pine creek. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Wagiman. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Map*: 101.

**Wajarri** [wbv] (Wadjari, Wadjeri, Watjari, Watjarri). *Users*: 20 (2005 AUSTLANG). Ethnic population: 200 (1981 W. Douglas). *Location*: Western Australia state: Geraldton to Mount Magnet. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wadjari. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. Used as L2 by Badimaya [bia]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Wajuk** [xwj] (Beelia, Beeloo, Derbal, Ilakuri wongi, Juadjag, Juadjuk, Karakata, Karrakatta, Minalnjunga, Minnal Yungar, Wadjug, Wadjuk, Wadjup, Wadyuk, Whadjuk, Whajook, Witjaari, Yooadda, Yoard, Yoongar, Yuard, Yuatjek, Yungar, Yungur). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Western Australia state. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Nyungar. *DLS*: Still.

**Wakabunga** [wwb] (Waggaboonyah, Waggabundi, Wakobungo, Waukaboonia, Worgabunga, Workabunga, Workoboongo). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland: Gregory and Gunpowder creeks, Leichhardt river, Morstone. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Galgadungic. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Wakawaka** [kwk] (Enibura, Nukunukubara, Waga, Waga-Waga, Wagawaga, Waka Waka, Wakka). *Users*: 2, all users. L1 users: No known L1 speakers (Wurm 2007). Last native speaker of Duunidjawan dialect died in 1965; Wakawaka dialect has been extinct for decades (Wurm 2007). L2 users: 2 (Wurm 2007). *Location*: Queensland state: Gayndah, Kingaroy, and Murgon; Nanango north to Mount Perry, west to Boyne river. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Waka-Kabic, Miyan. *Dialects*: Duungidjawan, Wagawaga. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Walangama** [nlw] (Boogoolmurra, Bugulmara, Karan, Uw Alngam, Wahlongman, Wallan-kammer, Wallenkammer, Wollangama, Wollongurmee). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: Croydon, Gregory range. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

- Walmajarri** [wmt] (Pililuna, Walmadjari, Walmajiri, Walmatjari, Walmatjarri, Walmatjiri, Wolmeri). *Users*: 290 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Fitzroy river valley area, La Grange and Lake Gregory. *Status*: 7 (Shifting). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Ngumbin. *Dialect*: Djuwarliny (Juwaliny, Tjuwalinj). The western group speaks the Juwaliny dialect. *Type*: SOV. *Lg Use*: Adults only. Shifting to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Kukatja [kux], Martu Wangka [mpj], Nyikina [nyh]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Bible portions: 1978–1989. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Maps*: 101, 101.
- Waluwarra** [wrb] (Kapula, Maula, Mauula, Mawula, Parnkarra, Walookera, Walugera, Waluwara, Warluwara, Warluwarra, Wollegara, Yunnalinka). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Roxborough Downs. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Wagaya-Warluwaric, Warluwara-Thawa. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. *DLS*: Still.
- Wambaya** [wmb] (Umbaia, Wambaia, Wambaja, Wom-By-A, Wombya, Yumpia). *Users*: 24 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Barkly tableland, Limmen bight and McArthur rivers' headwaters; east of Lake Woods. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, West Barkly. *Dialects*: Wambaya, Binbinga (Binbinka), Gudandji. Dialects inherently intelligible. (Black 1983). *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop]. Used as L2 by Gudanji [nji]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.
- Wamin** [wmi] (Agwamin). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: south central Cape York peninsula, Einasleigh river, northwest of Einasleigh. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Southern Pama. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. In 2017, Wamin and other language groups sent representatives to the Indigenous Languages Residency, which provided the groups with resources to revive their languages. *DLS*: Still.
- Wandarang** [wnd] (Wamdarang, Wandaran, Warndarang, Warndarrang, Wuyarrawala). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Isaac Joshua, died in 1974. *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land, Roper river area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Maran, Mara. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still.
- Wangaaybuwan-Ngiyambaa** [wyb]. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers may have survived into the early 2010s. *Location*: New South Wales state: Barwon, Bogan and Darling rivers, Yanda creek. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Wiradhuric. *Dialects*: Wangaaybuwan (Wangaaypuwan, Wombungee, Wongagibun, Wongaibon, Wonghi, Wonghibon, Wonjhibon), Ngiyambaa (Giamba, Narran, Ngeumba, Ngiamba, Ngiumba, Ngiyampaa, Ngjamba, Ngumbarr, Noongaburrah), Wayilwan (Waljwan). *Lg Dev*: Grammar. *DLS*: Still.
- Wanggamala** [wnm]. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker may have died in 2003. *Location*: Northern Territory: Hay river, south of Andegerebinha. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*:

Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic, Palku. *DLS*: Still.

**Wangkangurru** [wgg] (Ongkonguru, Rangwa, Wangganguru, Wangka-Jutjuru, Wangka-Yutjuru, Wangkadjera, Wangkanguru, Wonggongaru, Wongkanguru, Wongkongaru, Wongonooroo, Wonkagnurra, Wonkaora, Wonkaooro, Wonkongaru, Wonkonguru, Wonkonguru, Wychinga). *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: southeast corner. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic, Palku. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Wangkayutyuru** [wky] (Wanggadjarra, Wanggadyara, Wanggamanha, Wanggayudyuru, Wangka-Yutjuru, Wangka-Yutjuru, Wangka-jutjuru, Wangkatjera, Wangkayutjuru, Wongga-Jitjeru, Wongga-itjeru, Wonggadjarra, Wongka-itjeru, Wongka-itjuru, Wongkadjera, Wangkatjera, Wonkajara, Wonkajera, Wonkatyeri, Wonkoyara). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1970s. *Location*: Victoria state: Glenormiston and Herbert downs, on Malvina creek; north toward Roxborough. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Wangkumara** [xwk] (Wanggumara, Wanghumara, Wangumarra, Wongkumara). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1980s. *Location*: Victoria state: Kalidawarry, lower portion of Field and Cooper creeks, east of Nappa Merrie and Orientos to Wilson river at Nockatunga. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic, Ngura. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Revitalization program is underway. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Waray** [wrz] (Arwur, Awarai, Awarra, Warrai, Warray). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Northern Territory: Adelaide river area. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Warayan. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. *DLS*: Emerging (0.11).

**Wardaman** [wrr] (Wadaman, Waderman, Waduman, Warda'man, Wardman, Warduman, Wartaman, Wordaman). *Users*: 16 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: upper Daly river. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Yangmanic. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Yangman [jng] and Dagoman [dgn]. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Wardandi** [wxw] (Belliman, Dardanup, Doonin, Dordenup, Dornderupwongy, Dunanwongi, Jabaru, Kardagur, Nghungar, Waadandi, Waddarndi, Wadjandi, Yabaroo). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Western Australia state: Bunbury to Cape Leuwin, chiefly along the coast; Geographe bay, Nannup and Busselton. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Nyungar. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Wariyanga** [wri] (Wariyangka). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1980s. *Location*: Western Australia state: West Pilbara southeast of Mount Augustus. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Inland Ngayarda. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Other*: Ruhlen (1987) classifies it in a separate Mantharda group.

**Warlmanpa** [wrl] (Walmala). *Users*: 37 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Mount

Leichhardt area. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Ngarga. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Warlpiri** [wbp] (Albura, Alpira, Alpiri, Elpira, Ilpara, Ilpira, Ilpirra, Nambuda, Ngalia, Ngaliya, Ngallia, Ngardilpa, Njambalatji, Ulperra, Waibry, Wailbri, Walbiri, Walbrai, Walbri, Waljbiri, Waljpiri, Walmala, Walmama, Walmanba, Walpari, Walpiri, Wanaeka, Wanajaga, Wanajaka, Wanajeka, Waneiga, Waringari, Wolperi, Wolpirra). *Autonym*: Warlpiri. *Users*: 2,620 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Ali Curung Willowra, Alice Springs, Darwin, Katherine, Lajamanu, and Yuendumu; Western Australia state: into area shared with Kukatia [kux]. *Status*: 5\* (Developing). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Ngarga. *Type*: SOV; ergative; 18 consonant and 6 vowel phonemes; non-tonal; stress on first syllable; vowel harmony. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Anmatyerre [amx]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. NT: 2001. *DLS*: Emerging (0.09). *Writing*: Latin script. *Maps*: 101, 101.

**Warnman** [wbt] (Nanidjara, Nyaani, Wanman). *Users*: 9 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Marble Bar area, Nullagine station, Strelley. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wati. *Lg Use*: Ethnic group members generally speak Kriol [rop], English [eng], Martu Wangka [mpj], or Nyangumarta [nna]. Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Warrgamay** [wgy] (Biyay, Wargamay). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: coast south of Hinchinbrook island, and inland along Herbert river. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Dyirbalic. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: A video with Warrgamay words for river animals is available online; Warrgamay children have allotted classroom time for language learning through stories (2013). *DLS*: Still.

**Warrwa** [wwr] (Warrawai, Warwa). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Maudie Lennard, died in 2016. *Location*: Western Australia state: Derby and West Kimberley regions. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Nyulnyulan. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. *DLS*: Still.

**Warumungu** [wrm] (Waramunga, Waramungu, Warramunga). *Users*: 420 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Tennant creek area. *Status*: 7 (Shifting). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Warumungic. *Lg Use*: Shifting to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Maps*: 101, 101.

**Warungu** [wrg] (Gudjal, Gudjala, Warrongo, Warrungu). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Alf Palmer, died in 1981. *Location*: Queensland state: northeast of Einasleigh. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. There are attempts at revitalization (Wurm 2007). Tasaku Tsunoda and Mie Tsunoda have been working with community members to revive the language with evidence of success (2010). *DLS*: Still.

**Wathawurrung** [wth] (Wada wurrung, Wadawio, Waddorow, Wadhaurung, Wadjawuru, Wadourer, Wadthaurung, Waitowrung, Warra, Wathaurong, Wathaurung, Wathawurung,

Wathuring, Watorrong, Wiityahuurong, Wioura, Witaoro, Witawurong, Witoura, Witouro, Witowro, Witowurong, Witowurrong, Witowurrung, Witowurung, Wittyawhuurong, Wod-dowrong, Woddowro, Woddowrong, Wollowurong, Woceewoorong, Wothowurong, Wuddyawurra, Wuddyawurru, Wudja-wurung, Wudjawuru, Wudjawurung, Wudthaurung). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last known competent speaker, Ellen Richards, died in 1921 (Blake et al 1998). *Location*: Victoria state: Ballarat, Barwon river, Cape Otway, Geelong, Lake Burrambeet, Pitfield, Princetown, Queenscliff. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Kulin. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Wemba Wemba** [xww] (Gormjanyuk, Gourrmjanyuk, Jambajamba, Jupa-galk-wournditch, Mallenjerrick, Waamba, Waimbiwaimbi, Wamba, Wamba Wamba, Wambawamba, Wembawemba, Weumba, Womba, Yamba, Yambayamba, Yowewnullurn, Yuppila). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speakers survived into the 1960s. *Location*: Victoria state: Loddon river, north to Swan Hillp; Avoca river south to Quambatook area, northeastward to Boorooban and Moulamein (NSW); Boort and Lake Boga. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Kulin. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Revitalization efforts initiated by Dr. Luise Hercus in 2015. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Wergaia** [weg] (Wergaya, Werkaya, Wimmera, Worgaia). *Users*: 16 (2021 census). *Location*: Victoria state: Dimboola to Lakes Albacutya and Hindmarsh, along Wimmera river; Warracknabeal to Yanac. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Kulin. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Other*: May be the same language as Wotjobaluk [xwt]. *Map*: 101.

**Wik Ngathan** [wig] (Wik-Ngathana). *Users*: 7 (2021 census). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, west coast below Aurukun. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Wik-Mungkan [wim] (Wurm 2007). Many also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:32.

**Wikalkan** [wik] (Wik Alkan, Wik Elken, Wik-Alkanh, Wik-Kalkan, Wik-Ngathara, Wik-Ngatharra, Wik-Ngathrr, Wikngatara). *Users*: 86 (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Aurukun. *Status*: 7 (Shifting). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *Dialects*: Wik-Ngandjara (Ngandjara, Wik Ngatara), Ngadanja. *Lg Use*: Adults only. Shifting to Wik-Mungkan [wim] (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:31.

**Wik-Epa** [wie] (Wik Epa, Wik-Ep, Wik-Eppa, Wikepa). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, southeast of Aurukun. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *DLS*: Still.

**Wik-liyanh** [wij] (Wik Iyanh, Wik Iyanja). *Users*: 40 (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: central Cape York peninsula, southwest of Coen. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *Lg Use*: Under pressure from Wik-Mungkan [wim] (Wurm 2007). Some young people, all adults. Many also use English [eng].

Also use Wik-Mungkan [wim]. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Wik-Keyangan** [wif]. *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, southeast of Aurukun. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *DLS*: Still.

**Wik-Me'anha** [wih] (Eik-Me'anha, Wik-Em'an, Wik-Me'anh, Wik-Me'nh, Wikmean). *Users*: 12 (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Queensland state: Cape York peninsula, southeast of Aurukun. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:33.

**Wik-Mungkan** [wim] (Mungkañ, Munkan, Wik Munggan, Wik-Mungkana, Wik-Munkan). Autonym: Wik-Mungknh. *Users*: 1,550, all users. L1 users: 950 (2021 census), decreasing. L2 users: 600. *Location*: Queensland state: Aurukun to Edward river. *Status*: 6b (Threatened). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *Lg Use*: Some young people, all adults. Children are learning it (2011). Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Kugu-Muminh [xmh], Wik Ngathan [wig], Wikalkan [wik], Wik-Iiyanh [wij], Wikngenchera [wua]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. NT: 1985. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101:34.

**Wikngenchera** [wua] (Kugu Nganhcara, Nantjara, Ngandjara, Ngantjeri, Njinturawik-Nganhcara, Wik, Wik-Nantjara). *Users*: 30 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Location*: Queensland state: Aurukun. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Middle Pama. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Wik-Mungkan [wim] (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:30.

**Wilawila** [wil] (Wila-Wila). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Western Australia state: central Kimberleys. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Worroran. *DLS*: Still.

**Wiradjuri** [wrh] (Berrembeel, Warandgeri, Werogery, Wiiratheri, Wira-Athoree, Wiradhuri, Wiradhurri, Wiraduri, Wiraidyuri, Wirajeree, Wirashuri, Wiratheri, Wirracharee, Wirrai'yarrai, Wooragurie, Wordjerg). *Users*: 1,540 (2021 census). *Location*: New South Wales state: Macquarie river to Murray river, Lachlan river area from Murrumbidgee river to Parkes. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Wiradhuric. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Revitalization attempts (Wurm 2007). *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Map*: 101.

**Wirangu** [wgu] (Jilbara, Naljara, Ngoleiadjara, Nhawu, Njangga, Nonga, Nyangga, Tidni, Tidnie, Titnie, Wanbiri, Wangon, Warrangoo, Willeuroo, Windakan, Wirangga, Wirongu, Wironguwonga, Wirrongu, Wirrung, Wirrunnga, Yilrea). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker may have survived into the 2010s. *Location*: South Australia state: coast between head of Bight and Streaky bay head, and inland to Ooldea region. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Yura. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Pre-school educational program and language

camps for older children at Scotdesco Aboriginal Community. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Woiwurrung** [wyi] (Gungung-willam, Mort Noular, Ngarukwillam, Oorongie, Urunjeri, Waarengbadawa, Wainworra, Wairwaioo, Warerong, Warorong, Warwaroo, Waverong, Wavoo-rong, Wawoo-rong, Wawoorong, Wawurong, Wawurrong, Woewo-rung, Woi-wurrong, Woiworung, Woiwurong, Woiwurru, Woiwurung, Woeewoorong, Wowerong, Wurrundyirra-baluk, Wurrunjeri, Wurundjeri, Wurunjeri, Wurunjerrri-baluk, Wuywurrung, Yarra Yarra). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably became extinct late in the 19th century. *Location*: Victoria state: Healesville, Lancefield, Macedon, Melbourne, Moe, Mordialloc, Mount Bawbaw, Mount Disappointment, Saltwater river, Warragul, Woodend, Yarra river. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Kulin. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Woiwurrung is being taught in Thornbury Primary School and Healesville High School; language apps and audio books in Woiwurrung are also available. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Worimi** [kda] (Birbay, Gadang, Gadhag, Gadjang, Gathang, Kattang, Warimi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died in the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: New South Wales state: between Hunter and Hastings rivers; Port Macquarie to Hawkesbury river. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Worimi. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Weekly Gathang (Worimi) language classes were offered at Murrook Culture Centre in Williamstown, NSW, Australia starting in March 2017; revival efforts are being made through use of ‘books, songs, dance, storytelling and language workshops’ (Worimi Conservation Lands). *DLS*: Still.

**Worrorra** [wro] (Maialnga, Ong Komi, Worora, Wororra, Worrara, Worrora, Wurara, Wurora, Yangibaia). *Users*: 8 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Collier bay to Prince Regent river; Secure bay and Walcott inlet; northern boundary Rothsay Water, inland about 40–50 km along Princess May ranges to Mount Hann, Mount French and cliff base of the tablelands. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Worrorran, Western Worrorran. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Bible portions: 1930–1943. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Latin script, no longer in use. *Other*: Former lingua franca. *Maps*: 101:8, 101.

**Wotjobaluk** [xwt] (Guli-ballaiuk, Watjo, Wattyabullak, Woitu-bullar, Wotjbaluk, Wotjo, Wotjo-ba-laiuruk, Wotjo-balluk, Wotjo-baluk, Wotjobalak, Wotjobalek, Wotjoballaiuk, Wotjoballuck, Wotjoballuk, Wotjobolak, Wotjobuluk, Woychibirik, Wudjubalug, Wudjubaluk, Wutjubaluk, Wuttyabullak, Wuttyubullak, Wutyuballeak). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Victoria state: Dimboola, Kaniva, Lake Albacutya, Lake Hindmarsh, Lake Korong, Outlet creek, Pine plains, Servicetown, Warracknabeal, Wimmera river, Yanac. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Other*: May be a dialect of Wergaia [weg].

**Wuliwuli** [wlu] (Wilili, Wililililee, Willillee, Wuli Wuli, Wuli-Wuli, Wuli-wuli, Wulili). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker was probably Queenie Dodd Meldrum, who died in 1986 (Holmer 1983). *Location*: Queensland state: Banana, Baralaba, and Theodore on Dawson river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Waka-Kabic, Miyan. *DLS*: Still.

**Wulna** [wux] (Wuna). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Northern Territory: Arnhem Land around Darwin, mouth of Adelaide river and inland. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Limilngan-Wulna. *DLS*: Still.

**Wunambal** [wub] (Jeidji, Jeithi, Unambal, Wumnabal, Wunambul, Wunambullu, Yeidji, Yeithi). *Users*: 4 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Kalumburu, Mowanjum, and Wyndham. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Worroran. *Dialects*: Wunambal, Gambera, Miwa. *Lg Use*: People generally speak Kriol [rop]. Children may know some of the language, but most speak Kriol or English [eng]. Shifted to English [eng]. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Wunumara** [wnn] (Oonoomurra, Quippen-bura, Unamara, Wanamara, Woonamurra, Woonomurra, Wunamara, Wunumura). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1970s. *Location*: Queensland state: Cambridge Downs, Cloncurry, Dalgona, Flinders river, Kynuna, Richmond, Williams river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Mayabic. *DLS*: Still.

**Yabula Yabula** [yxy] (Jabalajabala, Jabulajabula, Maraban, Maragan, Moiraduban, Moitheriban, Ngarrimowro, Owanguttha, Pallaganmiddah, Panggarang, Waningotbun, Yabala-Yabala, Yabbil-Yabbila, Yabbilyabbila, Yabola, Yabula-Yabula, Yabula-yabula, Yabulla, Yillib-Yilliba, Yoorta, Yullaba Yullaba, Yurt). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: New South Wales and Victoria states. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yotayotic. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Yagara** [yxx] (Biriin, Cateebil, Jagara, Jagarabal, Jagera, Jergarbal, Jinibara, Ninghi, Terabul, Torbul, Turibul, Turrbal, Turrubal, Turrubul, Turubul, Yackarabul, Yaggara, Yerongban, Yeronghan, Yerongpan, Yugara, Yugg-ari, Yuggara). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1960s. *Location*: Queensland state: Cleveland district, Brisbane river inland to Gatton area, north to Esk area, Ipswich. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Durubulic. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Yalarnnga** [ylr] (Jalanga, Yalarnnga, Yelina, Yellanga, Yellunga). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Lardie Moonlight, died in 1980 (Breen and Blake 2007). *Location*: Queensland state: Burke river area, Dajarra. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Galgadungic. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. *DLS*: Still.

**Yanda** [yda] (Janda, Yunda). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: Hamilton river, Lucknow, Toolebuc, Warena. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly similar to Guwa [xgw]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Yandjibara** [xyb] (Kuungkari, Yangeeberra). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably became extinct early in the 20th century. *Location*: Queensland state: Barcaldine, Longreach. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *DLS*: Still.

**Yandruwandha** [ynd] (Innamincka). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Benny

Kerwin, died in 1976 (Breen 2015). *Location*: South Australia state: Moomba area; east into Queensland state. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic, Karna. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Yangman** [jng] (Dagoman, Jangman, Jongman, Jungman, Yung munni, Yungman, Yungmanni, Yungmun, Yungmune, Yungmunnee, Yungmunni). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Jimmy Daniels, died in 1986. Ethnic population: 50 (Black 1983). *Location*: Northern Territory: Elsey creek and Katherine. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Yangmanic. *Dialects*: None known. Reportedly very similar to Wardaman [wrr]. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *DLS*: Still.

**Yankuntjatjara** [kdd] (Jangkundjara, Kulpantja, Southern Luritja, Yangkundjara, Yankuntatjara, Yankuntjara, Yankuntjatjara, Yankuntjatjarra). *Users*: 600 (2021 census). *Location*: South Australia state: Everard, Musgrave, and Yalata ranges; east Pitjantjatjara freehold lands and surrounding areas; Northern Territory: mostly west of Kulgera-Erldunda road. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Wati. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. Also use Pitjantjatjara [pjt]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Map*: 101.

**Yan-nhangu** [jay] (Gokulu mana dhanguny' bulthun, Jarnango, Nangu, Nhangu, Yanangu). *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: 2 westernmost Crocodile islands; Cape Stewart area, Maningrida and Milingimbi. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yuulngu, Dhangu. *Dialects*: Garmalangga, Gurjindi. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. Also use Burarra [bvr]. Also use Djambarrpuynu [djr]. Also use Gupapuyngu [guf]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Yan-nhangu Sign Language** [yhs] (YNSL). *Users*: 10 (2014 D. Adone). *Location*: Northern Territory: East Arnhem, Murrungga island. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Sign language, Shared sign language. *Dialects*: None known. Similar to Yolngu Sign Language [ygs]. *Lg Use*: Elderly only. *Lg Dev*: Videos. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101:24.

**Yanyuwa** [jao] (Aniula, Anula, Anyula, Janjula, Leeanuwa, Wadiri, Yanula, Yanuwa, Yanyula). Autonym: Yanyuwa. *Users*: 47 (2021 census). *Location*: Northern Territory: Doomadgee; Queensland state: Borroloola. *Status*: 7 (Shifting). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yanyuwan. *Type*: SVO. *Lg Use*: Intermarry with Garrwa [wrk] or Marra [mec]. Wives learn the husband's language but use their own with members of their own group. Children usually speak the mother's language, but boys at puberty learn and then speak the father's language. Losing young speakers (Wurm 2007). Shifting to English [eng]. Also use Garrwa [wrk]. Also use Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1980–1990. *DLS*: Emerging (0.04). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101.

**Yardliyawarra** [yxl] (Aluri, Alury, Arabatura, Arkabatura, Jadiaura, Jadjawara, Jadloori, Yadiaura, Yadjikowera, Yadiura, Yadjyawarra, Yadjlouri, Yadjikowera, Yardliwarra, Yardliyawara). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the late first decade of the 2000s (Hercus and Austin 2004). *Location*: South Australia and New South

Wales states: Yardliyawara (Jadliaura); eastern side of northern Flinders range from Wertaloon south to Carrieton and Cradock, east to Frome Downs; Holowilena station on Siccus river, west to Arkaba and Hawker. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yarli. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Yarluyandi** [yry] (Jeljendi, Jeljujendi, Yarleeyandee, Yelyuyendi). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1970s. *Location*: South Australia state: Alton Downs, Annandale, Atna Hill, Birdsville, Diamantina river, Mulligan river. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still.

**Yatay** [yty] (Iataj). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct before mid 20th century. *Location*: Queensland state: Albany and Mount Adolphus islands. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Yawarawarga** [yww] (Yawarrawarrka). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: South Australia and Queensland states: north of Cooper creek, southeast of Lake Yamma Yamma. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Karnic, Karna. *DLS*: Still.

**Yawijibaya** [jbw] (Bergalgu, Jadjiba, Jadjibaia, Jaudji-Bara, Jaudjibaia, Jaudjibara, Jawadjag, Jawdjibaia, Jawdjibara, Jawdjobara, Jawutjubar, Winjawindjagu, Yaudjibaia, Yaudjibara, Yaujibaia, Yawjibara, Yawjibarra). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by the early 1990s. *Location*: Western Australia state: Collier Bay, Jawutjap, Montgomery islands. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Worroran, Western Worroran. *Lg Use*: Moribund (McGregor and Rumsey 2009). Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Yawuru** [ywr]. *Users*: No known L1 speakers, but emerging L2 speakers. Last known native speakers died between 2001 and 2007 (Wurm 2007) and (2001 K. Hosokawa). *Location*: Western Australia state: Broome south coast and inland. *Status*: 9 (Reawakening). *Class*: Australian, Nyulnyulan. *Dialects*: Northern Yawuru, Southern Coastal Yawuru, Eastern Inland Yawuru. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Texts. The Walalangga Yawuru Ngang-ga language program is a 2 year program for adults; the town of Broome has incorporated the Yawuru language into its schools; an estimated 1,000 young people were learning the language in 2016. *DLS*: Still.

**Yaygir** [xya] (Jeigir, Jungai, Yaygirr, Yegera, Yegir, Yiegera, Youngai). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Sandy Cameron, died in 1973. *Location*: New South Wales state: Clarence river, Grafton. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Gumbaynggiric. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Yidiny** [yii] (Boolboora, Deba, Eneby, Gerrah, Gijow, Gillah, Guwamal, Idin Idindji, Idin-Wudjar, Idinji, Indindji, Jidindji, Kitba, Maimbie, Mungera Ohalo, Pegullo-Bura, Warra-Warra, Warryboora, Woggil, Yetinji, Yiddinji, Yidin, Yidindji, Yidini, Yidinj, Yitintyi, Yukkaburra). *Users*: 52 (2021 census). *Location*: Queensland state: formerly Atherton region. A few at Palm Island, Babinda, north to Gordonvale. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yidinic. *Dialects*: Gunggay, Yidiny, Madyay (Madjay). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English

[eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten. *Map*: 101.

**Yindjibarndi** [yij] (Indjibandi, Jindjibandi, Jindjibarndi, Yindjinbarndi, Yinjtjipartnti). *Users*: 380 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Roebourne area. *Status*: 6a\* (Vigorous).

*Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Coastal Ngayarda. *Type*: SVO. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Banyjima [pnw]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1983. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Writing*: Latin script. *Map*: 101:3.

**Yindjilandji** [yil] (Bularnu, Dhidhanu, Inchalachee, Inchalanche, Indjilandji, Indjilindji, Indjurandji, Indkilindji, Injdjiladji, Injilinji, Intjilatja, Yinjilanji). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Location*: Northern Territory: northeast of Wonarah. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Wagaya-Warluwaric, Warluwara-Thawa. *DLS*: Still.

**Yinggarda** [yia] (Ingara, Ingarda, Ingarra, Ingarrah, Inggarda, Inparra, Jinggarda, Kakarakala, Yingkarta). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker probably survived into the 2010s. *Location*: Western Australia state: Shark bay coast between Gascoyne and Wooramel rivers, inland to Red Hill, West Pilbara. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Yinggarda. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. *DLS*: Still.

**Yinhawangka** [ywg] (Inawangga, Inawonga, Inawongga, Nalawonga, Ngalawonga, Ngalawongga, Ngarla-warngga, Ngaunmardi, Ninanu). *Users*: 12 (2021 census). *Location*: Western Australia state: Angelo river, Ashburton river, Hardey river, Kunderong range, Mount Vernon station, Rocklea, Turee creek. *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, South-West, Inland Ngayarda. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Map*: 101.

**Yiningayi** [ygi] (Iningai, Iningayi, Inningai, Mootaburra, Moothaburra, Muta-bura, Muttaborra, Tateburra, Terreburra, Yiningay). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: west of Dividing range to Forsyth range, Longreach and Maneroo creek; south on Alice river tributaries to about Mexico; north to Bowen Downs, Cornish creek, Muttaborra, North Oakvale, and Tower Hill; Aramac. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Yinwum** [yxm] (Jinwum, Yeemwoom). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: Batavia river, Moreton, Wenlock river. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Yirandali** [ljw] (Dal leyburra, Dal-leyburra, Dalebura, Dalleburra, Dalleyburra, Irendely, Jirandali, Pooroga, Yerrundulli, Yerrunthully, Yirandhali, Yirendali). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: Caledonia, Corfield, Dutton river, Flinders river, Great Dividing range, Hughenden, Lammermoor, Landsborough creek, Mount Sturgeon, Richmond, Tangorin, Torrens creek, Tower Hill creek, Winton. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Maric. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*:

Unwritten.

**Yirrk-Mel** [yrm] (Kok-Cel, Kok-Wap, Yir Mel, Yirmel, Yirr-Mel, Yirr-Thangell, Yirrk-Thangalki).

*Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 2010s. *Location:* Queensland state: South and Main Mitchell rivers' mouths area. *Status:* 9 (Dormant). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Yir Yoront. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS:* Still. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Yir-Yoront** [yyr] (Jir Joront, Jir'jorond, Jirjiront, Koka-mungin, Koko-majoen, KokoMandjoen, KokoMindjin, KokoMinjen, Kokomindjan, Kokomindjen, Kokominjan, Mandjoen, Mind'jana, Mundjun, Yir Yiront, Yir Yoront, Yir-yiront). *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 2000s. *Location:* Queensland state: Cape Peninsula, eastern coast, Gulf of Carpentaria, Coleman and Mitchell rivers area. *Status:* 9 (Dormant). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Paman, Yir Yoront. *Lg Use:* Most ethnic group members speak Torres Strait Creole [tcs]. Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. *DLS:* Still. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Yitha Yitha** [xth] (Eetha-eetha, Eethee Eethee, Eethie-eethie, Ita-ita, Itha-itha, Ithi-ithi, Iti-iti, Jidajida, Tjuop, Yetho, Yit-tha, Yitsa). *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location:* New South Wales state: Balranald, Booligal, Carrawathal, Lachlan river; South Australia state. *Status:* 9 (Dormant). *Class:* Unclassified. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *DLS:* Still. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Yolngu Sign Language** [ygs] (Hands in action, YSL, Yolngu Sign Language). *Users:* 50 (2012 D. Adone). About 40–50 deaf users (Adone et al 2012); unknown number of hearing L1 and L2 users. *Location:* Northern Territory: Arnhem Land region, Elcho and Milingimbi islands, Ramingining, Yirrkala, and Waraga. *Status:* 7 (Shifting). *Class:* Sign language, Shared sign language. *Dialects:* None known. Not a signed version of any of the surrounding Yolngu languages, but independent (Adone et al 2012). *Lg Use:* Used both by deaf and by hearing who speak a variety of Yolngu languages. Every child acquires signs from birth (Adone et al 2012). Nearly all domains by deaf; as an alternate language by hearing when at a distance, hunting, or when silence is required for ceremonies or in the proximity of sacred objects (Adone et al 2012). Shifting to Djambarrpuyngu [djr] (Adone et al 2012). *Lg Dev:* Videos. *DLS:* Still. *Map:* 101:28.

**Yorta Yorta** [xyy] (Arramouro, Bangerang, Gunbowerooranditchgoole, Gunbowers, Jotijota, Kwart Kwart, Moira, Ngarrimouro, Ngarrimowro, Unungun, Wol-Lithiga, Woollathura, Yoorta, Yota Yota, Yotayota). *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers died in the 1960s (Bowe and Morey 1999). *Location:* New South Wales state: Cohuna, Conargo, Deniliquin, Echuca, Gunbower, Murray river, Tullah creek, Tuppal, Yielima. *Status:* 10 (Extinct). *Class:* Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yotayotic. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. *DLS:* Still. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Yoruba** [yor]. Autonym: Èdè Yorùbá. *Users:* 4,020 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Class:* Niger-Congo, Atlantic-Congo, Volta-Congo, Benue-Congo, Defoid,

Yoruboid, Edekiri. *Type*: SVO; prepositions; noun head initial; no articles; 17 consonant and 11 vowel phonemes; tonal (3 tones: high, mid, low). *Lg Dev*: Newspapers. Radio. TV. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible: 1900–2005. *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, no longer in use. Braille script. Latin script, used since 1865, primary usage. *Other*: Non-indigenous. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 45,862,500 (as L1: 43,837,900; as L2: 2,024,600). Global EGIDS level: 2 (Provincial). Indigenous in: Nigeria. Also established in: Benin, Côte d’Ivoire, Ghana. Unestablished in: Canada, Finland, Gambia, Ireland, Niger, Sierra Leone, Togo, United Kingdom, United States.

**Yugambal** [yub] (Jugumbir, Jukamba, Manaldjali, Minjanbal, Ngarrbal, Ngarrubul, Yugabeh, Yugumbal). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by the 1970s (Dixon and Barry 1979). *Location*: Queensland state: Albert river and Logan basins from Jimboomba to MacPherson range. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Yugambal. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. *DLS*: Emerging (0.01). *Other*: Different from Minjungbal (Yugambeh) [xjb], a Bandjalangic language in New South Wales.

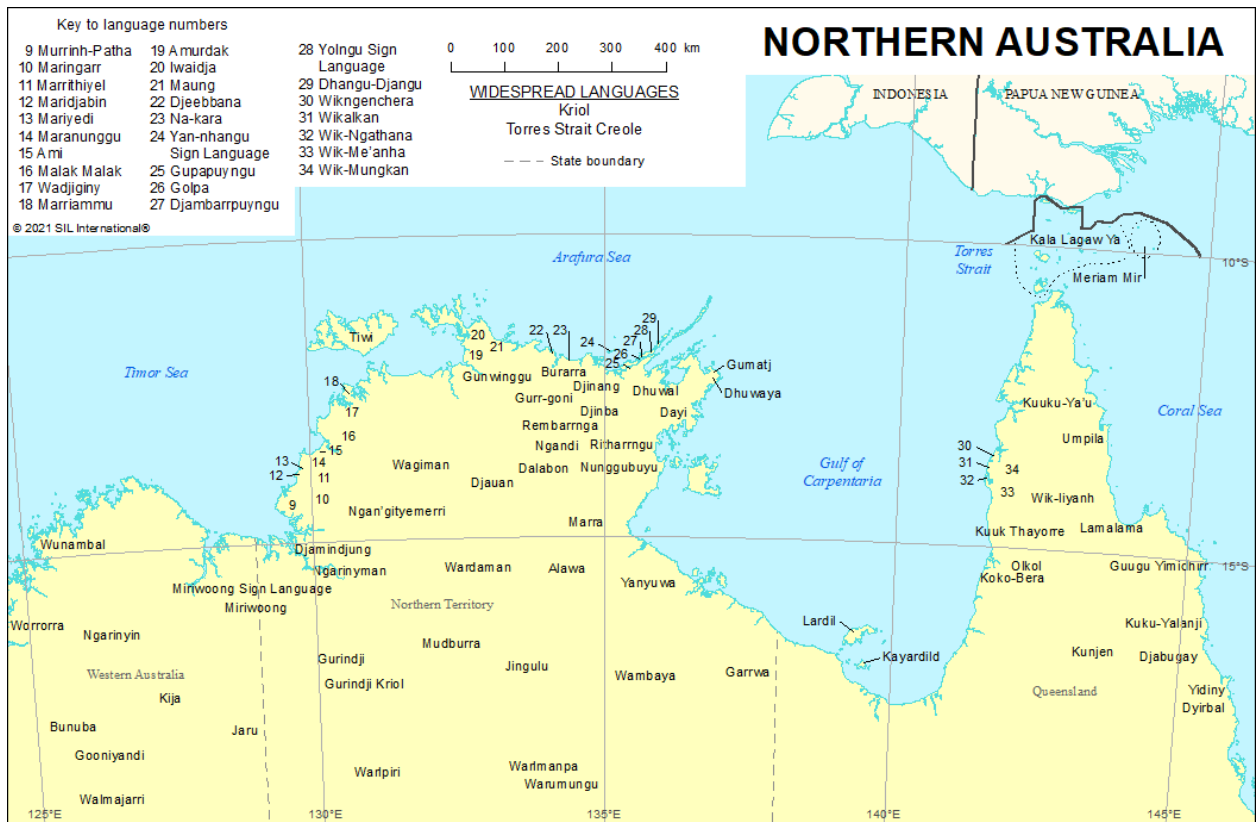
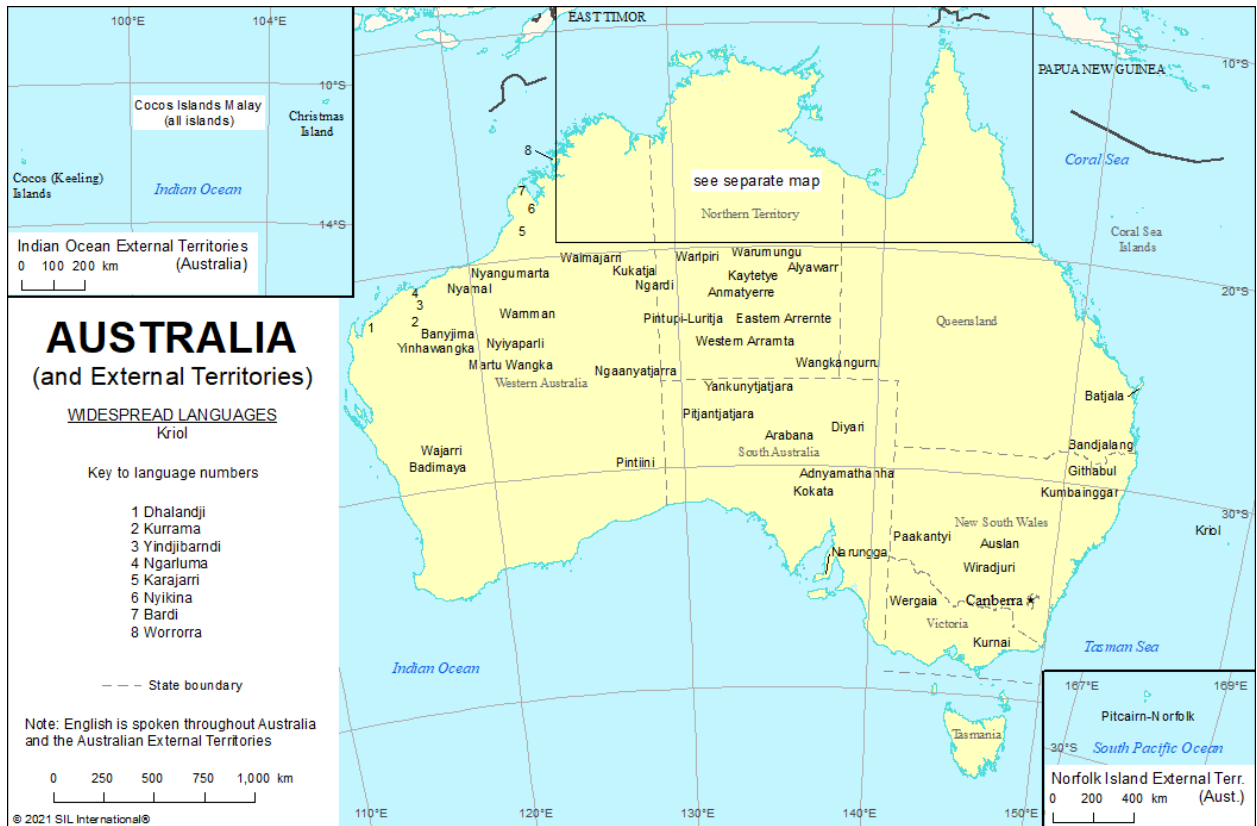
**Yugul** [ygu] (Jokul, Yikil, Yikul, Yookala, Yookil, Yookull, Yukul). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. *Location*: Northern Territory: Namiliwirri lagoon, Nawaparr gorge, Ngukurr, Saint Vidgeon homestead. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Gunwingguan, Maran. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Yuru** [ljx] (Arwur-angkana, Euronbba, Juru, Mal Mal, Malmal, South Murri). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Queensland state: Bowen north to Burdekin river at Home Hill, southwest to Bogie range; Upstart bay south to Mount Abbot and Mount Pleasant. *Status*: 10 (Extinct). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan, Dyirbalic. *DLS*: Still.

**Yuyu** [yxu] (Eramwir-rangu, Eraweerung, Erawiruck, Jeraruk, Jirau, Juju, Meru, Pomp-malkie, Rankbirit, Willoo, Wilu, Yerraruck, Yiran, Yirau, You-you). *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Location*: Victoria state: Loddon river, north to Swan Hill; Avoca river south to Quambatook area, northeastward to Boorooban and Moulamein; New South Wales state: Boort and Lake Boga. *Status*: 9 (Dormant). *Class*: Australian, Pama-Nyungan. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *DLS*: Still. *Writing*: Unwritten.

## Language Maps

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## Languages by Population

In this section the languages of Australia are listed in order of their population of first-language speakers within the country, from highest to lowest. The entries report just the population and status elements.

### 10,000,000 to 99,999,999

**English** [[eng](#)] *Users*: 18,300,000 (2021 census). 24,400,000 in Australia (2020), all users. *Status*: 1 (National). De facto national language. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,456,448,320 (as L1: 379,682,200; as L2: 1076,766,120).

### 100,000 to 999,999

**Chinese, Mandarin** [[cmn](#)] *Users*: 685,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: 5\* (Dispersed). *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,138,222,350 (as L1: 939,237,350; as L2: 198,985,000).

**Vietnamese** [[vie](#)] *Users*: 321,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 85,807,700 (as L1: 85,023,700; as L2: 784,000).

**Chinese, Yue** [[yue](#)] *Users*: 295,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: 5\* (Dispersed). *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 86,633,370 (as L1: 86,116,370; as L2: 517,000).

**Greek** [[ell](#)] *Users*: 230,000 in Australia (2021 census), decreasing. *Status*: 8a (Moribund). *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 13,088,220 (as L1: 12,992,220; as L2: 96,000).

**Italian** [[ita](#)] *Users*: 228,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: 5\* (Dispersed). *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 67,935,480 (as L1: 64,647,380; as L2: 3,288,100).

**Tagalog** [[tgl](#)] *Users*: 222,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 83,054,910 (as L1: 28,746,910; as L2: 54,308,000).

**Hindi** [[hin](#)] *Users*: 197,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 609,454,770 (as L1: 344,650,870; as L2: 264,803,900).

**Arabic, Levantine** [[apc](#)] *Users*: 181,000 in Australia (2021). Total Arabic speakers in Australia: 367,000 (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 47,595,360 (as L1: 47,236,360; as L2: 359,000).

**Spanish** [[spa](#)] *Users*: 171,000 in Australia (2021 census). 629,000 in Australia, all users. L2 users: 458,000 (2020). *Status*: Unestablished. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 559,078,890 (as L1: 485,063,960; as L2: 74,014,930).

**Punjabi, Western** [[pnb](#)] *Users*: 138,000 in Australia (2021 census). Total Punjabi speakers in Australia: 239,000 (2021 census). *Status*: Unestablished. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 66,715,480.

**Nepali** [npi] *Users:* 133,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 25,587,570 (as L1: 16,903,270; as L2: 8,684,300).

**Korean** [kor] *Users:* 116,000 in Australia (2021 census). Ethnic population: 167,000 (2019 Korean Ministry of Foreign Affairs). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 81,740,540 (as L1: 81,721,540; as L2: 19,000).

**Urdu** [urd] *Users:* 112,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 231,717,940 (as L1: 70,555,140; as L2: 161,162,800).

**Punjabi, Eastern** [pan] *Users:* 101,000 in Australia (2021 census). Total Punjabi speakers in Australia: 239,000 (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 52,077,070 (as L1: 48,299,070; as L2: 3,778,000).

### 10,000 to 99,999

**Tamil** [tam] *Users:* 95,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 86,640,030 (as L1: 78,587,030; as L2: 8,053,000).

**Sinhala** [sin] *Users:* 85,900 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 17,553,910 (as L1: 15,542,810; as L2: 2,011,100).

**Arabic, Mesopotamian Spoken** [acm] *Users:* 83,300 in Australia (2021). Total Arabic speakers in Australia: 367,000 (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 18,162,050.

**Gujarati** [guj] *Users:* 81,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 62,116,220 (as L1: 57,076,220; as L2: 5,040,000).

**Malayalam** [mal] *Users:* 78,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 37,359,380 (as L1: 36,647,680; as L2: 711,700).

**Indonesian** [ind] *Users:* 73,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 199,113,300 (as L1: 43,666,200; as L2: 155,447,100).

**Persian, Iranian** [pes] *Users:* 72,500 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 78,623,350 (as L1: 57,192,350; as L2: 21,431,000).

**French** [fra] *Users:* 70,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 309,804,220 (as L1: 80,770,190; as L2: 229,034,030).

**German, Standard** [deu] *Users:* 70,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* 5\* (Dispersed). *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 133,245,880 (as L1: 75,282,080; as L2: 57,963,800).

**Bengali** [ben] *Users:* 70,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 272,828,760 (as L1: 233,808,880; as L2: 39,019,880).

**Portuguese** [por] *Users:* 67,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 263,638,850 (as L1: 236,266,650; as L2: 27,372,200).

**Thai** [tha] *Users:* 66,600 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total

users in all countries: 60,830,110 (as L1: 20,823,610; as L2: 40,006,500).

**Macedonian** [mkd] *Users:* 66,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 1,738,250 (as L1: 1,732,750; as L2: 5,500).

**Turkish** [tur] *Users:* 64,900 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 90,028,000 (as L1: 84,010,500; as L2: 6,017,500).

**Telugu** [tel] *Users:* 59,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 95,981,790 (as L1: 82,966,790; as L2: 13,015,000).

**Japanese** [jpn] *Users:* 58,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* 5\* (Dispersed). *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 123,445,570 (as L1: 123,285,670; as L2: 159,900).

**Arabic, Egyptian Spoken** [arz] *Users:* 58,400 in Australia (2021). Total Arabic speakers in Australia: 367,000 (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 102,436,230 (as L1: 77,436,230; as L2: 25,000,000).

**Serbian** [srp] *Users:* 57,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 10,213,776 (as L1: 10,193,976; as L2: 19,800).

**Russian** [rus] *Users:* 54,900 (2021 census). 120,000 in Australia (Arefyev 2012), all users. *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 254,997,130 (as L1: 146,954,150; as L2: 107,987,980).

**Croatian** [hrv] *Users:* 54,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 6,758,610 (as L1: 5,474,510; as L2: 1,284,100).

**Afrikaans** [afr] *Users:* 49,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 17,674,200 (as L1: 7,359,600; as L2: 10,314,600).

**Samoan** [smo] *Users:* 49,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 434,740.

**Polish** [pol] *Users:* 45,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 40,589,930 (as L1: 39,896,930; as L2: 693,000).

**Arabic, Sudanese Spoken** [apd] *Users:* 44,000 in Australia (2021). Total Arabic speakers in Australia: 367,000 (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 42,373,370 (as L1: 33,373,370; as L2: 9,000,000).

**Hazaragi** [haz] *Users:* 41,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 3,660,000.

**Khmer** [khm] *Users:* 40,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 17,996,950 (as L1: 16,991,050; as L2: 1,005,900).

**Assyrian Neo-Aramaic** [aii] *Users:* 38,500 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 563,630 (as L1: 559,930; as L2: 3,700).

**Dari** [prs] *Users:* 29,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 30,291,510 (as L1: 10,277,510; as L2: 20,014,000).

- Dutch** [nld] *Users:* 27,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 24,487,090 (as L1: 22,862,590; as L2: 1,624,500).
- Maltese** [mlt] *Users:* 26,600 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 572,540 (as L1: 571,460; as L2: 1,080).
- Marathi** [mar] *Users:* 22,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 99,216,870 (as L1: 83,201,270; as L2: 16,015,600).
- Chaldean Neo-Aramaic** [cld] *Users:* 21,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 193,730 (as L1: 191,230; as L2: 2,500).
- Malay** [zlm] *Users:* 21,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 19,179,170 (as L1: 16,171,280; as L2: 3,007,890).
- Tongan** [ton] *Users:* 20,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 188,830.
- Chinese, Min Nan** [nan] *Users:* 20,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 50,312,390 (as L1: 49,909,390; as L2: 403,000).
- Burmese** [mya] *Users:* 18,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 43,025,110 (as L1: 33,023,270; as L2: 10,001,840).
- Swahili** [swh] *Users:* 17,600 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 71,558,080 (as L1: 16,164,680; as L2: 55,393,400).
- Bosnian** [bos] *Users:* 17,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 2,618,390 (as L1: 2,608,490; as L2: 9,900).
- Hungarian** [hun] *Users:* 17,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 12,617,790 (as L1: 12,610,690; as L2: 7,100).
- Auslan** [asf] *Users:* 16,200 (2021 census). Estimates vary from 7,000–15,000 by various researchers from 1986–2004 (Johnston 2004). *Status:* 5 (Developing). De facto language of provincial identity in New South Wales.
- Somali** [som] *Users:* 15,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 22,044,840 (as L1: 21,937,940; as L2: 106,900).
- Kannada** [kan] *Users:* 14,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 58,689,790 (as L1: 43,680,530; as L2: 15,009,260).
- Maori** [mri] *Users:* 14,600 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 200,600.
- Shona** [sna] *Users:* 13,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 10,873,630 (as L1: 7,371,360; as L2: 3,502,270).
- Karen, S'gaw** [ksw] *Users:* 13,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 2,268,230 (as L1: 2,187,430; as L2: 80,800).

**Romanian** [ron] *Users:* 12,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 24,478,820 (as L1: 24,461,820; as L2: 17,000).

**Pashto, Northern** [pbu] *Users:* 12,700 in Australia (2021 census). Census does not distinguish between Central Pashto [pst], Northern Pashto [pbu] and Southern Pashto [pbt]. *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 30,251,740 (as L1: 28,883,240; as L2: 1,368,500).

**Dinka, Southeastern** [dks] *Users:* 12,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 1,001,920 (as L1: 1,001,400; as L2: 520).

**Cebuano** [ceb] *Users:* 11,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 16,002,510 (as L1: 15,995,010; as L2: 7,500).

**Armenian, Western** [hyw] *Users:* 11,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 1,582,290 (as L1: 1,576,490; as L2: 5,800).

**Hebrew** [heb] *Users:* 10,500 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 9,339,180 (as L1: 5,980,580; as L2: 3,358,600).

**Fijian** [fij] *Users:* 10,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 337,650.

## 1,000 to 9,999

**Kurdish, Northern** [kmr] *Users:* 9,890 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 15,789,810 (as L1: 15,785,010; as L2: 4,800).

**Lao** [lao] *Users:* 9,790 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 4,482,970 (as L1: 3,679,070; as L2: 803,900).

**Swedish** [swe] *Users:* 9,660 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 13,069,330 (as L1: 9,911,930; as L2: 3,157,400).

**Chinese, Hakka** [hak] *Users:* 9,140 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 44,271,630 (as L1: 44,020,430; as L2: 251,200).

**Amharic** [amh] *Users:* 8,160 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 57,567,300 (as L1: 32,449,400; as L2: 25,117,900).

**Czech** [ces] *Users:* 7,880 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 12,257,160 (as L1: 9,568,660; as L2: 2,688,500).

**Torres Strait Creole** [tcs] *Users:* 7,780 (2021 census). *Status:* 3 (Wider communication).

**Kriol** [rop] *Users:* 7,490 (2021 census). 17,490, all users. L2 users: 10,000 (1991 SIL). *Status:* 3 (Wider communication).

**Ukrainian** [ukr] *Users:* 6,640 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 33,026,920 (as L1: 26,862,920; as L2: 6,164,000).

- Chin, Hakha** [cnh] *Users:* 6,390 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 211,990 (as L1: 171,990; as L2: 40,000).
- Tigrigna** [tir] *Users:* 6,250 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 8,829,790 (as L1: 8,667,590; as L2: 162,200).
- Danish** [dan] *Users:* 5,780 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 5,612,110 (as L1: 5,608,410; as L2: 3,700).
- Finnish** [fin] *Users:* 5,530 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 5,609,760 (as L1: 4,952,060; as L2: 657,700).
- Slovak** [slk] *Users:* 5,530 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 7,330,420 (as L1: 5,281,620; as L2: 2,048,800).
- Albanian, Gheg** [aln] *Users:* 5,430 in Australia (2021 census). Census figure of 10,851 does not distinguish between Gheg [aln] and Tosk [als]. *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 4,239,280.
- Albanian, Tosk** [als] *Users:* 5,430 in Australia (2021 census). Census figure of 10,851 does not distinguish between Gheg [aln] and Tosk [als]. *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 1,924,600 (as L1: 1,918,600; as L2: 6,000).
- Cook Islands Maori** [rar] *Users:* 5,390 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 27,190.
- Mongolian, Halh** [khk] *Users:* 5,240 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 2,804,090 (as L1: 2,803,630; as L2: 460).
- Fiji Hindi** [hif] *Users:* 4,770 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 331,570 (as L1: 179,570; as L2: 152,000).
- Oromo, West Central** [gaz] *Users:* 4,310 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 19,209,950 (as L1: 19,207,340; as L2: 2,610).
- Chinese, Wu** [wu] *Users:* 4,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 83,421,190 (as L1: 83,353,940; as L2: 67,250).
- Akan** [aka] *Users:* 4,070 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 9,883,670 (as L1: 8,875,370; as L2: 1,008,300).
- Pitjantjatjara** [pjt] *Users:* 4,060 (2021 census), including 3,460 Pitjantjatjara and 600 Yankunytjatjara (2021 census). 4,560, all users. L2 users: 500. 2,580 monolinguals (2006). *Status:* 4 (Educational).
- Yoruba** [yor] *Users:* 4,020 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 45,862,500 (as L1: 43,837,900; as L2: 2,024,600).
- Djambarrpuyngu** [djr] *Users:* 3,870 (2021 census). *Status:* 3 (Wider communication).
- Konkani** [knn] *Users:* 3,650 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 2,212,240 (as L1: 2,208,520; as L2: 3,720).

- Tok Pisin** [tpi] *Users:* 3,630 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 4,125,630 (as L1: 125,630; as L2: 4,000,000).
- Slovene** [slv] *Users:* 3,440 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 2,263,350 (as L1: 2,075,890; as L2: 187,460).
- Rundi** [run] *Users:* 3,250 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 12,879,050 (as L1: 12,874,850; as L2: 4,200).
- Igbo** [ibo] *Users:* 3,210 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 30,891,880 (as L1: 30,882,520; as L2: 9,360).
- Hmong Njua** [hnj] *Users:* 3,120 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 468,920.
- Bulgarian** [bul] *Users:* 2,860 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 7,745,340 (as L1: 6,541,540; as L2: 1,203,800).
- Norwegian** [nor] *Users:* 2,640 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 5,312,730 (as L1: 5,308,030; as L2: 4,700).
- Sindhi** [snd] *Users:* 2,640 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 33,214,680 (as L1: 33,211,620; as L2: 3,060).
- Warlpiri** [wbp] *Users:* 2,620 (2021 census). *Status:* 5\* (Developing).
- Tibetan, Central** [bod] *Users:* 2,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 1,195,230 (as L1: 1,193,380; as L2: 1,850).
- Krio** [kri] *Users:* 2,310 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 8,242,250 (as L1: 821,430; as L2: 7,420,820).
- Latvian, Standard** [lvs] *Users:* 2,270 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 2,005,550 (as L1: 1,554,520; as L2: 451,030).
- Rohingya** [rhg] *Users:* 2,270 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* Unestablished. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 2,529,270.
- Tiwi** [tiw] *Users:* 2,100 (2021 census). *Status:* 5\* (Developing).
- Estonian, Standard** [ekk] *Users:* 2,080 in Australia (2021 census). *Status:* 5\* (Dispersed). *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 1,149,010 (as L1: 1,148,690; as L2: 320).
- Murrinh-Patha** [mwf] *Users:* 2,080 (2021 census). *Status:* 5\* (Developing).
- Alyawarr** [aly] *Users:* 1,950 (2021 census). *Status:* 5\* (Developing).
- Arrernte, Eastern** [aer] *Users:* 1,930 (2021 census). *Status:* 4 (Educational).
- Gunwinggu** [gup] *Users:* 1,830 (2021 census), including 12 Gundjeipme, 260 Gunei, 1,490 Gunwinggu, 71 Mayali (2021 census). *Status:* 6a (Vigorous).
- Pintupi-Luritja** [piu] *Users:* 1,570 (2021 census), including 270 Pintupi and 1,300 Luritja (2021

census). 1,000 monolinguals. *Status*: 5\* (Developing).

**Wiradjuri** [wrh] *Users*: 1,540 (2021 census). *Status*: 8b (Nearly extinct).

**Anindilyakwa** [aoi] *Users*: 1,520 (2021 census). *Status*: 6a\* (Vigorous).

**Burarra** [bvr] *Users*: 1,280 (2021 census), including 1,230 Burarra and 50 Gun-narpta (2021 census). *Status*: 5\* (Developing).

**Ngaanyatjarra** [ntj] *Users*: 1,050 (2021 census). *Status*: 5\* (Developing).

**Gurindji Kriol** [gjr] *Users*: 1,000 (Meakins 2013). *Status*: 6a (Vigorous).

## 100 to 999

**Wik-Mungkan** [wim] *Users*: 950 (2021 census), decreasing. 1,550, all users. L2 users: 600. *Status*: 6b (Threatened).

**Arrarnta, Western** [are] *Users*: 910 (2021 census). *Status*: 5\* (Developing).

**Martu Wangka** [mpj] *Users*: 910 (2021 census), including 810 Martu Wangka, 65 Manyjilyjarra, 6 Wangkajunga, 33 Yulparitja (2021 census). *Status*: 5\* (Developing).

**Pitcairn-Norfolk** [pih] *Users*: 910 in Australia (2021 census). *Status*: 6b\* (Threatened).  
*Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,656.

**Kala Lagaw Ya** [mwp] *Users*: 890 (2021 census). *Status*: 5\* (Developing).

**Guugu Yimidhirr** [kky] *Users*: 810 (2021 census). *Status*: 6b (Threatened).

**Gurindji** [gue] *Users*: 640 (2021 census), including 620 Gurindji, 16 Malngin, and 5 Wanyjirra (2021 census). *Status*: 7 (Shifting).

**Yankunytjatjara** [kdd] *Users*: 600 (2021 census). *Status*: 8a (Moribund).

**Jaru** [ddj] *Users*: 560 (2021 census). *Status*: 7 (Shifting).

**Dhuwaya** [dwy] *Users*: 500 (2015 C. Bow). 1,500, all users. L2 users: 1,000 (2015 C. Bow). *Status*: 4 (Educational).

**Bandjalang** [bdy] *Users*: 460 (2021 census). *Status*: 8a (Moribund).

**Kukatja** [kux] *Users*: 460 (2021 census). *Status*: 6b (Threatened).

**Warumungu** [wrm] *Users*: 420 (2021 census). *Status*: 7 (Shifting).

**Kuku-Yalanji** [gvn] *Users*: 390 (2021 census). *Status*: 6b (Threatened).

**Yindjibarndi** [yij] *Users*: 380 (2021 census). *Status*: 6a\* (Vigorous).

**Anmatyerre** [amx] *Users*: 370 (2021 census). *Status*: 6b\* (Threatened).

**Djeebbana** [djj] *Users*: 370 (2021 census). *Status*: 6b\* (Threatened).

**Maung** [mph] *Users*: 360 (2021 census). *Status*: 6a\* (Vigorous).

- Pintiini** [pti] Users: 360 (2021 census). Status: 6a\* (Vigorous).
- Kumbainggar** [kgs] Users: 310 (2021 census). Status: 6b (Threatened).
- Dhuwal** [dww] Users: 300 (2015 C. Bow). Status: 6a\* (Vigorous).
- Lardil** [lbz] Users: 300 (2021 census). More semi-speakers (Wurm 2007). Status: 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Walmajarri** [wmt] Users: 290 (2021 census). Status: 7 (Shifting).
- Nunggubuyu** [nuy] Users: 280 (2021 census). Status: 6b (Threatened).
- Kija** [gia] Users: 270 (2021 census). Status: 7 (Shifting).
- Adnyamathanha** [adt] Users: 260 (2021 census). Status: 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Meriam Mir** [ulk] Users: 260 (2021 census). Status: 6b\* (Threatened).
- Nyangumarta** [nna] Users: 240 (2021 census). Status: 6b (Threatened).
- Gooniyandi** [gni] Users: 210 (2021 census). Status: 8a (Moribund).
- Minjungbal** [xjb] Users: 210 (2021 census). Status: 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Dhangu-Djangu** [dhg] Users: 200 (2021 census), including 10 Dhangu, 130 Gaalpu, 6 Golumala, 9 Rirratjingu, 27 Wangurri, and 21 Warramiri (2021 census). Status: 6b\* (Threatened).
- Kuuk Thayorre** [thd] Users: 170 (2021 census). Kuuk-Yak dialect recently extinct (Wurm 2007). Ethnic population: 350 (1982 A. Hall). Status: 6b (Threatened).
- Bunuba** [bck] Users: 150 (2021 census). Status: 8a (Moribund).
- Djinang** [dji] Users: 150 (2021 census), including 120 Djinang and 30 Wulaki (2021 census). Status: 6b (Threatened).
- Garrwa** [wrk] Users: 150 (2021 census). Status: 8a (Moribund).
- Gupapuyngu** [guf] Users: 150 (2021 census), including 36 Dhuwala, 110 Gupapuyngu, 6 Madarrpa (2021 census). 1,100, all users. L2 users: 950. Status: 6b\* (Threatened).
- Iwaidja** [ibd] Users: 150 (2021 census). Status: 6b (Threatened).
- Banyjima** [pnw] Users: 140 (2021 census). Status: 8a (Moribund).
- Mudburra** [dmw] Users: 130 (2021 census). Status: 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Kaytetye** [gbb] Users: 110 (2021 census), decreasing. Status: 6b (Threatened).
- Gumatj** [gmn] Users: 100 (2021 census). Status: 6b\* (Threatened).
- Unserdeutsch** [uln] Users: 100 in Australia (2016 P. Maitz). Status: 8b (Nearly extinct).  
Worldwide: Total users in all countries: 110.

## 10 to 99

**Ngan'gityemerri** [nam] *Users:* 99 (2021 census). Ngenkiwumerri dialect is endangered, moving towards seriously endangered (Wurm 2007). *Status:* 7 (Shifting).

**Djamindjung** [djd] *Users:* 96 (2021 census), including 90 Ngaliwuru and 6 Djamindjung speakers (2021 census). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).

**Narungga** [nmr] *Users:* 94 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).

**Kokata** [ktd] *Users:* 90 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).

**Batjala** [xby] *Users:* 89 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).

**Wikalkan** [wik] *Users:* 86 (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 7 (Shifting).

**Ngarluma** [nrl] *Users:* 83 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).

**Djabugay** [dyy] *Users:* 81 (2021 census). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).

**Dyirbal** [dbl] *Users:* 74 (2021 census), including 24 Dyirbal and 50 Girramay (2021 census). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).

**Na-kara** [nck] *Users:* 55 (2021 census). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).

**Djinba** [djb] *Users:* 52 (2021 census), including 15 Djinba and 37 Ganalbingu (2021 census). *Status:* 6b (Threatened).

**Yidiny** [yii] *Users:* 52 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).

**Rembarrnga** [rmb] *Users:* 51 (2021 census). *Status:* 6b (Threatened).

**Australian Irish Sign Language** [isg] *Users:* 50 in Australia (2016 R. Adam), decreasing. Estimated 50–100 users left, no monolinguals. *Status:* 8a (Moribund). *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 51,550 (as L1: 6,550; as L2: 45,000).

**Karajarri** [gbd] *Users:* 50 (2021 census). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).

**Ngarinyman** [nbj] *Users:* 50 (2005 AUSTLANG). Only one L1 speaker of Bilinearra left (Meakins and Nordlinger 2014). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).

**Yolngu Sign Language** [ygs] *Users:* 50 (2012 D. Adone). About 40–50 deaf users (Adone et al 2012); unknown number of hearing L1 and L2 users. *Status:* 7 (Shifting).

**Yanyuwa** [jao] *Users:* 47 (2021 census). *Status:* 7 (Shifting).

**Nyikina** [nyh] *Users:* 46 (2021 census). *Status:* 7 (Shifting).

**Kunbarlang** [wlg] *Users:* 45 (Kapitonov 2019). *Status:* 7 (Shifting).

**Nyamal** [nly] *Users:* 42 (2021 census), decreasing. *Status:* 7 (Shifting).

**Gurr-goni** [gge] *Users:* 40 (2021 census). *Status:* 6b (Threatened).

**Jingulu** [jig] *Users:* 40 (2021 census). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).

- Wik-liyanh** [[wij](#)] *Users:* 40 (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 6b (Threatened).
- Kuuku-Ya'u** [[kuy](#)] *Users:* 38 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Warlmanpa** [[wrl](#)] *Users:* 37 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Diyari** [[dif](#)] *Users:* 34 (2021 census). Ethnic population: 600. *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Arabana** [[ard](#)] *Users:* 31 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Ami** [[amy](#)] *Users:* 30 (Wurm 2007). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).
- Bardi** [[bcj](#)] *Users:* 30 (2005 AUSTLANG), decreasing. Ethnic population: 380 (2021 census). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).
- Kurnai** [[unn](#)] *Users:* 30 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Wikngenchera** [[wua](#)] *Users:* 30 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).
- Githabul** [[gih](#)] *Users:* 28 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Wagiman** [[waq](#)] *Users:* 28 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Wambaya** [[wmb](#)] *Users:* 24 (2021 census). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).
- Ritharrngu** [[rit](#)] *Users:* 21 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Badimaya** [[bia](#)] *Users:* 20 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Mariyedi** [[zmy](#)] *Users:* 20 (Wurm and Hattori 1981). A few speakers (Wurm 2007). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Wajarri** [[wbv](#)] *Users:* 20 (2005 AUSTLANG). Ethnic population: 200 (1981 W. Douglas). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Koko-Bera** [[kkp](#)] *Users:* 18 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Wardaman** [[wrr](#)] *Users:* 16 (2021 census). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).
- Wergaia** [[weg](#)] *Users:* 16 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Djauan** [[djn](#)] *Users:* 15 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Dayi** [[dax](#)] *Users:* 13 (2021 census). 13 Dhalwangu and no Dayi or Djarrwark speakers (2016 census). No monolinguals. *Status:* 7 (Shifting).
- Marrithiyel** [[mfr](#)] *Users:* 13 (2021 census). 63, all users. L2 users: 50. *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Mirning** [[gmr](#)] *Users:* 13 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Miriwoong** [[mep](#)] *Users:* 12 (2017 Mirima Dawang Woorlab-gerring Language and Culture Centre). Ethnic population: 160 (2016 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Ngarinyin** [[ung](#)] *Users:* 12 (2011 ELDP). *Status:* 7 (Shifting).
- Nyiyaparli** [[xny](#)] *Users:* 12 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Umpila** [[ump](#)] *Users:* 12 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).

- Wik-Me'anha** [[wih](#)] *Users:* 12 (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).
- Yinhawangka** [[ywg](#)] *Users:* 12 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Kurrama** [[vku](#)] *Users:* 10 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Tjungundji** [[tjj](#)] *Users:* 10 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Yan-nhangu Sign Language** [[yhs](#)] *Users:* 10 (2014 D. Adone). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).

## 1 to 9

- Warnman** [[wbt](#)] *Users:* 9 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Kayardild** [[gyd](#)] *Users:* 8 (2016 census). Ethnic population: 43 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Maringarr** [[zmt](#)] *Users:* 8 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Worrorra** [[wro](#)] *Users:* 8 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Antikarinya** [[ant](#)] *Users:* 7 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Kunjen** [[kjn](#)] *Users:* 7 (2005 AUSTLANG), decreasing. Ethnic population: 300 (1991 B. Sommer). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Malak Malak** [[mpb](#)] *Users:* 7 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Wik Ngathan** [[wig](#)] *Users:* 7 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Dhalandji** [[dhl](#)] *Users:* 6 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Tjupany** [[tjp](#)] *Users:* 6 (2018 Goldfields Aboriginal Language Centre). Ethnic population: 250 (2018 Goldfields Aboriginal Language Centre). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Alawa** [[alh](#)] *Users:* 5 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Dalabon** [[ngk](#)] *Users:* 5 (2010 ELDP). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Maranunggu** [[zmr](#)] *Users:* 5 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Marra** [[mec](#)] *Users:* 5 (2010 ELDP). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Olkol** [[olk](#)] *Users:* 5 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Wadjiginy** [[wdj](#)] *Users:* 5 (2005 AUSTLANG). Ethnic group members understand the language when old people speak it, but use Kriol [[rop](#)] as L1 (Wurm 2007). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Paakantyi** [[drl](#)] *Users:* 4 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Wunambal** [[wub](#)] *Users:* 4 (2021 census). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Marriammu** [[xru](#)] *Users:* 2 (Mansfield 2019). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).
- Amurdak** [[amg](#)] *Users:* 1 (2015). No reports of the death of the last known speaker, Charlie Mungulda, in 2021. *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).

**Golpa** [lja] *Users:* 1 (2017 J. Kabisch-Lindenlaub). 2 semi-speakers. *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).

**Mangarrayi** [mpc] *Users:* 1 (2019 M. Richards). Some semi-speakers (2019 M. Richards). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).

**Maridjabin** [zmj] *Users:* 1 (2012). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).

**Ngandi** [nid] *Users:* 1 (2017). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).

## 0

**Adithinngithigh** [dth] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died in the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Aghu-Tharnggala** [gtu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (Jolly 1989). Last speaker was still alive in 1960. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Alngith** [aid] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Andajin** [ajn] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker may have survived into the 2010s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Andegerebinha** [adg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. 5 remaining speakers were reported in 2005. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Angkamuthi** [avm] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Survived late into the 20th century. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Anguthimri** [awg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker, Don Fletcher, died in 1985. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Arakwal** [rkw] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Critically endangered by 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Aranda, Lower Southern** [axl] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker, Brownie Doolan Perrurle, died in 2011. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Areba** [aea] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm 2003). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Arritinngithigh** [rrt] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1960s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Atampaya** [amz] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm 2003). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Awabakal** [awk] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Survived late into the 19th century. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Awngthim** [gwm] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely died in the mid 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

- Ayabadhu** [ayd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the late 1980s or early 1990s (Wurm 2003). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Ayerrerenge** [axe] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. On the brink of extinction in the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Badjiri** [jbi] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the late 1980s or early 1990s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Barababaraba** [rbp] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 2006 (2006 census). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Barbaram** [ymb] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Barngarla** [bjb] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The language died out in the 1960s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Barrow Point** [bpt] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Bayali** [bjy] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1960s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Bayungu** [bxj] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely died in 2006 (Wurm 2007). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Bibbulman** [xbp] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1990s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Bidhawal** [ihw] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Speakers may have survived into the 1960s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Bidjara** [bym] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Ruhlen 1987). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Bigambal** [xbe] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 1996. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Bindal** [xbd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Extinct by the middle of the 20th century. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Biri** [bzi] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Birrpai** [xji] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, James Davis, survived into the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Broome Pearling Lugger Pidgin** [bpl] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably never used as L1, although some locals of Broome have retained some of it as part of their jargon. Most active use happened between 1900 and 1930 (Wurm et al 1996). 40, all users. L2 users: 40. Ethnic population: No ethnic community. *Status:* 9 (Second language only).

- Bunganditj** [x<sup>bg</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers probably died in the late 1800s (Blake 2003). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Burduna** [b<sup>xn</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the early 1990s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Dadi Dadi** [d<sup>da</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers probably died in the early 1900s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Dagoman** [d<sup>gn</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Martha Hart, died in 1982. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Darkinyung** [x<sup>da</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers probably died in the early 1900s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Daungwurrung** [d<sup>gw</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers probably died in the late 1800s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Dharawal** [t<sup>bh</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Dhargari** [d<sup>hr</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Dharuk** [x<sup>dk</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Eva Webb, died in 1970. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Dharumbal** [x<sup>gm</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speaker died in 1973. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Dhudhuroa** [d<sup>dr</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the mid to late 1800s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Dhungaloo** [d<sup>hx</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Roy Hatfield was probably the last speaker, who died ca. 2012. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Dhurga** [d<sup>hu</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Djabwurrung** [t<sup>jw</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2016 census). Last known speaker survived into the 2010s (2016 census). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Djadjawurrung** [d<sup>ja</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the end of the 19th century. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Djangun** [d<sup>jf</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Djawi** [d<sup>ju</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Djiwarli** [d<sup>ze</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Jack Butler, died in 1986. *Status:*

10 (Extinct).

**Dyaberdyaber** [**dyb**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Dyangadi** [**dyn**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died in the 1980s (Wurm 2007). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Dyugun** [**dyd**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Erre** [**err**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Flinders Island** [**fln**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Johnny Flinders, died circa 2000. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Gabi-Gabi** [**gbw**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. In 1983 there were only a few rememberers of the language (Holmer 1983). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Gadjerawang** [**gdh**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker may have survived into the 2010s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Gagadu** [**gbu**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Big Bill Neidjie, died in May 2002. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Gambera** [**gma**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Gamilaraay** [**kld**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers, but emerging L2 speakers. Recently extinct in its original form, but spoken by many as a mixture of English [**eng**] and Gamilaraay (Wurm 2007). It stopped being used daily in the first half of 20th century (Austin and Nathan 1998). 1,070, all users. L2 users: 1,070 (2021 census). *Status:* 9 (Reawakening).

**Ganggalida** [**gcd**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely survived into the 2010s. 6 semi-speakers (Wurm 2007). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Gangulu** [**gnl**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died in the 1980s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Garig-Ilgar** [**ilg**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 2003. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Garingbal** [**xgi**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Garlali** [**gll**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Peter Hood, died sometime between 1999 and 2009. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Giyug** [**giy**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Goreng** [**xgg**] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker and possibly the entire tribe died

before 1963 (Capell 1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Gudang** [xgd] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Gudang or Djaraga was presumed to be either almost extinct or extinct already in 1963, so the last speaker probably died in the 1960s or earlier (Capell 1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Gudanji** [nji] *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2015 SIL). A few elderly speakers survived into the twenty-first century (Nordlinger 1998). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Gugadj** [ggd] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Gugu Badhun** [gdc] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 9 (Dormant).

**Gugu Warra** [wrw] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by 1960 (Capell 1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Gunditjmara** [gjm] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Frances M. Alberts, died in 1963 (Hercus 1986). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Gundungurra** [xrd] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the 1970s. *Status*: 9 (Dormant).

**Gungabula** [gyf] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Gunya** [gyy] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Margaret McKellar, died in 1972 (Breen 1981). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Gurdjar** [gdj] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Status*: 9 (Dormant).

**Gureng Gureng** [gnr] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1980s. *Status*: 9 (Dormant).

**Guwa** [xgw] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1970s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Guwamu** [gwu] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died in the late 1990s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Guyani** [gyy] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Alice Oldfield, died in 1978. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Ikaranggal** [ikr] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably became extinct early in 20th century. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Jaitmatang** [xjt] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Jandai** [jan] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the 1980s (Wurm 2007). *Status*:

10 (Extinct).

**Kalaamaya** [lkm] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kalarko** [kba] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably became extinct in the 1960s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kalkutung** [ktg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kamu** [xmu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1970s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kanju** [kbe] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker may have survived into the 2010s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Karenggapa** [eaa] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died before the 1950s (Hercus and Austin 2004). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Kariyarra** [vka] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died in 1991. Some people still know some words (Wurm 2007). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Karuwali** [rxw] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died during or before the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Kaurna** [zku] *Users:* No known L1 speakers, but emerging L2 speakers. Last speaker, Ivaritji, died in 1929 (2015 R. Amery). 130, all users. L2 users: 130 (2021 census). *Status:* 9 (Reawakening).

**Keeray-Woorroong** [wkr] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Kok-Nar** [gko] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the early 1970s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Koko Babangk** [okg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker lived into the late 1970s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kugu-Muminh** [xmh] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2016 census). Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Kuku-Mangk** [xmq] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kuku-Mu'inh** [xmp] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the late 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kuku-Ugbanh** [ugb] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kuku-Uwanh** [uwa] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1990s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kungarakany** [g<sup>gk</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker, Madeline England, died in 1989. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kungardutyi** [g<sup>dt</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kunggari** [k<sup>gl</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1980s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Kungkari** [l<sup>ku</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker most likely died in the late 19th or early 20th century. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kuthant** [x<sup>ut</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kuuk-Yak** [u<sup>ky</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Estimated 40 speakers in 1975, but the date of last speaker's death unknown. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Kuwema** [w<sup>oa</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1990s (Black 1983). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Kwini** [g<sup>ww</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker probably survived into the 2010s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Ladji Ladji** [l<sup>lj</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (census). Probably became extinct early in 20th century. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Lamalama** [l<sup>by</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Lanima** [l<sup>nw</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Laragia** [l<sup>rg</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last fluent speaker likely died in the 1980s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Leningitij** [l<sup>nj</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The 'most knowledgeable speaker', Sam Kerindun, died 'several years ago' (Hale 1983). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Limilngan** [l<sup>mc</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Lower Burdekin** [x<sup>bb</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last recorded data collected in 1886; nothing more known after that. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Madhi Madhi** [d<sup>md</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Jack Long, died in 1978 (Blake et al 2011). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Malgana** [v<sup>ml</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last fluent speakers died in the 1990s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Malyangapa** [y<sup>ga</sup>] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker, Laurie Quayle, died in 1976. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Manangkari** [znk] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the mid 20th century.  
*Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Manda** [zma] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1990s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Mandandanyi** [zmk] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Mangala** [mem] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 1986. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Mangerr** [zme] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Margany** [zmc] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Margu** [mhg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in September 2003. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Maridan** [zmd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Marimanindji** [zmm] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (census). Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Marti Ke** [zmg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (Mansfield 2019). The last known speaker, Patrick Palibu Nudjulu, died in 2014 (Mansfield 2019). 50, all users. L2 users: 50. Ethnic population: 100. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Martuyhunira** [vma] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker, Algy Paterson, died in 1995. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Matngala** [zml] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1990s (Black 1983). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Mayaguduna** [xmy] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Mayawali** [yxa] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1970s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Mayi-Kulan** [xyk] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1970s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Mayi-Thakurti** [xyt] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by 1960 (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Mayi-Yapi** [xyj] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died no later than the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Mbara** [mvl] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell

1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Mbariman-Gudhinma** [zmv] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Minang** [xrg] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Minkin** [xxm] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the early 1900s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Miwa** [vmi] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Morrobalama** [umg] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The two last speakers, Nancy Gunnawarra and Mabel Kullakulla, lived into the 1990s (1994 S. Ogilvie). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Mpalitjanh** [xpj] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Muluridi** [vmu] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Muruwari** [zmu] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 9 (Dormant).

**Nari Nari** [rnr] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last known speaker likely survived into the late 1960s (Wurm 1972). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Nauo** [nwo] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. There were two potential speakers in the 1920s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Ndra'ngith** [dgt] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Ngadjunmaya** [nju] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably recently extinct (Wurm 2007); last known speakers probably survived into the first decade of the 2000s. *Status*: 9 (Dormant).

**Ngadjuri** [jui] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Ngalakgan** [nig] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last fluent speaker died in 2004 (Baker 2007). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Ngamini** [nmv] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Nganakarti** [xnk] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the mid 20th century. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Ngantangarra** [ntg] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Nganyaywana** [nyx] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speakers probably lived into the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Ngardi** [rxd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Ngarigu** [xni] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely survived into early 2010s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Ngarla** [nrk] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2010 P. Austin). Last speaker, Alexander Brown, died on November 5, 2010. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Ngarrindjeri** [nay] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the 1960s. Ethnic population: 470 (2021 census). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Ngawun** [nxn] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Cherry O'Keefe (Tjapun), died in 1977. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Ngayawung** [nwg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died before the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Ngumbarl** [xnm] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely died in the early 1970s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Ngunawal** [xul] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speakers probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Ngurmbur** [nrx] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Nhirrpi** [hrp] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1960s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Nhuwala** [nhf] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers likely survived into the late 1990s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Nimanbur** [nmp] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 1982. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Nugunu** [nnv] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Nungali** [nug] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Nunukul** [xnu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last known speaker, (Mary) Jane Sunflower, died in 1964 (Holmer 1983). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Nyangga** [nny] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Nyawaygi** [nyt] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Willie Seaton, died in 2009. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Nyulnyul** [nyv] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Mary Carmel Charles, died in

1999. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Nyungar** [nys] *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2005 AUSTLANG). Recently extinct (Wurm 2007). *Status*: 9 (Dormant).

**Pakanha** [pkn] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1990s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 9 (Dormant).

**Pallanganmiddang** [pmd] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died ca. 1800. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Pinigura** [pnv] *Users*: No known L1 speakers (Wurm 2007). The last speaker died in the 1980s. *Status*: 9 (Dormant).

**Pinjarup** [pnj] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the mid 20th century. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Pirlatapa** [bxi] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by the 1960s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Pirriya** [xpa] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Albert Upperty (or Uppity), died in 1969 (Breen 1990). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Pitta Pitta** [pit] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Ivy Nardoo, died in 1981. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Punthamara** [xpt] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker probably died by the 1990s (Holmer 1988). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Tagalaka** [tgz] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely survived into the early 2010s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Tasmanian, Bruny Island** [xpz] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Tasmanian, North Midlands** [xph] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Tasmanian, Northeastern** [xpb] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Tasmanian, Northern** [xpv] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Tasmanian, Northwestern** [xpw] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Tasmanian, Oyster Bay** [xpd] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Tasmanian, Port Sorell** [xpl] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Tasmanian, Southeast** [xpf] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Tasmanian, Southwestern** [xpx] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Thawa** [xtv] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Thaypan** [typ] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Tommy George, died in 2016. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Thiin** [iin] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by 2004. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Tjurruru** [tju] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. 2 speakers left in 1967. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Umbindhamu** [umd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Joan Liddy, died in 2012 (Verstraete 2010). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Umbugarla** [umr] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Butcher Knight, is believed to have died in 2000. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Umiida** [xud] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker lived into the late 1980s (McGregor 1988). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Unggaranggu** [xun] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the 1980s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Unggumi** [xgu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speaker, Billy ‘Morndi’ Munro, died in the early 1990s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Uradhi** [urf] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Urningangg** [urc] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1990s (Black 1983). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Waanyi** [wny] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely survived into the 2010s. 2 semi-speakers (Wurm 2007). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Wadi Wadi** [xwd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the 2010s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Wadikali** [wdk] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Ned Palpilina, died in the 1930s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Wadjabangayi** [wdy] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the early 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Wadjigu** [wdu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Wagaya** [wga] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1990s

(Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Wajuk** [xwj] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Wakabunga** [wwb] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Wakawaka** [wkw] *Users*: No known L1 speakers (Wurm 2007). Last native speaker of Duunidjawan dialect died in 1965; Wakawaka dialect has been extinct for decades (Wurm 2007). 2, all users. L2 users: 2 (Wurm 2007). *Status*: 9 (Dormant).

**Walangama** [nlw] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Waluwarra** [wrb] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Wamin** [wmi] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 9 (Dormant).

**Wandarang** [wnd] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Isaac Joshua, died in 1974. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Wangaaybuwan-Ngiyambaa** [wyb] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers may have survived into the early 2010s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Wanggamala** [wnm] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker may have died in 2003. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Wangkangurru** [wgg] *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Wangkayutyuru** [wky] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1970s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Wangkumara** [xwk] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1980s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Waray** [wrz] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Wardandi** [wxw] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Wariyanga** [wri] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1980s. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Warrgamay** [wgy] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status*: 9 (Dormant).

**Warrwa** [wwr] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Maudie Lennard, died in 2016. *Status*: 10 (Extinct).

**Warungu** [wrg] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Alf Palmer, died in 1981. *Status*: 9 (Dormant).

- Wathawurrung** [wth] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last known competent speaker, Ellen Richards, died in 1921 (Blake et al 1998). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Wemba Wemba** [xww] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speakers survived into the 1960s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Wik-Epa** [wie] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Wik-Keyangan** [wif] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Wilawila** [wil] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Wirangu** [wgu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker may have survived into the 2010s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Woiwurrung** [wyi] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably became extinct late in the 19th century. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Worimi** [kda] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died in the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).
- Wotjobaluk** [xwt] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Wuliwuli** [wlu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker was probably Queenie Dodd Meldrum, who died in 1986 (Holmer 1983). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Wulna** [wux] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Wunumara** [wnn] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1970s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Yabula Yabula** [yxy] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Yagara** [yxx] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1960s. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Yalarnnga** [ylr] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Lardie Moonlight, died in 1980 (Breen and Blake 2007). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Yan-nhangu** [jay] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Yanda** [yda] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Yandjibara** [xyb] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably became extinct early in the 20th century. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).
- Yandruwandha** [ynd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Benny Kerwin, died in 1976 (Breen 2015). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Yangman** [jng] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Jimmy Daniels, died in 1986. Ethnic population: 50 (Black 1983). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Yardliyawarra** [yxl] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the late first decade of the 2000s (Hercus and Austin 2004). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Yarluyandi** [yry] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1970s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Yatay** [yty] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct before mid 20th century. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Yawarawarga** [yww] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Yawijibaya** [jbw] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by the early 1990s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Yawuru** [ywr] *Users:* No known L1 speakers, but emerging L2 speakers. Last known native speakers died between 2001 and 2007 (Wurm 2007) and (2001 K. Hosokawa). *Status:* 9 (Reawakening).

**Yaygir** [xya] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Sandy Cameron, died in 1973. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Yindjilandji** [yil] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Yinggarda** [yia] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker probably survived into the 2010s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Yiningayi** [ygi] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Yinwum** [yxm] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Yir-Yoront** [yyr] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 2000s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Yirandali** [ljw] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Yirrk-Mel** [yrm] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 2010s. *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Yitha Yitha** [xth] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

**Yorta Yorta** [xyy] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers died in the 1960s (Bowe and Morey 1999). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Yugambal** [yub] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by the 1970s (Dixon and Barry 1979). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Yugul** [[ygu](#)] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Yuru** [[ljsx](#)] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 10 (Extinct).

**Yuyu** [[yxu](#)] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Status:* 9 (Dormant).

## Unknown

**Nhanda** [[nha](#)] *Users:* In 1995, a few speakers were reported. Some still survive (Wurm 2007). *Status:* 8b (Nearly extinct).

**Australian Aborigines Sign Language** [[asw](#)] *Status:* 6b\* (Threatened).

**Miriwoong Sign Language** [[rsm](#)] *Users:* 3 monolinguals (2014 D. Adone). Mostly used by hearing people. 3 deaf people identified by the Mirima Dawang Woortlab-gerring Language and Culture Centre. Ethnic population: A few hundred Miriwoong people; unclear how many use the sign language (2014 D. Adone). *Status:* 8a (Moribund).

## Languages by Status

In this section the languages of Australia are listed in order of their status within the country as represented by their level on the EGIDs scale (Lewis and Simons 2010). The language entries are reduced to just the information elements that are relevant to assessing the EGIDS level: population, status, language use, language development, and writing.

### 1 (National)

**English** [eng] *Users:* 24,400,000 in Australia (2020), all users. L1 users: 18,300,000 (2021 census). *Status:* De facto national language. *Writing:* Braille script. Deseret Alphabet, developed in 1854 with limited usage until 1877. Duployan shorthand. Latin script, primary usage. Shavian (Shaw) script, no longer in use. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 1,456,448,320 (as L1: 379,682,200; as L2: 1076,766,120).

### 3 (Wider communication)

**Djambarrpuyngu** [djr] *Users:* 3,870 (2021 census). *Status:* Originated in northern Australia around 1920 through a Methodist mission settlement. Associated with the Galiwin'ku community and the large Djambarrpuyngu clan. Lingua franca for six sub-clans. *Lg Use:* Used as L2 by Dayi [dax], Dhangu-Djangu [dhg], Dhuwal [dwu], Djinang [dji], Djinba [djb], Gupapuyngu [guf], Yan-nhangu [jay], Yolngu Sign Language [ygs]. *Lg Dev:* Grammar. Texts. NT: 2008. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Kriol** [rop] *Users:* 17,490, all users. L1 users: 7,490 (2021 census). L2 users: 10,000 (1991 SIL). *Status:* Originated in northern Australia after European contact in late 18th century. Now widespread, with input from local Aboriginal languages. *Lg Use:* Preschool children may not be bilingual in another language. Some also use English [eng], or Aboriginal languages. Used as L2 by Alawa [alh], Ami [amy], Antikarinya [ant], Bardi [bcj], Bunuba [bck], Dalabon [ngk], Djamindjung [djd], Djauan [djn], Garrwa [wrk], Gooniyandi [gni], Gurindji [gue], Jaru [ddj], Jingulu [jig], Kaytetye [gbb], Kija [gia], Kunbarlang [wlg], Kunjen [kjn], Malak Malak [mpb], Mangala [mem], Mangarrayi [mpc], Maridan [zmd], Maridjabin [zmj], Marimanindji [zmm], Maringarr [zmt], Mariyedi [zmy], Marra [mec], Marrithiyel [mfr], Martu Wangka [mpj], Miriwoong [mep], Murrinh-Patha [mwf], Ngan'gityemerri [nam], Ngarinyin [ung], Ngarinyman [nbj], Nunggubuyu [nuy], Nyikina [nyh], Rembarrnga [rmb], Ritharrngu [rit], Wadjiginy [wdj], Wagiman [waq], Walmajarri [wmt], Wambaya [wmb], Wandarang [wnd], Wardaman [wrr], Warlmanpa [wrl], Warumungu [wrm], Worrorra [wro], Wunambal [wub], Yangman [jng], Yanyuwa [jao]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Bible: 2007. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Torres Strait Creole** [tcs] *Users:* 7,780 (2021 census). *Status:* Adopted as a de facto Torres Strait language between 1890 and 1940. Used in trade and church. *Lg Use:* Used as L2 by Kala Lagaw Ya [mwp], Koko-Bera [kkp], Kunjen [kjn], Kuuku-Ya'u [kuy], Meriam Mir [ulk], Umpila [ump]. *Lg Dev:* NT: 2014. *Writing:* Latin script.

## 4 (Educational)

**Arrernte, Eastern** [aer] *Users:* 1,930 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Radio. TV. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. NT: 2017. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Dhuwaya** [dwy] *Users:* 1,500, all users. L1 users: 500 (2015 C. Bow). L2 users: 1,000 (2015 C. Bow). *Lg Use:* Dhuwaya has evolved as the Yirrkala communilect or common language spoken by all of the younger generation irrespective of clan membership (Amery 1993). Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Bible portions: 2019. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Pitjantjatjara** [pjt] *Users:* 4,560, all users. L1 users: 4,060 (2021 census), including 3,460 Pitjantjatjara and 600 Yankunytjatjara (2021 census). L2 users: 500. 2,580 monolinguals (2006). *Lg Use:* Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Pintiini [pti], Yankunytjatjara [kdd]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. NT: 2002. *Writing:* Latin script.

## 5 (Developing)

**Alyawarr** [aly] *Users:* 1,950 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Most also use English [eng], but with low proficiency. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1994–2013. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Arrarnta, Western** [are] *Users:* 910 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible: 1997. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Auslan** [asf] *Users:* 16,200 (2021 census). Estimates vary from 7,000–15,000 by various researchers from 1986–2004 (Johnston 2004). *Status:* De facto language of provincial identity in New South Wales. *Lg Use:* Some signed interpretation in court, for college students, at important public events. Used by all. Used as L2 by Australian Irish Sign Language [isg]. *Lg Dev:* TV. Videos. Dictionary. Grammar. Bible portions: 1999–2002.

**Burarra** [bvr] *Users:* 1,280 (2021 census), including 1,230 Burarra and 50 Gun-narpta (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Djinang [dji], Gurr-goni [gge], Na-kara [nck], Yan-nhangu [jay]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. NT: 1991. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Kala Lagaw Ya** [mwp] *Users:* 890 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Most also use English [eng]. Also use Torres Strait Creole [tcs], especially those younger than 30 when outside the language area. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. NT: 1994. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Martu Wangka** [mpj] *Users:* 910 (2021 census), including 810 Martu Wangka, 65 Manyjilyjarra, 6 Wangkajunga, 33 Yulparitja (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Most also use English [eng]. Also use Kriol [rop]. Also use Kukatja [kux]. Also use Walmajarri [wmt]. Used as L2 by Kukatja [kux]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1981–1999. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Murrinh-Patha** [mwf] *Users:* 2,080 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Children learn it as L1 (Wurm 2007). Many also use English [eng], many over the age of 40, and among young people, women have a greater command than men (Mansfield 2019). A few also use Kriol [rop] (Mansfield 2019). Used as L2 by Marriammu [xru], Marti Ke [zmg]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible

portions: 1982–1990. *Writing*: Latin script.

**Ngaanyatjarra** [ntj] *Users*: 1,050 (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Kukatja [kux], Pintiini [pti]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. NT: 1991. *Writing*: Latin script.

**Pintupi-Luritja** [piu] *Users*: 1,570 (2021 census), including 270 Pintupi and 1,300 Luritja (2021 census). 1,000 monolinguals. *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Kukatja [kux]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. NT: 1981. *Writing*: Latin script.

**Tiwi** [tiw] *Users*: 2,100 (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts. Bible portions: 1979–2000. *Writing*: Latin script.

**Warlpiri** [wbp] *Users*: 2,620 (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Anmatyerre [amx]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. NT: 2001. *Writing*: Latin script.

## 5 (Dispersed)

**Chinese, Mandarin** [cmn] *Users*: 685,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Also use English [eng]. *Writing*: Bopomofo script, used since 1913, revised in 1920 and 1932, mainly used in Taiwan. Braille script. Han script, Simplified variant, used since 1956, official in Mainland China (1956) and Singapore (1969), also used elsewhere. Han script, Traditional variant, used since mid-19th century, official in Taiwan, also used elsewhere. Latin script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,138,222,350 (as L1: 939,237,350; as L2: 198,985,000).

**Chinese, Yue** [yue] *Users*: 295,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Also use English [eng]. *Writing*: Braille script, used in Hong Kong. Han script, Simplified variant. Han script, Traditional variant, official usage in Hong Kong and Macau, also used elsewhere. Latin script, used since mid-19th century. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 86,633,370 (as L1: 86,116,370; as L2: 517,000).

**Estonian, Standard** [ekk] *Users*: 2,080 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Latin script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,149,010 (as L1: 1,148,690; as L2: 320).

**German, Standard** [deu] *Users*: 70,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. Latin script, Fraktur variant, used until 1940. Runic script, no longer in use. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 133,245,880 (as L1: 75,282,080; as L2: 57,963,800).

**Italian** [ita] *Users*: 228,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Also use English [eng]. *Writing*: Braille script, used since 1974. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 67,935,480 (as L1: 64,647,380; as L2: 3,288,100).

**Japanese** [jpn] *Users*: 58,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Also use English [eng]. *Writing*: Braille script. Han, Hiragana, and Katakana scripts, primary usage. Latin script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 123,445,570 (as L1: 123,285,670; as L2: 159,900).

## 6a (Vigorous)

**Anindilyakwa** [aoi] *Users:* 1,520 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Most also use English [eng], especially young people. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1976–1995. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Dhuwal** [dwu] *Users:* 300 (2015 C. Bow). *Lg Use:* Vigorous. Most also use English [eng]. Also use Djambarrpuyngu [djr]. Used as L2 by Dayi [dax], Djinang [dji]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Gunwinggu** [gup] *Users:* 1,830 (2021 census), including 12 Gundjeipme, 260 Gunei, 1,490 Gunwinggu, 71 Mayali (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Many domains. Used by all. Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Dalabon [ngk], Djebbana [djj], Gurr-goni [gge], Iwaidja [ibd], Kunbarlang [wlg], Maung [mph], Rembarnga [rmb]. *Lg Dev:* Grammar. NT: 2018. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Gurindji Kriol** [gjr] *Users:* 1,000 (Meakins 2013). *Lg Use:* Gurindji Kriol is spreading outside the traditional Gurinji-speaking area (Meakins 2013). Used by all. Most also use English [eng].

**Maung** [mph] *Users:* 360 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Language still being acquired by children (2011). Most also use English [eng]. Also use Gunwinggu [gup]. Used as L2 by Kunbarlang [wlg]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1960. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Pintiini** [pti] *Users:* 360 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Also use Ngaanyatjarra [ntj]. Also use Pitjantjatjara [pjt].

**Yindjibarndi** [yij] *Users:* 380 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Banyjima [pnw]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1983. *Writing:* Latin script.

## 6b (Threatened)

**Anmatyerre** [amx] *Users:* 370 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Most also use English [eng]. Most also use Warlpiri [wbp]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. Bible portions: 2007. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Australian Aborigines Sign Language** [asw] *Lg Use:* Used by hearing Aborigines as alternate form of communication with speakers of other languages, or when silence is required during periods of mourning or hunting. Several, perhaps all, such sign languages are also used by deaf persons in the community. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.

**Dhangu-Djangu** [dhg] *Users:* 200 (2021 census), including 10 Dhangu, 130 Gaalpu, 6 Golumala, 9 Rirratjingu, 27 Wangurri, and 21 Warramiri (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Fewer children speak the language (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng]. Also use Djambarrpuyngu [djr] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev:* Grammar. Bible portions: 1977–1982. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Djebbana** [djj] *Users:* 370 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Most also use English [eng]. Also use Gunwinggu [gup], or another Burarran language. Used as L2 by Kunbarlang [wlg], Na-kara [nck]. *Lg Dev:* Grammar. Texts.

**Djinang** [**dji**] *Users:* 150 (2021 census), including 120 Djinang and 30 Wulaki (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [**eng**]. Also use Burarra [**bvr**], especially by Wulaki dialect speakers. Also use Dhuwal [**dwu**]. Also use Djambarrpuyngu [**djr**]. Also use Djinba [**djb**]. Also use Gupapuyngu [**guf**]. Used as L2 by Djinba [**djb**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1985–1987. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Djinba** [**djb**] *Users:* 52 (2021 census), including 15 Djinba and 37 Ganalbingu (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [**eng**]. Also use Djambarrpuyngu [**djr**]. Also use Djinang [**dji**]. Used as L2 by Djinang [**dji**], Ritharrngu [**rit**]. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Gumatj** [**gmn**] *Users:* 100 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Most also use English [**eng**]. Also use Gupapuyngu [**guf**]. Used as L2 by Dayi [**dax**], Gupapuyngu [**guf**]. *Lg Dev:* Texts. NT: 1985. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Gupapuyngu** [**guf**] *Users:* 1,100, all users. L1 users: 150 (2021 census), including 36 Dhuwala, 110 Gupapuyngu, 6 Madarra (2021 census). L2 users: 950. *Lg Use:* Most also use English [**eng**]. Some also use Gumatj [**gmn**], or other Aboriginal languages. Also use Djambarrpuyngu [**djr**], which is learned by children. Used as L2 by Djinang [**dji**], Gumatj [**gmn**], Yan-nhangu [**jay**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1967. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Gurr-goni** [**gge**] *Users:* 40 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Children are still learning it (2011). Some young people, all adults. All also use Burarra [**bvr**]. All also use Gunwinggu [**gup**]. Most also use English [**eng**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Guugu Yimidhirr** [**kky**] *Users:* 810 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [**eng**]. *Lg Dev:* Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1940. *Writing:* Latin script, no longer in use.

**Iwaidja** [**ibd**] *Users:* 150 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Some domains. Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [**eng**]. Also use Gunwinggu [**gup**]. Used as L2 by Garig-Ilgar [**ilg**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. Bible portions: 1981. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Kaytetye** [**gbb**] *Users:* 110 (2021 census), decreasing. *Lg Use:* Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [**eng**]. Many also use Kriol [**rop**].

**Kukatja** [**kux**] *Users:* 460 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [**eng**]. Also use Martu Wangka [**mpj**]. Also use Ngaanyatjarra [**ntj**]. Also use Pintupi-Luritja [**piu**]. Also use Walmajarri [**wmt**]. Used as L2 by Martu Wangka [**mpj**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Kuku-Yalanji** [**gvn**] *Users:* 390 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Traditional religion, oral and some written use in religious services. Oral tradition. Some young people, all adults. Children are learning it. Positive attitudes. All also use English [**eng**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. NT: 1985. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Kumbainggar** [**kgs**] *Users:* 310 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Growing number of younger adult speakers who are now passing on the language to their children. Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [**eng**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Kuuk Thayorre** [thd] *Users:* 170 (2021 census). Kuuk-Yak dialect recently extinct (Wurm 2007). Ethnic population: 350 (1982 A. Hall). *Lg Use:* Some young people, all adults. Children are learning it (2011). Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1981. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Meriam Mir** [ulk] *Users:* 260 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Some children give preference to Torres Strait Creole [tcs] (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng]. Also use Torres Strait Creole [tcs]. *Lg Dev:* Bible portions: 1879–1994. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Nunggubuyu** [nuy] *Users:* 280 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Some young people, all adults. Children understand it, but speak Kriol [rop]. Most also use Kriol [rop]. The younger generation speaks Kriol. Used as L2 by Ritharrngu [rit]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. NT: 2007. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Nyangumarta** [nna] *Users:* 240 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Some young people, all adults. Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Nyamal [nly]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1996. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Pitcairn-Norfolk** [pih] *Users:* 910 in Australia (2021 census). *Lg Use:* An in-group language used to assist in identity preservation. The people speak standard British English [eng] as L1. Possibly no speakers on Australian mainland. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 1,656.

**Rembarrnga** [rmb] *Users:* 51 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Some young people, all adults, but few children. Most also use English [eng]. Also use Dalabon [ngk]. Also use Gunwinggu [gup]. Also use Kriol [rop]. Used as L2 by Dalabon [ngk]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Wik-liyanh** [wij] *Users:* 40 (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Use:* Under pressure from Wik-Mungkan [wim] (Wurm 2007). Some young people, all adults. Many also use English [eng]. Also use Wik-Mungkan [wim].

**Wik-Mungkan** [wim] *Users:* 1,550, all users. L1 users: 950 (2021 census), decreasing. L2 users: 600. *Lg Use:* Some young people, all adults. Children are learning it (2011). Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Kugu-Muminh [xmh], Wik Ngathan [wig], Wikalkan [wik], Wik-Iiyanh [wij], Wikngenchera [wua]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. NT: 1985. *Writing:* Latin script.

## 7 (Shifting)

**Dayi** [dax] *Users:* 13 (2021 census). 13 Dhalwangu and no Dayi or Djarrwark speakers (2016 census). No monolinguals. *Lg Use:* Vitality adversely affected by the scattering of children, who now speak other languages (Wurm 2007). Shifting to English [eng]. Also use Dhuwal [dwu]. Also use Djambarrpuyngu [djr]. Also use Gumatj [gnn].

**Gurindji** [gue] *Users:* 640 (2021 census), including 620 Gurindji, 16 Malngin, and 5 Wanyjirra (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Language maintenance activities are being undertaken. Children use only Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Shifting to English [eng]. Shifting to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1981–1986. *Writing:* Latin script.

- Jaru** [ddj] *Users:* 560 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Children speak Kriol [rop] or Aboriginal English [eng] (Wurm 2007). Adults only. Shifting to English [eng]. Shifting to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.
- Kija** [gia] *Users:* 270 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifting to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Many also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Bible portions: 1978. *Writing:* Latin script, no longer in use.
- Kunbarlang** [wlg] *Users:* 45 (Kapitonov 2019). *Lg Use:* Adults only. Shifting to Kriol [rop] (Kapitonov 2019). All also use Maung [mph] (Kapitonov 2019). Most also use Gunwinggu [gup] (Kapitonov 2019). Some also use Djeebbana [djj], especially those living in Maningrida (Kapitonov 2019). *Lg Dev:* Grammar. Texts.
- Ngan'gityemerri** [nam] *Users:* 99 (2021 census). Ngenkiwumerri dialect is endangered, moving towards seriously endangered (Wurm 2007). *Lg Use:* Shifting to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.
- Ngarinyin** [ung] *Users:* 12 (2011 ELDP). *Lg Use:* Most children speak Kriol [rop] as L1. Adults only. No longer passed on to children (2011 ELDP). Shifting to English [eng]. Shifting to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.
- Nyamal** [nly] *Users:* 42 (2021 census), decreasing. *Lg Use:* Adults only. Shifting to English [eng] (Wurm 2007). Shifting to Nyangumarta [nna] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.
- Nyikina** [nyh] *Users:* 46 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Adults only. Shifting to English [eng] (Wurm 2007). Shifting to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Also use Walmajarri [wmt]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.
- Walmajarri** [wmt] *Users:* 290 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Adults only. Shifting to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng]. Used as L2 by Kukatja [kux], Martu Wangka [mpj], Nyikina [nyh]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. Bible portions: 1978–1989. *Writing:* Latin script.
- Warumungu** [wrm] *Users:* 420 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifting to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.
- Wikalkan** [wik] *Users:* 86 (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Use:* Adults only. Shifting to Wik-Mungkan [wim] (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng].
- Yanyuwa** [jao] *Users:* 47 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Intermarry with Garrwa [wrk] or Marra [mec]. Wives learn the husband's language but use their own with members of their own group. Children usually speak the mother's language, but boys at puberty learn and then speak the father's language. Losing young speakers (Wurm 2007). Shifting to English [eng]. Also use Garrwa [wrk]. Also use Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1980–1990. *Writing:* Latin script.
- Yolngu Sign Language** [ygs] *Users:* 50 (2012 D. Adone). About 40–50 deaf users (Adone et al 2012); unknown number of hearing L1 and L2 users. *Lg Use:* Used both by deaf and by hearing who speak a variety of Yolngu languages. Every child acquires signs from birth

(Adone et al 2012). Nearly all domains by deaf; as an alternate language by hearing when at a distance, hunting, or when silence is required for ceremonies or in the proximity of sacred objects (Adone et al 2012). Shifting to Djambarrpuyngu [djr] (Adone et al 2012). *Lg Dev*: Videos.

## 8a (Moribund)

**Ami** [amy] *Users*: 30 (Wurm 2007). *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev*: Texts.

**Australian Irish Sign Language** [isg] *Users*: 50 in Australia (2016 R. Adam), decreasing. Estimated 50–100 users left, no monolinguals. *Lg Use*: Older adults only. Shifted to Auslan [asf]. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 51,550 (as L1: 6,550; as L2: 45,000).

**Bandjalang** [bdy] *Users*: 460 (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *Writing*: Latin script, no longer in use.

**Banyjima** [pnw] *Users*: 140 (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. Also use Yindjibarndi [yij]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts.

**Bardi** [bcj] *Users*: 30 (2005 AUSTLANG), decreasing. Ethnic population: 380 (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Many in the younger generation understand Bardi but do not speak it (Wurm 2007). Older adults only. Shifted to English [eng]. Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Bunuba** [bck] *Users*: 150 (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Older adults only. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. *Writing*: Latin script.

**Djabugay** [dyy] *Users*: 81 (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts.

**Djamindjung** [djd] *Users*: 96 (2021 census), including 90 Ngaliwuru and 6 Djamindjung speakers (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. Also use Kriol [rop]. Also use Ngarinyman [nbj].

**Dyirbal** [dbl] *Users*: 74 (2021 census), including 24 Dyirbal and 50 Girramay (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Garrwa** [wrk] *Users*: 150 (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Children have not been learning the language since 1980s (Mushin 2012). Older adults only. Shifted to English [eng]. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. Used as L2 by Yanyuwa [jao]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. Bible portions: 1983–1991. *Writing*: Latin script.

**Gooniyandi** [gni] *Users*: 210 (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Older adults only. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *Writing*: Latin script, limited usage.

**Greek** [ell] *Users*: 230,000 in Australia (2021 census), decreasing. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing*: Braille script. Cyrillic script, used in Ukraine. Greek script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 13,088,220 (as L1: 12,992,220; as L2: 96,000).

**Jingulu** [**jig**] *Users:* 40 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [**rop**]. Most also use English [**eng**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Karajarri** [**gbd**] *Users:* 50 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [**eng**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Miriwoong Sign Language** [**rsm**] *Users:* 3 monolinguals (2014 D. Adone). Mostly used by hearing people. 3 deaf people identified by the Mirima Dawang Woortlab-gerring Language and Culture Centre. Ethnic population: A few hundred Miriwoong people; unclear how many use the sign language (2014 D. Adone). *Lg Use:* Older adults only. *Lg Dev:* Videos.

**Na-kara** [**nck**] *Users:* 55 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Ethnic group members generally speak Burarra [**bvr**] or Djeebbana [**djj**]. Shifted to Burarra [**bvr**]. Shifted to Djeebbana [**djj**]. Many also use English [**eng**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Ngarinyman** [**nbj**] *Users:* 50 (2005 AUSTLANG). Only one L1 speaker of Bilinarra left (Meakins and Nordlinger 2014). *Lg Use:* Middle-aged speakers generally code-switch between Bilinarra and Kriol [**rop**] (Meakins and Nordlinger 2014). Shifted to English [**eng**]. Also use Kriol [**rop**]. Used as L2 by Djamindjung [**djd**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Wambaya** [**wmb**] *Users:* 24 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [**rop**]. Used as L2 by Gudanji [**nji**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Wardaman** [**wrr**] *Users:* 16 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [**rop**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Wik-Me'anha** [**wih**] *Users:* 12 (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [**eng**].

**Wikngenchera** [**wua**] *Users:* 30 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Wik-Mungkan [**wim**] (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [**eng**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Yankunytjatjara** [**kdd**] *Users:* 600 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [**eng**]. Also use Pitjantjatjara [**pjt**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.

## 8b (Nearly extinct)

**Adnyamathanha** [**adt**] *Users:* 260 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [**eng**] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev:* Videos. Dictionary. Texts.

**Alawa** [**alh**] *Users:* 5 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Elderly only. Shifted to Kriol [**rop**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Amurdak** [**amg**] *Users:* 1 (2015). No reports of the death of the last known speaker, Charlie Mungulda, in 2021. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [**eng**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Antikarinya** [**ant**] *Users:* 7 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [**rop**] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Arabana** [**ard**] *Users:* 31 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [**eng**]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Badimaya** [bia] *Users:* 20 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Many shifted to English [eng]. Many shifted to Wajarri [wbv].

**Batjala** [xby] *Users:* 89 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Dalabon** [ngk] *Users:* 5 (2010 ELDP). *Lg Use:* Few domains. Elderly only. Shifted to English [eng]. Also use Gunwinggu [gup]. Also use Kriol [rop]. Also use Rembarrnga [rmb]. Used as L2 by Djauan [djn], Rembarrnga [rmb]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Dhalandji** [dhl] *Users:* 6 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Lg Use:* Only a few speakers remain (Wurm 2007). Elderly only. Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Diyari** [dif] *Users:* 34 (2021 census). Ethnic population: 600. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. NT: 1897. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Djauan** [djn] *Users:* 15 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Some also use Dalabon [ngk] (Wurm 2007). Some also use English [eng] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Githabul** [gih] *Users:* 28 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Golpa** [lja] *Users:* 1 (2017 J. Kabisch-Lindenlaub). 2 semi-speakers. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng].

**Kayardild** [gyd] *Users:* 8 (2016 census). Ethnic population: 43 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Elderly only. Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Kokata** [ktd] *Users:* 90 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.

**Koko-Bera** [kkp] *Users:* 18 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Torres Strait Creole [tcs] (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng]. Most also use Kunjen [kjn].

**Kunjen** [kjn] *Users:* 7 (2005 AUSTLANG), decreasing. Ethnic population: 300 (1991 B. Sommer). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Torres Strait Creole [tcs]. Also use Kriol [rop], or other Aboriginal languages. Used as L2 by Koko-Bera [kkp]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *Writing:* Latin script, no longer in use.

**Kurnai** [unn] *Users:* 30 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Kurrama** [vku] *Users:* 10 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Kuuku-Ya'u** [kuy] *Users:* 38 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Most children speak Torres Strait Creole [tcs] as L1 (Wurm 2007). Shifted to Torres Strait Creole [tcs]. Many also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Texts.

**Lardil** [lbz] *Users:* 300 (2021 census). More semi-speakers (Wurm 2007). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Malak Malak** [mpb] *Users:* 7 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev:* Grammar.

Texts.

**Mangarrayi** [mpc] *Users:* 1 (2019 M. Richards). Some semi-speakers (2019 M. Richards). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Maranunggu** [zmr] *Users:* 5 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Lg Use:* Elderly only. Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Texts.

**Maridjabin** [zmj] *Users:* 1 (2012). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007).

**Maringarr** [zmt] *Users:* 8 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.

**Mariyedi** [zmy] *Users:* 20 (Wurm and Hattori 1981). A few speakers (Wurm 2007). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Most also use English [eng].

**Marra** [mec] *Users:* 5 (2010 ELDP). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *Writing:* Latin script, limited usage.

**Marriammu** [xru] *Users:* 2 (Mansfield 2019). *Lg Use:* Elderly only. Many shifted to English [eng]. Many shifted to Murrinh-Patha [mwf]. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Marrithiyel** [mfr] *Users:* 63, all users. L1 users: 13 (2021 census). L2 users: 50. *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [rop]. Most also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Grammar. Texts.

**Minjungbal** [xjb] *Users:* 210 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Elderly only.

**Miriwoong** [mep] *Users:* 12 (2017 Mirima Dawang Woortlab-gerring Language and Culture Centre). Ethnic population: 160 (2016 census). *Lg Use:* Elderly only. Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Mirning** [gmr] *Users:* 13 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng].

**Mudburra** [dmw] *Users:* 130 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Narungga** [nmr] *Users:* 94 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Ngandi** [nid] *Users:* 1 (2017). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Ngarluma** [nrl] *Users:* 83 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Nhanda** [nha] *Users:* In 1995, a few speakers were reported. Some still survive (Wurm 2007). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Nyiyaparli** [xny] *Users:* 12 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Ethnic group members generally use Aboriginal English [eng] or Nyangumarta [nna]. Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Olkol** [olk] *Users:* 5 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.

Grammar.

**Paakantyi** [drl] *Users:* 4 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Ritharrngu** [rit] *Users:* 21 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007). Some also use Nunggubuyu [nuy], especially passively around Numbulwar. Also use Djinba [djb]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Tjungundji** [tjj] *Users:* 10 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Lg Use:* Elderly only. Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Tjupany** [tjp] *Users:* 6 (2018 Goldfields Aboriginal Language Centre). Ethnic population: 250 (2018 Goldfields Aboriginal Language Centre). *Lg Use:* Elderly only. Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Umpila** [ump] *Users:* 12 (2005 AUSTLANG). *Lg Use:* Young generation speaks Torres Strait Creole [tcs]. Only a few older people know the language well, middle generation has a varying proficiency (Wurm 2007). Elderly only. Shifted to Torres Strait Creole [tcs]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Unserdeutsch** [uln] *Users:* 100 in Australia (2016 P. Maitz). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 110.

**Wadjiginy** [wdj] *Users:* 5 (2005 AUSTLANG). Ethnic group members understand the language when old people speak it, but use Kriol [rop] as L1 (Wurm 2007). *Lg Use:* Elderly only. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Wagiman** [waq] *Users:* 28 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Wajarri** [wbv] *Users:* 20 (2005 AUSTLANG). Ethnic population: 200 (1981 W. Douglas). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. Used as L2 by Badimaya [bia]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Warlmanpa** [wrl] *Users:* 37 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.

**Warnman** [wbt] *Users:* 9 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Ethnic group members generally speak Kriol [rop], English [eng], Martu Wangka [mpj], or Nyangumarta [nna]. Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Wergaia** [weg] *Users:* 16 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Wik Ngathan** [wig] *Users:* 7 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Wik-Mungkan [wim] (Wurm 2007). Many also use English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.

**Wiradjuri** [wrh] *Users:* 1,540 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Worrorra** [wro] *Users:* 8 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Bible portions: 1930–1943. *Writing:* Latin script, no longer in use.

**Wunambal** [wub] *Users:* 4 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* People generally speak Kriol [rop]. Children

may know some of the language, but most speak Kriol or English [eng]. Shifted to English [eng]. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts.

**Yan-nhangu Sign Language** [yhs] *Users*: 10 (2014 D. Adone). *Lg Use*: Elderly only. *Lg Dev*: Videos.

**Yidiny** [yii] *Users*: 52 (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Yinhawangka** [ywg] *Users*: 12 (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng].

## 9 (Dormant)

**Andajin** [ajn] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker may have survived into the 2010s. *Lg Use*: All shifted to English [eng]. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Andegerebinha** [adg] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. 5 remaining speakers were reported in 2005. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts.

**Angkamuthi** [avm] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived late into the 20th century. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Anguthimri** [awg] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker, Don Fletcher, died in 1985. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Aranda, Lower Southern** [axl] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker, Brownie Doolan Perrurle, died in 2011. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng].

**Awabakal** [awk] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived late into the 19th century. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Bible portions: 1891. *Writing*: Latin script.

**Barngarla** [bjb] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The language died out in the 1960s. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary.

**Bayungu** [bxj] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely died in 2006 (Wurm 2007). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary.

**Biri** [bzi] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng].

**Dadi Dadi** [dda] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers probably died in the early 1900s. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Darkinyung** [xda] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers probably died in the early 1900s. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Daungwurrung** [dgw] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers probably died in the late 1800s. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. *Writing*: Latin script, in development.

**Dharawal** [tbh] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Lg Use*:

Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts.

**Dhargari** [dhr] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts.

**Dharuk** [xdk] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Eva Webb, died in 1970. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Dharumbal** [xgm] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speaker died in 1973. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Dhudhuroa** [ddr] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the mid to late 1800s.

**Dhungaloo** [dhx] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Roy Hatfield was probably the last speaker, who died ca. 2012. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng].

**Dhurga** [dhu] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng].

**Djabwurrung** [tjw] *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2016 census). Last known speaker survived into the 2010s (2016 census). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Gabi-Gabi** [gbw] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. In 1983 there were only a few rememberers of the language (Holmer 1983). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng].

**Gadjerawang** [gdh] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker may have survived into the 2010s. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng].

**Ganggalida** [gcd] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely survived into the 2010s. 6 semi-speakers (Wurm 2007). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Gugu Badhun** [gdc] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Texts.

**Gundungurra** [xrd] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the 1970s. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Gurdjar** [gdj] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts.

**Gureng Gureng** [gnr] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1980s. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Kanju** [kbe] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker may have survived into the 2010s. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Karenggapa** [eaa] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died before the 1950s (Hercus and Austin 2004). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Kariyarra** [vka] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died in 1991. Some people still know some words (Wurm 2007). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts.

**Karuwali** [rxw] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died during or before the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Keerray-Woorroong** [wkr] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Kugu-Muminh** [xmh] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2016 census). Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to Wik-Mungkan [wim] (Wurm 2007).

**Kunggari** [kgl] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1980s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Texts.

**Kuwema** [woa] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1990s (Black 1983). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng].

**Kwini** [gww] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker probably survived into the 2010s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Ladji Ladji** [llj] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (census). Probably became extinct early in 20th century. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Laragia** [lrg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last fluent speaker likely died in the 1980s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *Writing:* Latin script.

**Madhi Madhi** [dmd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Jack Long, died in 1978 (Blake et al 2011). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Mangala** [mem] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 1986. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. Shifted to Kriol [rop]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Maridan** [zmd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [rop] (Wurm 2007).

**Marimanindji** [zmm] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (census). Last speakers survived into the 2000s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to Kriol [rop].

**Marti Ke** [zmg] *Users:* 50, all users. L1 users: No known L1 speakers (Mansfield 2019). The last known speaker, Patrick Palibu Nudjulu, died in 2014 (Mansfield 2019). L2 users: 50. Ethnic population: 100. *Lg Use:* Many shifted to English [eng]. Many shifted to Murrinh-Patha [mwf].

**Muruwari** [zmu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Ngadjunmaya** [nju] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably recently extinct (Wurm 2007); last known speakers probably survived into the first decade of the 2000s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Ngarla** [nrk] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2010 P. Austin). Last speaker, Alexander Brown, died on November 5, 2010. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *Writing:*

Unwritten.

- Ngarrindjeri** [nay] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the 1960s. Ethnic population: 470 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Bible portions: 2019. *Writing:* Latin script, no longer in use.
- Nhuwala** [nhf] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers likely survived into the late 1990s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng].
- Nyungar** [nys] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2005 AUSTLANG). Recently extinct (Wurm 2007). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. Bible portions: 2014. *Writing:* Latin script.
- Pakanha** [pkn] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1990s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.
- Pinigura** [pnv] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (Wurm 2007). The last speaker died in the 1980s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng].
- Thaypan** [typ] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Tommy George, died in 2016. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.
- Umiida** [xud] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker lived into the late 1980s (McGregor 1988). *Lg Use:* Moribund (McGregor and Rumsey 2009). Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Unggumi** [xgu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speaker, Billy ‘Morndi’ Munro, died in the early 1990s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Waanyi** [wny] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely survived into the 2010s. 2 semi-speakers (Wurm 2007). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Wadi Wadi** [xwd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the 2010s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng].
- Wakawaka** [wkw] *Users:* 2, all users. L1 users: No known L1 speakers (Wurm 2007). Last native speaker of Duunidjawa dialect died in 1965; Wakawaka dialect has been extinct for decades (Wurm 2007). L2 users: 2 (Wurm 2007). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.
- Wamin** [wmi] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar.
- Warrgamay** [wgy] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng].
- Warungu** [wrg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Alf Palmer, died in 1981. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar.
- Wemba Wemba** [xww] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speakers survived into the 1960s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Wirangu** [wgu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker may have survived into the 2010s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Woiwurrung** [wyi] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably became extinct late in the 19th century. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Worimi** [kda] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died in the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Yangman** [jng] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Jimmy Daniels, died in 1986. Ethnic population: 50 (Black 1983). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. Shifted to Kriol [rop].

**Yarluyandi** [yry] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1970s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng].

**Yawijibaya** [jbw] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by the early 1990s. *Lg Use:* Moribund (McGregor and Rumsey 2009). Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Yinggarda** [yia] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker probably survived into the 2010s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Yir-Yoront** [yyr] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 2000s. *Lg Use:* Most ethnic group members speak Torres Strait Creole [tcs]. Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Yirrk-Mel** [yrm] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 2010s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Yitha Yitha** [xth] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Yuyu** [yxu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Writing:* Unwritten.

## 9 (Reawakening)

**Gamilaraay** [kld] *Users:* 1,070, all users. L1 users: No known L1 speakers, but emerging L2 speakers. Recently extinct in its original form, but spoken by many as a mixture of English [eng] and Gamilaraay (Wurm 2007). It stopped being used daily in the first half of 20th century (Austin and Nathan 1998). L2 users: 1,070 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar.

**Kaurna** [zku] *Users:* 130, all users. L1 users: No known L1 speakers, but emerging L2 speakers. Last speaker, Ivaritji, died in 1929 (2015 R. Amery). L2 users: 130 (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng].

**Yawuru** [ywr] *Users:* No known L1 speakers, but emerging L2 speakers. Last known native speakers died between 2001 and 2007 (Wurm 2007) and (2001 K. Hosokawa). *Lg Use:* Shifted

to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Grammar. Texts.

## 9 (Second language only)

**Broome Pearling Lugger Pidgin [bpl]** *Users*: 40, all users. L1 users: No known L1 speakers.

Probably never used as L1, although some locals of Broome have retained some of it as part of their jargon. Most active use happened between 1900 and 1930 (Wurm et al 1996). L2 users: 40. Ethnic population: No ethnic community. *Status*: Lingua franca on pearling boats between Malays, Japanese, Chinese, and Aborigines. *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng].

## 10 (Extinct)

**Adithinngithigh [dth]** *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died in the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Aghu-Tharnggala [gtu]** *Users*: No known L1 speakers (Jolly 1989). Last speaker was still alive in 1960. *Lg Dev*: Texts. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Alngith [aid]** *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Arakwal [rkw]** *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Critically endangered by 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Areba [aea]** *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm 2003).

**Arritinngithigh [rrt]** *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1960s.

**Atampaya [amz]** *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm 2003). *Writing*: Latin script.

**Awngthim [gwm]** *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely died in the mid 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Ayabadhu [ayd]** *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the late 1980s or early 1990s (Wurm 2003).

**Ayerrerenge [axe]** *Users*: No known L1 speakers. On the brink of extinction in the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Badjiri [jbi]** *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the late 1980s or early 1990s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Barababaraba [rbp]** *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 2006 (2006 census). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Barbaram [vmb]** *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Barrow Point** [bpt] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Bayali** [bjy] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1960s.

**Bibbulman** [xbp] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1990s. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Bidhawal** [ihw] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Speakers may have survived into the 1960s.

**Bidjara** [bym] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Ruhlen 1987). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Grammar.

**Bigambal** [xbe] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 1996. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Bindal** [xbd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Extinct by the middle of the 20th century. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Birrpayi** [xbj] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, James Davis, survived into the 1960s (Capell 1963).

**Bunganditj** [xbg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers probably died in the late 1800s (Blake 2003). *Lg Dev:* Grammar. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Burduna** [bxn] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the early 1990s. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.

**Dagoman** [dgn] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Martha Hart, died in 1982.

**Djadjawurrung** [dja] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the end of the 19th century. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Djangun** [djf] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Djawi** [djw] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Djiwarli** [dze] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Jack Butler, died in 1986. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Dyaberdyaber** [dyb] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Dyangadi** [dyn] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died in the 1980s (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Dyugun** [dyd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Erre** [err] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.

- Flinders Island** [fln] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Johnny Flinders, died circa 2000.
- Gagadu** [gbu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Big Bill Neidjie, died in May 2002. *Lg Dev:* Grammar. Texts.
- Gambera** [gma] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.
- Gangulu** [gnl] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died in the 1980s.
- Garig-Ilgar** [ilg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 2003. *Lg Use:* Shifted to Iwaidja [ibd] (Wurm 2007).
- Garingbal** [xgi] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Garlali** [gll] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Peter Hood, died sometime between 1999 and 2009. *Lg Dev:* Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Giyug** [giy] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).
- Goreng** [xgg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker and possibly the entire tribe died before 1963 (Capell 1963).
- Gudang** [xgd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Gudang or Djagaraga was presumed to be either almost extinct or extinct already in 1963, so the last speaker probably died in the 1960s or earlier (Capell 1963).
- Gudanji** [nji] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2015 SIL). A few elderly speakers survived into the twenty-first century (Nordlinger 1998). *Lg Use:* Shifted to Wambaya [wmb].
- Gugadj** [ggd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev:* Texts.
- Gugu Warra** [wrw] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by 1960 (Capell 1963).
- Gunditjmara** [gjm] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Frances M. Alberts, died in 1963 (Hercus 1986). *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Gungabula** [gyf] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev:* Grammar. Texts.
- Gunya** [gyy] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Margaret McKellar, died in 1972 (Breen 1981).
- Guwa** [xgw] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1970s. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Guwamu** [gwu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died in the late 1990s.
- Guyani** [gyv] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Alice Oldfield, died in 1978.

- Ikaranggal** [ikr] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably became extinct early in 20th century. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Jaitmatang** [xjt] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Jandai** [jan] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the 1980s (Wurm 2007). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Kalaamaya** [lkm] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Kalarko** [kba] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably became extinct in the 1960s.
- Kalkutung** [ktg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev:* Grammar. Texts.
- Kamu** [xmu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1970s. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.
- Kok-Nar** [gko] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in the early 1970s. *Lg Dev:* Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Koko Babangk** [okg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker lived into the late 1970s. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Kuku-Mangq** [xmq] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).
- Kuku-Mu'inh** [xmp] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the late 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).
- Kuku-Ugbanh** [ugb] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).
- Kuku-Uwanh** [uwa] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1990s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.
- Kungarakany** [gkg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker, Madeline England, died in 1989. *Lg Dev:* Texts.
- Kungardutyi** [gdt] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Kungkari** [lku] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker most likely died in the late 19th or early 20th century.
- Kuthant** [xut] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).
- Kuuk-Yak** [uky] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Estimated 40 speakers in 1975, but the date of last speaker's death unknown. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Lamalama** [lby] *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng].

**Lanima** [lnw] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Leningitij** [lnj] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The ‘most knowledgeable speaker’, Sam Kerindun, died ‘several years ago’ (Hale 1983).

**Limilngan** [lmc] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev*: Grammar.

**Lower Burdekin** [xbb] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last recorded data collected in 1886; nothing more known after that.

**Malgana** [vml] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last fluent speakers died in the 1990s. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Malyangapa** [yga] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker, Laurie Quayle, died in 1976. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Manangkari** [znk] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the mid 20th century.

**Manda** [zma] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1990s.

**Mandandanyi** [zmk] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Mangerr** [zme] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary.

**Margany** [zmc] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary.

**Margu** [mhg] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in September 2003.

**Martuyhunira** [vma] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker, Algy Paterson, died in 1995. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Matngala** [zml] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1990s (Black 1983). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts.

**Mayaguduna** [xmy] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speakers survived into the 1970s. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary.

**Mayawali** [yxa] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1970s. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Mayi-Kulan** [xyk] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1970s.

**Mayi-Thakurti** [xyt] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by 1960 (Capell 1963).

**Mayi-Yapi** [xyj] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died no later than the 1960s (Capell 1963).

**Mbara** [mvl] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963).

**Mbariman-Gudhinma** [zmv] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Minang** [xrg] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Minkin** [xxm] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the early 1900s.

**Miwa** [vmi] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary.

**Morrobalama** [umg] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The two last speakers, Nancy Gunnawarra and Mabel Kullakulla, lived into the 1990s (1994 S. Ogilvie). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Mpalitjanh** [xpj] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Muluridy** [vmu] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Nari Nari** [rn] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last known speaker likely survived into the late 1960s (Wurm 1972). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Nauo** [nwo] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. There were two potential speakers in the 1920s. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Ndra'ngith** [dgt] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Ngadjuri** [jui] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Ngalakgan** [nig] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last fluent speaker died in 2004 (Baker 2007). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Ngamini** [nmv] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Nganakarti** [xnk] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the mid 20th century.

**Ngantangarra** [ntg] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Nganyaywana** [nyx] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speakers probably lived into the 1960s (Capell 1963).

**Ngardi** [rxd] *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [eng]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Ngarigu** [xni] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely survived into early 2010s. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Ngawun** [nxn] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Cherry O’Keefe (Tjapun), died in 1977. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.

**Ngayawung** [nwg] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died before the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Ngumbarl** [xnm] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely died in the early 1970s.

**Ngunawal** [xul] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speakers probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Ngurmbur** [nrx] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Nhirrpi** [hrp] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker survived into the 1960s. *Lg Dev:* Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Nimanbur** [nmp] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker died in 1982.

**Nugunu** [nnv] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.

**Nungali** [nug] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Nunukul** [xnu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last known speaker, (Mary) Jane Sunflower, died in 1964 (Holmer 1983).

**Nyanga** [nny] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Nyawaygi** [nyt] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Willie Seaton, died in 2009.

**Nyulnyul** [nyv] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Mary Carmel Charles, died in 1999. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Pallanganmiddang** [pmd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died ca. 1800. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Pinjarup** [pnj] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the mid 20th century. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Pirlatapa** [bxi] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by the 1960s. *Lg Use:* No remaining speakers in the 1960s.

**Pirriya** [xpa] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Albert Upperty (or Uppity), died in 1969 (Breen 1990).

**Pitta Pitta** [pit] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Ivy Nardoo, died in 1981. *Lg*

*Dev:* Dictionary.

**Punthamara** [xpt] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker probably died by the 1990s (Holmer 1988). *Lg Dev:* Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Tagalaka** [tgz] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker likely survived into the early 2010s. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Tasmanian, Bruny Island** [xpz] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s.

**Tasmanian, North Midlands** [xph] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s.

**Tasmanian, Northeastern** [xpb] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s.

**Tasmanian, Northern** [xpv] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s.

**Tasmanian, Northwestern** [xpw] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s.

**Tasmanian, Oyster Bay** [xpd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s.

**Tasmanian, Port Sorell** [xpl] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s.

**Tasmanian, Southeast** [xpf] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s.

**Tasmanian, Southwestern** [xpx] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last speaker likely died in the mid 1800s.

**Thawa** [xtv] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963).

**Thiin** [iin] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by 2004.

**Tjurruru** [tju] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. 2 speakers left in 1967. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts.

**Umbindhamu** [umd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Joan Liddy, died in 2012 (Verstraete 2010). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.

**Umpugarla** [umr] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Butcher Knight, is believed to have died in 2000. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary.

**Unggaranggu** [xun] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by the 1980s. *Writing:* Unwritten.

**Uradhi** [urf] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Urningangg** [[urc](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1990s (Black 1983). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar.

**Wadikali** [[wdk](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Ned Palpilina, died in the 1930s. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Wadjabangayi** [[wdy](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the early 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Wadjigu** [[wdu](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).

**Wagaya** [[wga](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1990s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts.

**Wajuk** [[xwj](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963).

**Wakabunga** [[wwb](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Walangama** [[nlw](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Waluwarra** [[wrb](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar.

**Wandarang** [[wnd](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Isaac Joshua, died in 1974. *Lg Use*: Shifted to Kriol [[rop](#)]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Wangaaybuwan-Ngiyambaa** [[wyb](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers may have survived into the early 2010s. *Lg Dev*: Grammar.

**Wanggamala** [[wmm](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker may have died in 2003.

**Wangkangurru** [[wgg](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Lg Use*: Shifted to English [[eng](#)]. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.

**Wangkayutyuru** [[wky](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1970s. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Wangkumara** [[xwk](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1980s. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Waray** [[wrz](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981). *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Grammar.

**Wardandi** [[wxw](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing*: Unwritten.

**Wariyanga** [[wri](#)] *Users*: No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1980s. *Lg Dev*: Dictionary. Texts.

- Warrwa** [wwr] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Maudie Lennard, died in 2016. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar.
- Wathawurrung** [wth] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last known competent speaker, Ellen Richards, died in 1921 (Blake et al 1998). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Wik-Epa** [wie] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).
- Wik-Keyangan** [wif] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).
- Wilawila** [wil] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).
- Wotjobaluk** [xwt] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Wuliwuli** [wlu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker was probably Queenie Dodd Meldrum, who died in 1986 (Holmer 1983).
- Wulna** [wux] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speaker survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).
- Wunumara** [wnn] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1970s.
- Yabula Yabula** [yxy] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Yagara** [yxx] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Survived into the 1960s. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Yalarnnga** [ylr] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Lardie Moonlight, died in 1980 (Breen and Blake 2007). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar.
- Yan-nhangu** [jay] *Users:* No known L1 speakers (2021 census). *Lg Use:* Shifted to English [eng]. Also use Burarra [bvr]. Also use Djambarrpuyngu [djr]. Also use Gupapuyngu [guf]. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Texts. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Yanda** [yda] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Yandjibara** [xyb] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably became extinct early in the 20th century.
- Yandruwandha** [ynd] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Benny Kerwin, died in 1976 (Breen 2015). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. Texts.
- Yardliyawarra** [yxl] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the late first decade of the 2000s (Hercus and Austin 2004). *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Yatay** [yty] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct before mid 20th century. *Writing:* Unwritten.

- Yawarawarga** [yww] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).
- Yaygir** [xya] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker, Sandy Cameron, died in 1973. *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Yindjilandji** [yil] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Last known speakers survived into the 1980s (Wurm and Hattori 1981).
- Yiningayi** [ygi] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Yinwum** [yxm] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. Probably extinct by 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Yirandali** [ljw] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963). *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Yorta Yorta** [xyy] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last fluent speakers died in the 1960s (Bowe and Morey 1999). *Lg Dev:* Dictionary. Grammar. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Yugambal** [yub] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker died by the 1970s (Dixon and Barry 1979). *Lg Dev:* Grammar.
- Yugul** [ygu] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. *Writing:* Unwritten.
- Yuru** [ljsx] *Users:* No known L1 speakers. The last speaker probably died by the 1960s (Capell 1963).

## Unestablished

- Afrikaans** [afr] *Users:* 49,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script, used since 1953. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 17,674,200 (as L1: 7,359,600; as L2: 10,314,600).
- Akan** [aka] *Users:* 4,070 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Latin script, used since 1978. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 9,883,670 (as L1: 8,875,370; as L2: 1,008,300).
- Albanian, Gheg** [aln] *Users:* 5,430 in Australia (2021 census). Census figure of 10,851 does not distinguish between Gheg [aln] and Tosk [als]. *Writing:* Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 4,239,280.
- Albanian, Tosk** [als] *Users:* 5,430 in Australia (2021 census). Census figure of 10,851 does not distinguish between Gheg [aln] and Tosk [als]. *Writing:* Elbasan script, no longer in use. Greek script, no longer in use. Latin script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 1,924,600 (as L1: 1,918,600; as L2: 6,000).
- Amharic** [amh] *Users:* 8,160 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Ethiopic script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 57,567,300 (as L1: 32,449,400; as L2: 25,117,900).

- Arabic, Egyptian Spoken** [arz] *Users:* 58,400 in Australia (2021). Total Arabic speakers in Australia: 367,000 (2021 census). *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant, primary usage. Braille script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 102,436,230 (as L1: 77,436,230; as L2: 25,000,000).
- Arabic, Levantine** [apc] *Users:* 181,000 in Australia (2021). Total Arabic speakers in Australia: 367,000 (2021 census). *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 47,595,360 (as L1: 47,236,360; as L2: 359,000).
- Arabic, Mesopotamian Spoken** [acm] *Users:* 83,300 in Australia (2021). Total Arabic speakers in Australia: 367,000 (2021 census). *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 18,162,050.
- Arabic, Sudanese Spoken** [apd] *Users:* 44,000 in Australia (2021). Total Arabic speakers in Australia: 367,000 (2021 census). *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant. Latin script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 42,373,370 (as L1: 33,373,370; as L2: 9,000,000).
- Armenian, Western** [hyw] *Users:* 11,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Armenian script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 1,582,290 (as L1: 1,576,490; as L2: 5,800).
- Assyrian Neo-Aramaic** [aii] *Users:* 38,500 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Cyrillic script. Syriac script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 563,630 (as L1: 559,930; as L2: 3,700).
- Bengali** [ben] *Users:* 70,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Bengali (Bangla) script, primary usage. Braille script. Newa script, no longer in use. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 272,828,760 (as L1: 233,808,880; as L2: 39,019,880).
- Bosnian** [bos] *Users:* 17,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant, no longer in use. Cyrillic script. Latin script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 2,618,390 (as L1: 2,608,490; as L2: 9,900).
- Bulgarian** [bul] *Users:* 2,860 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Cyrillic script, primary usage. Cyrillic script, Old Church Slavonic variant, 19th century, experimental usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 7,745,340 (as L1: 6,541,540; as L2: 1,203,800).
- Burmese** [mya] *Users:* 18,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Myanmar (Burmese) script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 43,025,110 (as L1: 33,023,270; as L2: 10,001,840).
- Cebuano** [ceb] *Users:* 11,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 16,002,510 (as L1: 15,995,010; as L2: 7,500).
- Chaldean Neo-Aramaic** [cld] *Users:* 21,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Syriac script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 193,730 (as L1: 191,230; as L2: 2,500).
- Chin, Hakha** [cnh] *Users:* 6,390 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Latin script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 211,990 (as L1: 171,990; as L2: 40,000).

- Chinese, Hakka** [hak] *Users:* 9,140 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Han script, Simplified variant. Han script, Traditional variant. Latin script, used since early 19th century. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 44,271,630 (as L1: 44,020,430; as L2: 251,200).
- Chinese, Min Nan** [nan] *Users:* 20,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Bopomofo script, used since 1998, used in Taiwan. Han script, Simplified variant. Katakana script, used between 1895–1945, once used in Taiwan. Latin script, used since 1850. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 50,312,390 (as L1: 49,909,390; as L2: 403,000).
- Chinese, Wu** [wu] *Users:* 4,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Han script, Simplified variant, used since 1981. Han script, Traditional variant. Latin script, used since mid/late 19th century. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 83,421,190 (as L1: 83,353,940; as L2: 67,250).
- Cook Islands Maori** [rar] *Users:* 5,390 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Latin script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 27,190.
- Croatian** [hrv] *Users:* 54,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 6,758,610 (as L1: 5,474,510; as L2: 1,284,100).
- Czech** [ces] *Users:* 7,880 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 12,257,160 (as L1: 9,568,660; as L2: 2,688,500).
- Danish** [dan] *Users:* 5,780 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 5,612,110 (as L1: 5,608,410; as L2: 3,700).
- Dari** [prs] *Users:* 29,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant, used in print. Arabic script, Nastaliq variant, used in handwriting and for book titles. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 30,291,510 (as L1: 10,277,510; as L2: 20,014,000).
- Dinka, Southeastern** [dks] *Users:* 12,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Latin script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 1,001,920 (as L1: 1,001,400; as L2: 520).
- Dutch** [nld] *Users:* 27,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script, used since 1951. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 24,487,090 (as L1: 22,862,590; as L2: 1,624,500).
- Fiji Hindi** [hif] *Users:* 4,770 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Devanagari script. Latin script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 331,570 (as L1: 179,570; as L2: 152,000).
- Fijian** [fij] *Users:* 10,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Latin script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 337,650.
- Finnish** [fin] *Users:* 5,530 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 5,609,760 (as L1: 4,952,060; as L2: 657,700).
- French** [fra] *Users:* 70,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Duployan

shorthand. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 309,804,220 (as L1: 80,770,190; as L2: 229,034,030).

**Gujarati** [guj] *Users*: 81,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Gujarati script, primary usage. Khojki script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 62,116,220 (as L1: 57,076,220; as L2: 5,040,000).

**Hazaragi** [haz] *Users*: 41,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Arabic script, Nastaliq variant, used in handwriting and for book titles. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 3,660,000.

**Hebrew** [heb] *Users*: 10,500 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Hebrew script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 9,339,180 (as L1: 5,980,580; as L2: 3,358,600).

**Hindi** [hin] *Users*: 197,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Devanagari script, primary usage. Latin script, recent informal usage, especially online on social media. Mahajani script, no longer in use, historic usage. Newa script, no longer in use, historic usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 609,454,770 (as L1: 344,650,870; as L2: 264,803,900).

**Hmong Njua** [hnj] *Users*: 3,120 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Lao script. Latin script, primary usage. Miao (Pollard) script, used in China. Pahawh Hmong script. Thai script, used in Thailand. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 468,920.

**Hungarian** [hun] *Users*: 17,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 12,617,790 (as L1: 12,610,690; as L2: 7,100).

**Igbo** [ibo] *Users*: 3,210 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Latin script, used since 1900. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 30,891,880 (as L1: 30,882,520; as L2: 9,360).

**Indonesian** [ind] *Users*: 73,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 199,113,300 (as L1: 43,666,200; as L2: 155,447,100).

**Kannada** [kan] *Users*: 14,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Kannada script, primary usage. Nandinagari script, no longer in use. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 58,689,790 (as L1: 43,680,530; as L2: 15,009,260).

**Karen, S'gaw** [ksw] *Users*: 13,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Latin script, no longer in use. Myanmar (Burmese) script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 2,268,230 (as L1: 2,187,430; as L2: 80,800).

**Khmer** [khm] *Users*: 40,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Khmer script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 17,996,950 (as L1: 16,991,050; as L2: 1,005,900).

**Konkani** [knn] *Users*: 3,650 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Devanagari script, primary usage. Kannada script, no longer in use. Latin script, no longer in use. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 2,212,240 (as L1: 2,208,520; as L2: 3,720).

- Korean** [[kor](#)] *Users*: 116,000 in Australia (2021 census). Ethnic population: 167,000 (2019 Korean Ministry of Foreign Affairs). *Writing*: Braille script. Hangul and Han scripts, primary usage. Latin script, used for maps and signs. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 81,740,540 (as L1: 81,721,540; as L2: 19,000).
- Krio** [[kri](#)] *Users*: 2,310 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Latin script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 8,242,250 (as L1: 821,430; as L2: 7,420,820).
- Kurdish, Northern** [[kmr](#)] *Users*: 9,890 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, used in Iran, Iraq, Syria, and Lebanon. Armenian script, used between 1921–1929, used in Armenia. Cyrillic script, used in Armenia, Russia, and Azerbaijan. Latin script, developed in 1932, used in Turkey and Syria. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 15,789,810 (as L1: 15,785,010; as L2: 4,800).
- Lao** [[lao](#)] *Users*: 9,790 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Lao script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 4,482,970 (as L1: 3,679,070; as L2: 803,900).
- Latvian, Standard** [[lvs](#)] *Users*: 2,270 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Latin script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 2,005,550 (as L1: 1,554,520; as L2: 451,030).
- Macedonian** [[mkd](#)] *Users*: 66,200 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Cyrillic script, used since 1944. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 1,738,250 (as L1: 1,732,750; as L2: 5,500).
- Malay** [[zlm](#)] *Users*: 21,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Latin script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 19,179,170 (as L1: 16,171,280; as L2: 3,007,890).
- Malayalam** [[mal](#)] *Users*: 78,700 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant. Braille script, used since 1998. Malayalam script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 37,359,380 (as L1: 36,647,680; as L2: 711,700).
- Maltese** [[mlt](#)] *Users*: 26,600 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, no longer in use, attempts at using Arabic script have failed. Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 572,540 (as L1: 571,460; as L2: 1,080).
- Maori** [[mri](#)] *Users*: 14,600 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Latin script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 200,600.
- Marathi** [[mar](#)] *Users*: 22,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Devanagari script, primary usage. Modi script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 99,216,870 (as L1: 83,201,270; as L2: 16,015,600).
- Mongolian, Halh** [[khk](#)] *Users*: 5,240 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Cyrillic script. Mongolian script, used prior to 1941 with a resurgence since the 1990s. Phags-pa script, no longer in use. Tibetan script, no longer in use. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 2,804,090 (as L1: 2,803,630; as L2: 460).
- Nepali** [[npi](#)] *Users*: 133,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Devanagari script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 25,587,570 (as L1: 16,903,270; as L2:

8,684,300).

**Norwegian** [nor] *Users:* 2,640 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Latin script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 5,312,730 (as L1: 5,308,030; as L2: 4,700).

**Oromo, West Central** [gaz] *Users:* 4,310 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Ethiopic script, used until 1990s. Latin script, used since 1990s. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 19,209,950 (as L1: 19,207,340; as L2: 2,610).

**Pashto, Northern** [pbu] *Users:* 12,700 in Australia (2021 census). Census does not distinguish between Central Pashto [pst], Northern Pashto [pbu] and Southern Pashto [pbt]. *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant, primary usage. Arabic script, Nastaliq variant. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 30,251,740 (as L1: 28,883,240; as L2: 1,368,500).

**Persian, Iranian** [pes] *Users:* 72,500 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant. Arabic script, Nastaliq variant, used in Iran. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 78,623,350 (as L1: 57,192,350; as L2: 21,431,000).

**Polish** [pol] *Users:* 45,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 40,589,930 (as L1: 39,896,930; as L2: 693,000).

**Portuguese** [por] *Users:* 67,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 263,638,850 (as L1: 236,266,650; as L2: 27,372,200).

**Punjabi, Eastern** [pan] *Users:* 101,000 in Australia (2021 census). Total Punjabi speakers in Australia: 239,000 (2021 census). *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant. Gurmukhi script, primary usage. Khojki script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 52,077,070 (as L1: 48,299,070; as L2: 3,778,000).

**Punjabi, Western** [pnb] *Users:* 138,000 in Australia (2021 census). Total Punjabi speakers in Australia: 239,000 (2021 census). *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant. Arabic script, Nastaliq variant, primary usage, also called Shahmukhi. Khojki script. Lahnda (Landa) script, no longer in use. Latin script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 66,715,480.

**Rohingya** [rhg] *Users:* 2,270 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant. Hanifi Rohingya script, some development in immigrant communities for all three scripts. Latin script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 2,529,270.

**Romanian** [ron] *Users:* 12,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Cyrillic script, official usage in Moldova until 1991. Cyrillic script, Old Church Slavonic variant, 1688, experimental usage. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 24,478,820 (as L1: 24,461,820; as L2: 17,000).

**Rundi** [run] *Users:* 3,250 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 12,879,050 (as L1: 12,874,850; as L2: 4,200).

**Russian** [rus] *Users:* 120,000 in Australia (Arefyev 2012), all users. L1 users: 54,900 (2021

census). *Writing*: Braille script. Cyrillic script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 254,997,130 (as L1: 146,954,150; as L2: 107,987,980).

**Samoan** [[smo](#)] *Users*: 49,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Latin script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 434,740.

**Serbian** [[srp](#)] *Users*: 57,300 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Cyrillic script, primary usage. Latin script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 10,213,776 (as L1: 10,193,976; as L2: 19,800).

**Shona** [[sna](#)] *Users*: 13,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 10,873,630 (as L1: 7,371,360; as L2: 3,502,270).

**Sindhi** [[snd](#)] *Users*: 2,640 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, primary usage. Devanagari script, used in India. Gurmukhi script, used in India. Khojki script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 33,214,680 (as L1: 33,211,620; as L2: 3,060).

**Sinhala** [[sin](#)] *Users*: 85,900 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Sinhala script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 17,553,910 (as L1: 15,542,810; as L2: 2,011,100).

**Slovak** [[slk](#)] *Users*: 5,530 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 7,330,420 (as L1: 5,281,620; as L2: 2,048,800).

**Slovene** [[slv](#)] *Users*: 3,440 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 2,263,350 (as L1: 2,075,890; as L2: 187,460).

**Somali** [[som](#)] *Users*: 15,100 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, no longer in use. Latin script, used since 1972. Osmanya script, no longer in use. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 22,044,840 (as L1: 21,937,940; as L2: 106,900).

**Spanish** [[spa](#)] *Users*: 629,000 in Australia, all users. L1 users: 171,000 in Australia (2021 census). L2 users: 458,000 (2020). *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 559,078,890 (as L1: 485,063,960; as L2: 74,014,930).

**Swahili** [[swh](#)] *Users*: 17,600 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 71,558,080 (as L1: 16,164,680; as L2: 55,393,400).

**Swedish** [[swe](#)] *Users*: 9,660 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script, used since 1917. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 13,069,330 (as L1: 9,911,930; as L2: 3,157,400).

**Tagalog** [[tgl](#)] *Users*: 222,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Braille script. Latin script, primary usage. Tagalog script, no longer in use. *Worldwide*: Total users in all countries: 83,054,910 (as L1: 28,746,910; as L2: 54,308,000).

**Tamil** [[tam](#)] *Users*: 95,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing*: Arabic script, Naskh variant, no longer in use. Braille script. Tamil script, primary usage. *Worldwide*: Total users in all

countries: 86,640,030 (as L1: 78,587,030; as L2: 8,053,000).

**Telugu** [tel] *Users:* 59,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Telugu script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 95,981,790 (as L1: 82,966,790; as L2: 13,015,000).

**Thai** [tha] *Users:* 66,600 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Thai script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 60,830,110 (as L1: 20,823,610; as L2: 40,006,500).

**Tibetan, Central** [bod] *Users:* 2,400 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Marchen script. Phagspa script. Tibetan script, Uchen and Umed styles. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 1,195,230 (as L1: 1,193,380; as L2: 1,850).

**Tigrigna** [tir] *Users:* 6,250 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Ethiopic script, used since 13th or 14th century. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 8,829,790 (as L1: 8,667,590; as L2: 162,200).

**Tok Pisin** [tpi] *Users:* 3,630 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Latin script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 4,125,630 (as L1: 125,630; as L2: 4,000,000).

**Tongan** [ton] *Users:* 20,800 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Latin script. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 188,830.

**Turkish** [tur] *Users:* 64,900 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant, no longer in use. Braille script. Cyrillic script, used in Bulgaria. Greek script, no longer in use. Latin script, used since 1928 or 1929, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 90,028,000 (as L1: 84,010,500; as L2: 6,017,500).

**Ukrainian** [ukr] *Users:* 6,640 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Cyrillic script. Latin script, used in the 19th century, limited usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 33,026,920 (as L1: 26,862,920; as L2: 6,164,000).

**Urdu** [urd] *Users:* 112,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant. Arabic script, Nastaliq variant, primary usage. Braille script. Devanagari script, used in India (Ahmad 2011). *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 231,717,940 (as L1: 70,555,140; as L2: 161,162,800).

**Vietnamese** [vie] *Users:* 321,000 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Braille script. Han (Hanzi, Kanji, Hanja) script. Latin script, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 85,807,700 (as L1: 85,023,700; as L2: 784,000).

**Yoruba** [yor] *Users:* 4,020 in Australia (2021 census). *Writing:* Arabic script, Naskh variant, no longer in use. Braille script. Latin script, used since 1865, primary usage. *Worldwide:* Total users in all countries: 45,862,500 (as L1: 43,837,900; as L2: 2,024,600).

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This index gives an alphabetical listing of the linguistic classifications used for the established languages of Australia. The entries in this index represent the full path in the linguistic family tree from the highest level grouping down to the lowest. All the languages listed in the same entry are members of the same lowest-level subgroup. The referenced page contains the main entry that describes the language.

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## Language Name Index

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